The Star and Sentinel.

VOL. LXVIII. NO. 12. GETTYSBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1868. WHOLE NO. 3496.

HARPER, McPHERSON & BUEHLER,
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS,
Baltimore street, between the Court-house and Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION:

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Wednesday afternoon, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates. A liberal deduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year. Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞The circulation of THE STAR AND SENTINEL is one-half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed, and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style will be printed at short notice. Terms, CASH.

Professional Cards, &c.

D. M'CONAUGHY, JOHN M. KRAUTH

Attorneys and Counsellors.

D. McCONAUGHY has associated JOHN M. KRAUTH, Esq., in the practice of the law, at his old office, one door west of BUEHLER'S Drug store, Chambersburg street.

Special attention given to Suits, Collections and Settlement of Estates. All legal business, and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back-pay, and Damages against U. States at all times, promptly and efficiently attended to.

Land warrants located and choice Farms for sale, in Iowa and other western States. [Nov. 27, 1867.–tf

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other Business entrusted to his care.

Office between Fahnestock and Danner and Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa [May 29, 1867.

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office at his residence in the South-east corner of Centre Square.

Reference.—Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, Lancaster, Pa.
May 29, 1867.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.

☞Office at his residence in the three story building opposite the Court House. [Gettysburg, May 29, 1867

CLAIM AGENCY.—The undersigned will attend to the collection of claims against the U. S. Government, including Military Bounties, Back Pay, Pensions, Forage &c., either in the Court of Claims or before any of the Departments at Washington.

R. G. McCREARY,
May 29, 1867. Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa

DR. J. W C. O'NEAL Has his Office at his residence in Baltimore street two doors above the *Compiler* Office.
Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

JOHN LAWRENCE HILL, Dentist, Office in Chambersburg street, one door west of the Lutheran Church, nearly opposite Dr. R Horner's Drug Store, where he may be found ready and willing to attend any case within the province of the Dentist—Persons in want of full sets of teeth are invited to call.
May 29, 1867.

DR. C. W. BENSON

HAS RESUMED the Practice of Medicine in LITTLESTOWN, and offers his services to the public. Office at his house, corner of Lombard street and Foundry alley, near the Railroad. Special attention given to Skin Diseases. [Littlestown, Nov. 13, 1867.

Business Cards.

JOHN W. TIPTON, FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-East corner of the Diamond, next door to McClellan's Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also an excellent assistant and will ensure satisfaction. Give him a call.
May 29, 1867.

OSCAR D. McMILLAN,
SURVEYOR AND CONVEYANCER

In connection with the above he is at all times prepared to attend to the

WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT AND CLERKING OF SALES.

Having had considerable practice in the above, by strict attention to business he hopes to merit a liberal share of public patronage. Charges reasonable. Residence Gettysburg, Pa. [Jan. 22 1868.–tf

SURVEYOR AND LICENSED CONVEYANCER. The undersigned, having taken out a Conveyancer's License, will, in connection with the office of COUNTY SURVEYOR, attend to the

WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, WILLS, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, CLERKING OF SALES, &C.

Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Business promptly attended to and charges reasonable. Post office address Fairfield, Adams Co., Pa. J. S. WITHEROW
May 29, 1867.—1y

OH! YES! OH! YES!

THE undersigned having taken out an Auctioneer's License, offers his services to the public, and would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to attend promptly to all business in this line. By strict attention to business he hopes to render entire satisfaction. ☞Charges will be very moderate, and satisfaction guarantied in all cases. Address—

HIRAM ALBERT,
Clearspring, York Co. Pa.
May 29, 1867.—tf.

NOTICE.

I WILL be in Gettysburg with Flour, &c., every MONDAY and FRIDAY in each week. Persons who may desire me to furnish them with either Flour or Feed-stuff, will leave their orders, either with John Culp Zeigler, stating the kind and quantity wanted, when the same will be delivered at their dwellings, by
Sept. 25, 1867.–tf GEORGE GINGELL.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber has now thoroughly repaired His GRIST AND SAW MILL, known as "McILHENNY'S MILL" on Marsh creek, and is prepared to do GRINDING AND SAWING of every kind at short notice. He solicits the patronage of the neighborhood, and will guarantee satisfaction. Give us a call.
June 12, 1867.–tf GEORGE GINGELL.

Hotels and Restaurants.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

OPPOSITE THE

N. Y. & NEW HAVEN & WESTERN R. R. DEPOT,

BEACH STREET, BOSTON.

BY F. M. PRATT,

FORMERLY OF THE AMERICAN HOUSE.
Oct. 9, 1867.–1y

KEYSTONE HOTEL.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

WM. E. MYERS, PROPRIETOR.

NOW OPEN.

THIS is a new House, and has been fitted up in the most approved style. Its location is pleasant and convenient, being in the most business portion of the town. Every arrangement has been made for the accommodation and comfort of guests, with ample stabling attached. With experienced servants, and accommodating Clerks, we shall use every endeavor to please. This Hotel is now open for the entertainment of the public, and we kindly solicit a share of public patronage. [May 29, 1867.

EAGLE HOTEL.

The largest and most commodious in

GETTYSBURG, PENNA.

CORNER OF CHAMBERSBURG AND WASHINGTON STREETS,

JOHN L. TATE, Proprietor.

☞An Omnibus, for Passengers and Baggage, runs to the Depot, on arrival and departure of Rail Road Trains.

Careful servants, and reasonable charges.

May 29, 1867.—tf

Foundry.

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY.

THE subscriber would inform his customers and others that he is still manufacturing various kinds of Castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as

Threshers and Powers,

(five different sizes of Powers,) Clover-seed Hullers and Cleaners, Corn Shellers and Separators, Cornfodder Cutters, Straw and Hay Cutters, Ploughs, such as Cast Ploughs, Barshear Ploughs, Side-hill and Corn Ploughs; the

Wire-spring Horse Rake,

the latest improvement; also Metal Screws for Cider Presses, Iron Railing for Cemeteries or Porches, with everything else in his line, all at low prices.

FOR SALE—A light Two-horse Wagon, a One-horse Wagon, all new. DAVID STERNER.
May 29.—tf

Medical.

Hoofland's German Bitters,

AND

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

The Great Remedies for all Diseases of the

LIVER, STOMACH, OR DIGESTIVE ORGANS.

Hoofland's German Bitters

Is composed of the pure juices (or, as they are medicinally termed, *Extracts*) of Roots, Herbs and Barks, making a preparation highly concentrated, and entirely *free from alcoholic admixture of any kind.*

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters with the purest quality of *Santa Cruz Rum*, Orange, &c., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.

Those preferring a Medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

Those who have no objection to the combination of the Bitters, as stated, will use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

They are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues, the choice between the two being a mere matter of taste, the Tonic being the most palatable.

The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, etc., is very apt to have its functions deranged. The Liver, sympathizing as closely as it does with the Stomach, then becomes affected, the result of which is that the patient suffers from several or more of the following diseases:

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heart-burn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, etc., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits.

The sufferer from these diseases should exercise the greatest caution in the selection of a remedy for his case, purchasing only that which he is assured from his investigations and inquiries possesses true merit, is skilfully compounded, is free from injurious ingredients, and has established for itself a reputation for the cure of these diseases. In this connection we would submit those well-known remedies—

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,

AND

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

PREPARED BY *Dr. C. M. JACKSON,*
PHILADELPHIA, PA

Twenty-two years since they were first introduced into this country from Germany, during which time they have undoubtedly performed more cures, and benefited suffering humanity to a greater extent, than any other remedies known to the public.

These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Chronic Diarrhœa, Disease of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines.

DEBILITY,

Resulting from any Cause whatever; PROSTRATION OF THE SYSTEM, induced by Severe Labor, Hardships, Exposure, Fevers, etc.

There is no medicine extant equal to these remedies in such cases. A tone and vigor is imparted to the whole system, the appetite is strengthened, food is enjoyed, the stomach digests promptly, the blood is purified, the complexion becomes sound and healthy, the yellow tinge is eradicated from the eyes, a bloom is given to the cheeks, and the weak and nervous invalid becomes a strong and healthy being.

PERSONS ADVANCED IN LIFE,

And feeling the hand of time weighing heavily upon them, with all its attendant ills, will find in the use of this BITTERS, or the TONIC, an elixir that will instil new life into their veins, restore in a measure the energy and ardor of more youthful days, build up their shrunken forms, and give health and happiness to their remaining years.

NOTICE.

It is a well-established fact that fully one-half of the female portion of our population are seldom in the enjoyment of good health; or, to use their own expression, "never feel well." They are languid, devoid of all energy, extremely nervous, and have no appetite.

To this class of persons the BITTERS, or the TONIC, is especially recommended.

WEAK AND DELICATE CHILDREN

Are made strong by the use of either of these remedies. They will cure every case of MARASMUS, without fail.

Thousands of certificates have accumulated in the hands of the proprietor, but space will allow of the publication of but a few. Those, it will be observed, are men of note and of such standing that they must be believed.

TESTIMONIALS.

HON. GEO. W. WOODWARD,

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Penna., writes:

Philadelphia, March 16, 1867.

"I find 'Hoofland's German Bitters' is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility, and want of nervous action in the system. Yours, truly.

GEO. W. WOODWARD."

HON. JAMES THOMPSON,

Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, April 28, 1866.

"I consider 'Hoofland's German Bitters' a *valuable medicine* in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia, I can certify this from my experience of it.

Yours, with respect.
JAMES THOMPSON."

FROM REV. JOSEPH H. KENNARD, D. D.,

Pastor of the Tenth Baptist Church, Philadelphia

Dr. Jackson—Dear Sir:—I have been frequently requested to connect my name with recommendations of different kinds of medicines, but regarding the practice as out of my appropriate sphere I have in all cases declined, but with a clear proof in various instances and particularly in my own family, of the usefulness of Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, I depart for once from my usual course, to express my full conviction that, *for general debility of the system, and especially for Liver Complaint, it is a safe and valuable preparation.* In some cases it may fail; but usually, I doubt not, it will be very beneficial to those who suffer from the above causes.

Yours, very respectfully,
J. H. KENNARD,
Eighth, below Coates st.

FROM REV. E. D. FENDALL,

Assistant Editor Christian Chronicle, Philadelphia.

I have derived decided benefit from the use of Hoofland's German Bitters, and feel it my privilege to recommend them as a most valuable tonic, to all who are suffering from general debility or from diseases arising from derangement of the liver. Yours, truly

E. D. FENDALL.

CAUTION.

Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. See that the signature of C. M. JACKSON is on the wrapper of each bottle. All others are counterfeit.

Principal Office and Manufactory at the German Medicine Store, No 631 ARCH street, Philadelphia Pa.

CHARLES M. EVANS, Proprietor,
Formerly C. M. JACKSON & CO.

PRICES.

Hoofland's German Bitters, per bottle, $1 00
" " half dozen, 5 00
Hoofland's German Tonic, put up in quart bottles, $1 00 per bottle, or a half dozen for $7 50.

☞Do not forget to examine well the article you buy, in order to get the genuine. [Jan. 15, 1868.–1y

Sewing Machines.

THE HOWE MACHINE CO.'S

SEWING MACHINES,

699 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

These World-renowned Sewing Machines were awarded the Highest Premium at the World's Fair, in London, and six First Premiums at the N. Y. State Fair of 1866, and are celebrated for doing the best work, using a much smaller needle for the same thread than any other machine, and by the introduction of the most approved machinery, we are now able to supply the very best machines in the world.

These machines are made at our new and spacious Factory at Bridgeport, Conn., under the immediate supervision of the President of the Company, ELIAS HOWE, Jr., the original inventor of the Sewing Machine.

They are adapted to all kinds of Family Sewing, and to the use of Seamstresses, Dress Makers, Tailors, Manufacturers of Shirts, Collars, Skirts, Cloaks, Mantillas, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Corsets, Boots, Shoes, Harness, Saddles, Linen Goods, Umbrellas, Parasols, etc. They work equally well upon silk, linen cotton or woolen goods with silk, cotton or linen thread. They will seam, quilt, gather, hem, fell, cord, braid, bind and perform every species of sewing, making a beautiful and perfect stitch, alike on both sides of the article sewed.

The Stitch invented by Mr. HOWE, and made on this Machine, is the most popular and durable, and all Sewing Machines are subject to the principle invented by him. Send for Circulars.

SIBLEY & STOOPS, General Agents,
March 19, 1867.—1y No 922 Chestnut St., Phila

SEWING MACHINES!

THE GROVER & BAKER.

THE BEST IN USE.—These Machines have become so well known that little need be said by way of recommendation. They have taken the first premium at all the late State Fairs and are universally acknowledged to be the BEST in use by all who have tried them. The "Grover & Baker Stitch" and the "Shuttle Stitch" are points that have been attained by no other Machine.—They are the only Machines that sew and embroider with perfection. These Machines are peculiarly adapted to family use. They are almost noiseless, sew directly from the spool without rewinding, and are simple in their construction. They are easy to manage, and can be worked by almost any child. Every family should have one. *They save labor, they save time, and they save money,* and do their work better than it can be done by hand.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent for the above Machines, has established an Agency in Fairfield, Adams co., where he will always have on hand a supply. Persons wishing to buy will please call and examine for themselves.

☞Needles and thread will also be supplied.

J. S. WITHEROW Agent,
Aug. 16, 1866.–tf. Fairfield, Adams county, Pa

New Advertisements.

Lists of Newspapers.

We have published Complete Lists for the following sections, which we will furnish to any address for 25 cents each:

NEW ENGLAND. N. Y. STATE.
N. Y. CITY. NEW JERSEY. DELAWARE,
MARYLAND and DIST. COLUMBIA.
OHIO. INDIANA. ILLINOIS. MICHIGAN.
WISCONSIN. IOWA.
KANSAS. MINNESOTA and NEBRASKA.
VIRGINIA, NORTH and SOUTH CAROLINA.
RELIGIOUS NEWSPAPERS.
(Complete List.)

Any FIVE Lists sent for ONE DOLLAR. Any TEN for Two DOLLARS. The WHOLE for Two DOLLARS FIFTY CENTS.

Persons wishing to keep corrected lists, should subscribe to the ADVERTISERS' GAZETTE, in which all newspaper changes are noted monthly. Price $2 per year in advance. Address

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.,

40 PARK ROW, N. Y.

☞To any newspaper publishing the above, to the amount of $2 50, the Lists and GAZETTE will be sent free.

PROVIDENCE MORNING HERALD,
☞DAILY, $8 PER ANNUM ☜
REPUBLICAN HERALD,
☞WEEKLY, $2 50 PER ANNUM. ☜
Largest Circulation in the State of Rhode Island.
☞ONLY DEMOCRATIC PAPERS IN RHODE ISLAND. ☜
VALUABLE ADVERTISING MEDIUMS.

THE NORTHERN MONTHLY, a high-toned Literary Magazine; $3 a year. The American Agriculturist sent one year free to new subscribers to Northern Monthly. Office 37 Park Row, N. Y. Sample copy 25 cts.

THE MYSTIC TEMPLE.

THE BEST MASONIC PAPER. $2 per year; $1 for six months. Published weekly, by the "FRATERNAL PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION," No. 9 Spruce street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

"BEYOND THE MISSISSIPPI,"

A COMPLETE HISTORY of the New States and Territories, from the Great River to the Great Ocean.

"Life and Adventure on Prairies, Mountains and the Pacific Coast, with over 200 Engravings of the Scenery, Cities, Lands, Mines, People, and Curiosities of the Great West. Its ready sale, with an increased commission, make it the best subscription book ever published. Send for circulars. Address NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—EVERYWHERE,

GOOD AGENTS for our new work, "HOME BOOK OF WONDERS;" also, for a new "FAMILY PHOTOGRAPH BIBLE," containing Notes, Indexes, Maps, Engravings, Album, Family Record, &c. *Best Terms given.* Address BRAINARD & SAMPSON, Hartford, Conn.

FRANK MILLER'S LEATHER PRESERVATIVE and Water Proof Oil Blacking, for Boots and Shoes. *FRANK MILLER'S PREPARED HARNESS OIL* Blacking, for Oiling Harnesses, Carriage Tops, &c., ready for use, with directions for using. *FRANK MILLER'S POLISH OIL BLACKING.* For sale GENERALLY in U. S. and Canadas. *FRANK MILLER & CO.,* 18 & 20 Cedar street, N. Y.

THE CELEBRATED

"ESTEY" ORGAN,

WITH

VOX HUMANA STOP.

Pronounced by all who have heard it the most natural and beautiful imitation of the HUMAN VOICE ever yet introduced. J. ESTEY, & CO., Brattleboro, Vt., the original Inventors and Manufacturers. 417 Broome st., N. Y.; 79 West Fayette st., Baltimore, Md.; 18 North 7th st., Phila.; 115 Randolph st., Chicago.

AMERICAN CLOCK CO.
3 CORTLANDT ST., NEW YORK,
Manufacturers, Agent and Dealers in
ALL VARIETIES OF AMERICAN CLOCKS.
Sole Agents for
SETH THOMAS CLOCKS.

NORTH AMERICAN STEAMSHIP CO.
THROUGH LINE TO CALIFORNIA,
VIA PANAMA OR NICARAGUA.
SAILING FROM NEW YORK
December 5th and 15th; January 5th, 15th and 25th, and February 15th and 25th.
With New Steamships of the First Class.
PASSAGE LOWER THAN BY ANY OTHER LINE.

For further information address the undersigned at 177 West street, New York.

D. N CARRINGTON, Agent.

Geo. P. Rowell & Co.

Advertisements forwarded to all Newspapers.
No advance charged on Publisher's prices.
All leading Newspapers kept on file.
Information as to Cost of Advertising furnished.
All Orders receive careful attention.
Inquiries by Mail answered promptly.
Complete Printed Lists of Newspapers for sale.
Special Lists prepared for Customers.
Advertisements Written and Notices secured.
Orders from Business Men especially solicited.

We also beg to call attention to our Lists of

100 New England Newspapers.
100 N. Y. and N. J. Newspapers.
100 Ohio, Ind. and Ill. Newspapers.
100 Pa., Del., Md., Va. and D. C. do.
100 Principal Daily and Weekly Newspapers, including Sixteen States.
100 Selections from Sixteen States.
250 Newspapers at the price heretofore charged for One Hundred.
54 Religious and Agricult'l Newspapers.

Having special contracts with all the above papers we can offer very favorable terms. Circulars, with full particulars, sent to any address.

40 Park Row, N. Y.

35,000 ACRES
SELECTED FARMING LANDS
IN IOWA, INDIANA, ILLINOIS, MISSOURI AND KANSAS,

with perfect titles, for sale cheap for cash. Apply to E. G. SHEPPARD, 2 Bowling Green, N. Y. P. O. Box 4083.

WANTED.—SALESMEN to travel for a Manufacturing Company and sell by sample. Good wages are guaranteed. Address, with stamp, HAMILTON & HOWE, 413 Chestnut st., Philadelphia, Pa.

$200 *Per Month Sure.*—No money required in advance. Agents wanted everywhere to sell our *Patent Everlasting Metalic Clothes-Lines.* Address Am Wire Co., B'way, N. Y., or 16 Dearborn st., Chicago, Ill.

WE ARE COMING!

And will present to any person sending us a club in our Great

ONE DOLLAR SALE

of DRY AND FANCY GOODS, a Watch, Piece of Sheeting, Silk Dress Pattern, &c., &c.,

FREE OF COST.

Catalogue of goods and sample sent to any address FREE.

ALLEN, HAWES & CO.,
P. O. Box C. 15 Federal st., Boston, Mass.

Wholesale Dealers in French, German, and English Dry and Fancy Goods, Cutlery, Plated Ware, Albums, Leather Goods, &c.

ONE DOLLAR EACH.

WEBS Cotton Cloth, Dress Patterns, Pant Patterns, Sewing Machines, Dry and Fancy Goods, &c., &c. Send ten cents for Patent Pen Fountain, with slip describing an article in our dollar sale.

Any person, (male or female,) can send in a club of from 20 to 1,000, at same rate (10 cts. for each), and get a premium for so doing. Send in Registered Letters. Samples mailed free to any address.

EASTMAN & KENDALL,
65 Hanover st., Boston, Mass.

Revolution in Trade!

LADIES, you can receive for the sum of

ONE DOLLAR,

Silk, Merino, and Alpacca Dresses, Shawls, Balmorals Linen Goods, Embossed Table Covers, Watches, Jewelry, Silver Plated Ware, Sewing Machines, &c. Send clubs of ten or more, with ten cents for each descriptive check and the getter up of the club will receive a present worth from $3 to $300, according to number sent. Agents wanted everywhere. Circulars sent free. PARKER & CO., successors to GRAHAM & CO., 64 and 66 Federal street Boston.
Jan. 22.–4t

WIRE RAILING, Wire [illegible] Guards for Store Fronts, Asylums &c.; Iron Bedsteads, Wire Webbing for Sheep and Poultry Yards; Brass and Iron Wire Cloth, Sieves, Fenders, Screens for Coal, Ores, Sand, &c.; Heavy Crimped Cloth for Spark Arresters; Landscape Wires for Windows, &c.; Papermakers' Wires, Ornamental Wire Work, &c. Every information by addressing the manufacturers, M. WALKER & SONS, No. 11 North Sixth st., Philadelphia. [Feb. 5, 1868.–1y

WANTED!

200 Cords Black Oak Bark

delivered at Sandoe's Mill, on Marsh Creek, during the coming Summer, for which

$5 00 CASH PER CORD

will be paid, on delivery.
Feb. 5, 1868.–tf HENRY CHRONISTER.

Clothing, Hats, Shoes, &c.

Soldiers' Head-Quarters

At NORRIS' STORE, is the place to get your

FALL & WINTER GOODS CHEAP FOR CASH.

If you want a cheap Over coat, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a good cheap Dress Coat, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a good Everyday Coat, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a good pair of Pants, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a good cheap Vest, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a FASHIONABLE HAT, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a late Fall Style Cap, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a good pair of Boots or Shoes, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a FASHIONABLE NECK-TIE, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a good French Calf Gaiter, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a good Umbrella, go to NORRIS'.
If you want good Paper Collars, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a fashionable suit of Clothes, go to NORRIS'.
If you want anything in the Gentleman's Line, go to NORRIS'.
If you want a good SMOKE, go to NORRIS'.
If you want good HEAVY UNDER-CLOTHING, go to NORRIS'.

Also—A large stock of CASSIMERES IN THE PIECE. Persons prefering the goods to Ready made Clothing, can be accommodated at the lowest cash price.

Oct. 9, 1867.—tf THEO. C. NORRIS.

New Boot and Shoe Store.

NEW GOODS AND AT LOW PRICES.

THE undersigned has opened a new Boot and Shoe Store, on BALTIMORE STREET, one door south of the Presbyterian Church and nearly opposite McCreary's Saddler Shop, where he offers an attractive assortment of goods in his line, all new and selected with the greatest care. He has

LADIES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
LADIES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
LADIES' COMMON GAITERS,
LADIES' BALMORAL BOOTS,
IN LARGE VARIETY.
GENTLEMEN'S CALF BOOTS,
GENTLEMEN'S KIP BOOTS,
GENTLEMEN'S CONGRESS GAITERS,
GENTLEMEN'S SLIPPERS, ALL STYLES,
GENTLEMEN'S BALMORALS,
GENTLEMEN'S BROGANS, &c.
MISSES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
MISSES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
MISSES' MOROCCO BALMORALS,
&c., &c., &c., &c.
BOYS' CONGRESS GAITERS,
BOYS' CALF BALMORALS,
BOYS' BROGANS, &c., &c.

All will be sold at the lowest living profits. Buyers from town and country, are invited to call and examine goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere. I am determined to sell cheap—a little cheaper than any other house in the county. By strict attention to business, and dealing fairly and squarely with everybody, I hope to merit and receive an encouraging share of public patronage.

The MANUFACTURING of Boots and Shoes will be carried on, in all its branches. Boots, Shoes and Gaiters made to order. Also, Boots and Shoes of his own manufacture constantly on hand. Repairing done on short notice—and no effort spared to give satisfaction. None but first class workmen employed. Having a life-time experience at the business, I feel confident that I can please all who may call. D. H. KLINGEL.

Gettysburg, July 31, 1867.–tf

ROBERT C. COBEAN

HAS just received a new supply of

Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes,

of latest styles, for Winter use, which he is selling at at reduced prices. He also manufactures and repairs

HARNESS, of all kinds,

promptly and on reasonable terms. Bridles, Halters Whips, Trunks, Valises Tobacco, Cigars, and a great variety of Notions always on hand. Call at the old stand on Chambersburg street, two doors west of Buehler's Drug Store. ☞The highest price will be given for FURS.

Jan. 22, 1868.–tf

NEW GOODS.

GEO. ARNOLD

has now opened a LARGE STOCK of

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

mostly of his own manufacture, consisting of all sizes of

COATS, PANTS & VESTS,
SHIRTS,
DRAWERS,
CRAVATS,
HOSIERY, &c.,

AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

☞Call examine and judge for yourselves. ☜
Oct. 30, 1867.–tf

PICKING
IS SELLING
OVER COATS AT COST!

PICKING
HAS a splendid assortment of Dress, business and every day Coats.
—ALSO—
Pants of every description
Black, Blue fancy, &c.
Vests of all kinds.
Now is the time to secure
BARGAINS.
Come one! Come all

SHIRTS,
DRAWERS,
TRUNKS,
CARPET SACKS,
UMBRELLAS,
BUFFALO & GUM SHOES, &c., &c.

☞Give PICKING a call as he is determined to reduce his immense stock before April 1st.

☞NO HUMBUG!!☜

CALL AND BE CONVINCED.
Jan. 15, 1868.–tf

NEW AND CHEAP CLOTHING

AT BRINKERHOFF'S.

STACKS OF THEM!

CLOTHING FOR FALL AND WINTER WEAR,

which he is selling at such prices as cannot fail to take them off very rapidly. Call and judge for yourselves.—To look at the excellent material, tasteful cutting, and neat and substantial sewing, and then to get his low prices—callers cannot help but buy, when they see it so much to their interest to do so.

He has Coats, Pants, Vests, of all styles and materials, Hats, Boots and Shoes;

Shirts, of all kinds, Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Cravats, Linen and Paper Collars Suspenders, Brushes, Combs;

Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas, Pocket Knives, Segars, Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos, Pipes, Stationery &c.;

Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, with a thousand and one other articles, entirely too numerous to detail in a newspaper advertisement.

He asks the attention of the public to his new stock, confident that it will please—and no one can or will sell cheaper. Don't forget the place—corner of York street and the Diamond, Gettysburg.

May 29, 1867. JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

Notice to Capitalists!

PERSONS desiring of investing, and realizing nearly NINE PER CENT., are requested to call at the

Gettysburg National Bank,

AND OBTAIN CIRCULARS OF THE

UNION PACIFIC

AND ALSO

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD COS. GRATIS.

These investments are daily growing in favor and sales increasing.

☞BONDS can be had at all times at this Bank and where all information concerning said investments will be cheerfully given.

Dec. 18, 1867.–tf J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

The Star and Sentinel.

LITTLE FEET SO GLAD AND GAY.

Little feet, so glad and gay,
Making music all the day,
Tripping merrily along,
Filling all my heart with song,
Well I love your music sweet:
Patter, patter, little feet.

Sometimes anxious, I would know
Just what way these feet must go;
Praying oft that all be fair,
Nor thorns or roughness anywhere;
That flowers may spring their steps to greet:
Patter, patter, little feet.

But then I think that some have trod,
Through thorns and briers, nearer God;
Though weak in faith, still I would dare
To offer up the earnest prayer,
That Christ would choose whate'er is meet:
Patter, patter, little feet.

I press them in my hands at night,
And kiss them with a new delight,
Believing that, where'er they go,
My tender Lord will lead them, so
They'll walk at length the golden street
Patter, patter, little feet.

[For the "Star and Sentinel."

FROM THE WEST.

FOND-DU-LAC, Wis.,
January 30, 1868.

EDITORS STAR AND SENTINEL.—Believing that a few items in regard to this glorious Western country would be of interest to the readers of your valuable paper I avail myself of the opportunity to give you an idea of its resources, manufactures, &c., commencing with this county, of which Fond du lac city is the seat, and, if acceptable, will from time to time, in the course of my ramblings, give you sketches of the different sections of country through which I may happen to pass. I occasionally receive a copy of your paper and take great pleasure in the perusal of its interesting pages.

Fond du-lac county lies at the head of Lake Winnebago, about 170 miles north of Chicago, and embraces some of the finest country in the Northwest, consisting mostly of Prairie, in some parts rolling and dotted here and there with fine woods and Oak-openings. Wood being plenty, forms the chief article of fuel, selling on the street at from $4 to $5 per cord, for hard, as well as furnishing abundant material for the manufacture of Wagons, Carriages, Staves &c. Peat is talked of considerably, and several companies will commence extensive operations this spring—the innumerable marshes through-out this section furnishing any amount of material for its manufacture.

These marsh lands are considered the best in the State for *hay*, as the grass grows profusely and of a rich quality much liked by stock. These lands, where drained and broken up, cannot be excelled for the raising of grain and other products.

As a grain producing country this section is not surpassed by any in the West. Wheat raised in this county, especially in the eastern portion, brings the highest prices in the market; 25 bushels per acre is considered a fair average for wheat.

Fruit thrives exceedingly well, wherever cultivated. Heretofore, owing to the facilities for raising and the high price of wheat, fruit-growing had been very much neglected, but of late years the subject has attracted more attention. There is no doubt but that fruit can be raised here, as well as anywhere, east or west. Vegetables of every kind are raised in abundance.

Building-stone of good quality abounds, and good brick is manufactured in any portion of the county. The soil is rich. On the Prairie it is a rich black loam, and on the higher lands somewhat mixed with sand, underlaid with lime and sandstone, noted for its warmth.—Clay is found in spots all through the county, furnishing abundant material for brick. Land sells at from $25 to $100 per acre,—conclusive evidence of the rapid growth of the country in population and importance.

The climate is pretty much the same as in New York, being in about the same degrees of latitude, but is, I think, more even and drier, the difference being in locations nearer the lakes, where it is naturally more humid and changeable. The country throughout is well watered by larger and smaller streams, some of them navigable, and the majority furnishing good water power.

The facilities for transportation are various and abundant. The Chicago and North Western Railroad passes through the centre of this county, with convenient stations every few miles, placing the inhabitants in direct communication with Chicago and the South, and also with Lake Superior and the North. The Horicon Division of the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad passes through the western part of the county. The Fond-du-lac and Sheboygan Railroad (partially completed) will make the communication direct through the Lakes to the East. Lake Winnebago is also travelled by steamers its entire length, 25 miles, connecting at Oshkosh, Neenah, and other points, on the Lake shore.

The educational interests have been well advanced, schools established in every direction, with good buildings and intelligent teachers. Every religious denomination is represented, each having their houses of worship established in convenient locations.—Some are very imposing structures, erected at great expense, standing monuments to the good will and enterprise of the community.

On every stream of any consequence can be heard the hum and noise of saw and grist mills, sash and blind factories, woollen mills &c.; all driving a brisk business. Truly this is an age of progression, when we compare this country at present to what it was in 1840, when it was but a vast wild, ruled by savages. This county contains now a population of about 36,000 souls, composed chiefly of Vermont and Eastern men, inter-sprinkled with Germans and a few French Canadians.

Lumber is no small item of manufacture here, the estimate for one year being 85,000,000 ft, besides millions of shingles, lathes, &c. The logs are floated down the Fox and Wolf rivers into Lake Winnebago, and from thence towed here by steam tugs. The county contains three cities, besides several small villages, viz:—Ripon with a population of about 6,000; Waupin, where is located the State Prison, with a population of 4,000; and last, but not least, this city, (the county seat,) boasting a population of 15,000, and considered second in size and importance in the State.

C. H. V. P.

A YOUNG lady at a fashionable dinner party pestered Dr. Johnson with a conundrum—a thing which the bluff old philosopher utterly detested. "Why is the letter 'J' like the end of spring, doctor?" was the question, and of course the doctor couldn't tell. "Because it's the beginning of June," was the solution. "Now, miss, will you tell me why the letter 'K' is like a pig's tail?" sternly asked the doctor. The young lady had to give it up. "Because it's the end of pork, miss." The doctor was bothered with no more conundrums.

[For the Star and Sentinel.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Messrs. Editors:—As I have lately visited Halifax in Nova Scotia, I was delighted with that country; though my time was short, yet while there I learned much of that country—more than I did in all my life before. That prosperous and happy Province of two years ago is to-day a scene of anarchy and confusion. A province which always had an overflowing treasury is to-day literally bankrupt. The formerly independent Province of Nova Scotia to-day sees her autonomy destroyed, her liberty swept away, her institutions defiled by unclean hands; her revenues collected and disbursed, her public works appropriated and controlled, her people insulted and tormented, by the emissaries and hirelings of a distant and foreign Province. Nova Scotia—the kingdom by the sea—the richest of all the Provinces in varied sources of wealth—is to-day the puppet of a distant, half frozen Province in the wilds of America.—Her sons are asked to bow to oppression, "to kiss the fetters and smile at their country's dishonor." That their constitutional liberties were treacherously taken from them is correct, and political corruption and political perfidy did the work which disgraces the annals of colonial legislation. Their own representatives were their own betrayers, and the men on whose sense of honor they relied to shield them from injustice, consented to force Confederation upon them, and now to ask the people of Nova Scotia to "accept the situation" they think would be adding keen insult to deep injury. They are determined to reject any such a proposition, and say that the act *must* be repealed so far as the Province of Nova Scotia is concerned.

Quite an excitement prevailed while I was there, and petitions were secured without delay and presented to the House, to declare Confederation null and void, so far as their Province was concerned, and kick out every officer appointed by the Dominion Government, collect their revenues and disburse them in the Province. They are determined that not one cent more should be allowed to go to Canada, but have taken steps to have every cent that has gone into the Ottawa Treasury reimbursed. They are determined to ask the British Parliament to grant a repeal; if they refuse, they say that they will repeal it themselves. They say that they cannot afford to wait for British "red tapeism," and see their country plundered.

They say that Canadian influence has thus far prevailed in the councils of the Empire, and that a systematic course of official swindling has been the means of betraying the Government of England to pass an Act confederating Nova Scotia with Canada and New Brunswick. The people consider the fact too apparent for further attempt at concealment or repudiation. Nova Scotia is to-day, as they say it ever has been, the uncompromising opponent of a forced and distasteful Union with the Provinces of Canada. The people say that they are not afraid of the result, and flatter themselves that they know the temper of Nova Scotians that when the hour of trial comes they will not flinch from their duty to themselves and their country whatever the individual consequence may be. From all parts of the Province come accounts of the gathering storm of indignation. The last act of the Ottawa Government—the new tariff, is likely to prove the feather that broke the camel's back. The people are mad with rage, and consider it no time for glove work, but must strike hard and knock off the unholy fetters. The people have *demanded* a repeal, and if that is not granted, they say that they will ask to let them go peaceably over to the United States. They say that there is no other alternative. In my next I will give something of the Industrial prospects of Nova Scotia.

J. S. G.

NOT BAD.—A good story is related of the Democratic meeting held at St. Clairsville, Ohio, the week before the recent election. A delegation that left Wheeling met a similar delegation from Bridgeport and the marshal recognized in the marshal of the Wheeling column a rebel officer who had cruelly oppressed him, when an inmate of Libby Prison. Turning to his procession, he said, "Boys, here is the rebel Captain who took my sword when I was so unfortunate as to be taken prisoner. He is marshaling the Democratic delegation from Wheeling. I go with no party that thus thrusts traitors forward to positions of honor." Saying this, he took off his marshal's scarf and turned his horse homeward, followed by all but one man in his delegation.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Cincinnati *Gazette* states that colored persons, mostly children and youth, are held as slaves to-day in Kentucky. He says that in the counties bordering on the Ohio River these children, under the name of apprentices, are really held as slaves; that they are worked and whipped during the day and imprisoned at night, and that their parents on the Ohio side dare not cross the river for their children from fear of being shot.

Letters from Chicago represent Mrs. Lincoln as unquestionably insane. One of her delusions is that she will come to want, and she sells everything she can lay her hands upon. She is said to be living in a house, all the furniture of which she has disposed of, with two old men as her body guard.

A BILL has been reported in the Maryland Legislature, appropriating $5,000 for the removal of the remains of the Confederate dead who were killed in the battles of South Mountain and Antietam, or who died from wounds received in those battles.

IN the manufacture of French artificial flowers are employed more than thirty thousand persons, the trade amounting to $3,000,000 every year. While France finds many good customers in Europe for these pretty vanities, she disposes of a full third of the production here. Germany takes about $400,000, Italy a little less, England $600,000, Prussia $800,000, and plain, Democratic America, $1,000,000 worth of artificial flowers each year!

A SURPRISE FOR THIEVES.—A Pittsburg paper tell how two thieves met a gentleman walking the streets late at night with a box under his arm, and undertook to show him to a hotel. They relieved him of the box, and ran off with it. The gentleman was a naturalist, and his box contained four rattlesnakes. Fancy the thieves' emotions when investigating their prize.

ROMANTIC.—We knew a rich man in the West, who called his manson "Glenmary," out of respect to his wife Mary, who had died. One of his neighbors, not to be outdone in connubial affection, built a new cabin and called it "Glenbetsy."

WHY is a husband like a Mississippi steamboat? Because he never knows how soon he may get a blowing up.

WHEN is a lover like a tailor? When he presses his suit.

REMARKS OF HON. D. McCONAUGHY.

STATE SENATE—FEB. 21 & 22.

An interesting debate took place in the State Senate on the resolution endorsing the action of the U. S. Senate in re-instating Mr. STANTON as Secretary of War, in which our Representative, D. McCONAUGHY, Esq., participated, making two speeches, one on the 21st and another on the 22d, in which he "carried the war into Africa," dealing some sharp and effective blows upon the enemy.—We regret that the pressure on our columns prevents our giving both speeches in full, as they are able and effective. We give a few extracts:

When, sir, the future historian comes to write the name of Edwin M Stanton among the great ones of the age, when he seeks a legend with which to express the character of that man, he will inscribe upon his historical monument these words: "This man loved his country more than party." There, sir, is the solution of the whole question. It is for this the enemies of the Government hate him.

Sir, go back to 1860, to the epoch when rebellion threatened and the Government was under the administration of a Democratic President, Mr. Buchanan. Who were his counsellors? Democrats, all. What did they, sir, when the hour of peril came? Did they stand by the Government? What did his Democratic Secretary of the Treasury, Howell Cobb? He withdrew from his place in the cabinet "on account of his duty to Georgia." What did his Democratic Minister of War, John B. Floyd? After attempting to rob the Government of the arms for its defence, and thus securing to himself the unenviable epithet of 'the thief,' he withdrew "because the President declined to order the garrison from the harbor of Charleston altogether."

Sir, what did the Democratic Attorney General, Jeremiah S. Black, of Pennsylvania? He made vacant his office after seeking in a State paper to demonstrate that the Government could not coerce a State in order to crush rebellion and preserve its own existence. Sir, it was at that time that Mr. Buchanan, that poor, miserable, tottering old man at the helm of State, without moral courage enough to stand by the land which gave him birth, and invested him with the highest office in its gift, in his extremity called to his aid that noble and courageous man, Edwin M. Stanton. He invited him to his cabinet at the recommendation of Judge Black. He came at the summons and stood amid that band of conspirators, like an unwelcome spectre at a council. He told them to their teeth that they were the assassins of liberty, and that he would stand by the Government, let them do as they would. He held up that old man who would have fallen into the yawning gulf of perdition which gaped before him, had it not been for the brave and patriotic Stanton. There is one thing about this man's history that must have impressed every intelligent reader of American politics. At the close of Mr. Buchanan's administration, in the moment of imminent danger, he is called into the cabinet of President Lincoln alone on account of his pre-eminent abilities. All through the administration of Mr. Lincoln he was his chosen and constant trusted counsellor and minister at the head of the department of war, both during his first term and his second, until stricken down by the hand of an assassin. And even then, when the apostate reached the Presidential chair, he leaned and relied upon the Secretary of War, sir, because of his pre-eminent abilities which, during all these years of war and disorder, were of invaluable importance to the country.

Sir, we need nothing more than his public history, nothing more than the unwilling tribute from the Buchanan administration, and from the present administration to signalize the virtues and services of Edwin M. Stanton. Sir, it is because he would not abandon his country, because he stood by the country of his birth and his love in utter disregard of his olden party ties, it is for this reason that gentlemen on the other side of the chamber cannot find language to express their hatred of him. Sir, there is one characteristic of Edwin M. Stanton I admire above all others, and that is, that glorious backbone—that spirit of patriotic resolve—that firm, unflinching bravery—with which he stood, ever fearless and bold, to fight, and fall if need be, battling with the enemies of his country.

Sir, I wish it to be known, when this country was in imminent danger, and when the issue came whether it should exist or not; when the question was whether this Republic, in addition to the other excellencies of human governments, had the inherent power which was necessary for its own maintenance against all enemies, external and internal—when that issue was to be decided there was in the Presidential chair a Democratic President. That question arose, and Mr. Buchanan, the then President, answered it thus. I read from his message, in December, 1860:

> "The question fairly stated is, has the Constitution delegated to Congress the power to coerce a State into submission which has attempted to withdraw or has actually withdrawn from the confederacy. After much serious reflection I have arrived at the conclusion that no such power has been delegated to Congress, nor to any other department of the Federal Government."

Now, just at that crisis Mr. Stanton was called to advise the President. Mr. Stanton entertained no such doctrine. He believed that this Government had the power to coerce a State; the people believed it, and the country believed it. And the strong arms of the noble men of this country made it a historical fact that this nation can and will coerce and suppress every power that would stand in the pathway of its progress.

Now, sir, I propose to look, for only one instant, at the attitude of the Democratic party four years later than the advent of the rebellion. I desire that history shall not be forgotten. And in this connection, I read from the speech of Henry Clay Dean, made in the Democratic National Convention, held at Chicago, in 1864:

> "For three years Lincoln has been calling for men, and with all the armies placed at his command he has failed, failed, failed; such a failure has never been known, such a destruction of human life has never been known since the destruction of Sennacherib by the breath of the Almighty."

This is the charge made by one of its leaders, who was cheered to the echo in that Democratic National Convention, in the midst of a terrible war, when the existence of the nation had become a question of doubt, and the Government was struggling for life.

I read further from his speech:

> "Still the monster usurper wanted more men for his slaughter-pens. Ever since the usurper, traitor, and tyrant had occupied the Presidential chair, the Republican party had shouted war to the knife and the knife to the hilt! Blood had flown in torrents, and yet the thirst of the old monster was not quenched. His cry was for more blood"

That is but one of the many like harangues that were freely uttered in that Convention. And the resolutions breathed the same spirit. I will ask the Clerk to read the second resolution, adopted in the Chicago Convention of 1864.

The Clerk read the resolution as follows:

> "*Resolved,* That this Convention does explicitly declare, as the sense of the American people, that after four years of failure to restore the Union by the experiment of war, during which, under the pretence of a military necessity, of a war power higher than the Constitution, the Constitution itself has been disregarded in every part, and public liberty and private right alike trodden down, and the material prosperity of the country essentially impaired, justice, humanity, liberty, and the public welfare demands that immediate efforts be made for a cessation of hostilities, with a view to an ultimate convention of all the States, or other peaceable means, to the end that, at the earliest practicable moment, peace may be restored on the basis of the Federal Union of the States."

Mr. M'CONAUGHY. "Cessation of hostilities!" "Peace!" "Peace!" when the armed hosts of the rebellion, bold, insolent and defiant, were threatening the very capital of the nation, aye, thundering at its gates!

What man, or what woman, within the sound of my voice has forgotten that summer of 1864? Sir, it was a time that tried the hearts of all true men in this nation. It was a time when the most hopeful, the most loyal, the most ardent, began to doubt and to tremble with apprehension for the result. And, sir, the nations of the earth—the old monarchies and despotisms across the sea—were gazing with anxious interest, hoping for the downfall of this young republic. Then it was that the Democracy of the land, in national convention assembled, in the audience of the world, passed these resolutions, declaring them to be the sense of the American people! But, sir, the great, loyal heart of the country repudiated and scorned them. The noble and true men of the nation rallied again, as if aroused to a new energy, and rushed to the rescue. They sustained President Lincoln nobly, with a majority of four hundred thousand votes. Again he was inaugurated President of the United States, and trusted, honored and revered by the people for his single hearted, patriotic devotion.

Sir, I have felt every year of my life, since the rebellion was stricken down, a love and devotion for the men and the cause which saved this Union, which deepens and grows continually stronger. What saved this country? It was nothing more or less than the action and the unfaltering devotion of the Republican party, and the true men who, loving country more than olden party ties, rushed to swell its numbers, when the war commenced. It was the great Republican party that rallied to the defense of the Government, and beneath its standard there came also such men as Geary, Stanton, and Holt, and Sickles, and Logan, and Meade, and Grant, and Butler.

Now, sir, I have simply to conclude with the remark, that, the great, glorious and patriotic heart of the country will uphold the men who fought out this war, both in the Cabinet and in the field. But, sir, although they may erect to them a monument, stone upon stone, rising and swelling in grand and beautiful proportions, until its glorious pinnacle will even pierce above the clouds, to where eternal sunshine shall rest upon its head, yet they cannot prevent the toad and the reptile from leaving their slime upon its base.

Messrs. WALLACE and McCANDLESS, undertook to break the force of Mr. McCONAUGHY'S exposition of the "peace-at-any price" policy of the Democratic party, by insisting "the peace was to be based upon the integrity of the Union of all the States." Mr. McCONAUGHY next day took the floor in reply, and we again extract:

I shall not, at this late hour occupy the time of the Senate with a speech; but I desire to reply, in a few words, to the Senator from Philadelphia [Mr. M'CANDLESS] and the Senator from Clearfield [Mr. WALLACE].

The Democracy of my own county, in convention assembled, in the summer of 1864, echoing the determination of the party as announced at Chicago, declared "That the time has fully come when peace should be inscribed on the Democratic banners, and an armistice should be declared which shall open up the way for negotiation and compromise." "But," says the Senator from Clearfield, "the peace was to be based upon the integrity of the Union of all the States." Sir, I say, with due respect for my brother Senator, that that position is false in fact and flagrantly false in the light of history. It denies the history of the times in which the Democratic Convention met and uttered its voice. Why, sir, it is a part of the history of the country at that time, derived from the most authentic sources, that one of the principal actors in that convention, Mr. Vallandigham, admitted, at the time, to be one of the controlling spirits of the convention, had conspired with the enemy for the destruction of the Union of the States. I read, sir, from cotemporaneous history. John B. Jones, who was editor of the *Southern Monitor*, at Philadelphia, and on the outbreak of the war went back to the South, and as clerk of the Confederate War Department, was familiar with the workings of the Confederacy at the time records this, in regard to Mr. Vallandigham: "To-day, June 22d, I saw the memorandum of Mr. Ould, of the conversation held with Mr. Vallandigham, for file in the archives. He says if we can only hold out this year that the peace party of the North would sweep the Lincoln dynasty out of political existence." &c.

Sir, at the time of the adoption of the Democratic Peace Platform at Chicago, it was known in the North, it was known in the South, it was known all over this country, that the enemy in arms would not consent to a restoration of the Union. They were fighting for the destruction of the Union, and the Democracy knew full well when they uttered that declaration in favor of a "cessation of hostilities" that by that cessation they would never obtain a restoration of the Union.—Again, sir, I read from a portion of the correspondence that took place in the effort to get up negotiations for peace through the rebels in Canada. The answer of Mr. Lincoln through the three commissioners is a sufficient reply to the Senator from Philadelphia. This is it:

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
WASHINGTON, July 18, 1864.

To whom it may concern:

> "Any proposition which embraces the restoration of peace, the integrity of the whole Union and the abandonment of slavery, and which comes by and with an authority that can control the armies now at war against the United States, will be received and considered by the Executive Government of the United States, and will be met by liberal terms, on substantial and collateral points; and the bearer or bearers thereof shall have safe conduct both ways."
>
> (Signed) ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

Sir, Mr. Lincoln put himself in that impregnable position. He was ready in an instant for the cessation of hostilities upon the condition of the integrity of the whole Union. He asked no other condition. And we prove this by the enemy, out of their own mouths. But the Democracy and the enemy would not accept of that condition. Mr. Greeley volunteered his efforts and failed. And yet another effort was made, and in a very romantic and chivalrous way. You will remember that Col. James F. Jacques, of the Seventy-third Illinois regiment, and J. R. Gilmour, of New York, at the imminent risk of danger, and, indeed, of life, went into the Southern Confederacy, with President Lincoln's knowledge, and gained admission to the Rebel War Department, and there consulted with the Secretary of War of the Rebellion; and even gained an interview with its President (Davis). And what was the language of Mr. Jefferson Davis? These were his words:

> "The North was mad and blind; it would not let us govern ourselves; and so the war came; and now it must go on till the last man of this generation falls in his track, and his children seize his musket, and fight our battle, UNLESS YOU ACKNOWLEDGE OUR RIGHT TO SELF GOVERNMENT. WE ARE NOT FIGHTING FOR SLAVERY. WE ARE FIGHTING FOR INDEPENDENCE; AND THAT, OR EXTERMINATION, WE WILL HAVE."

As they were leaving, Davis said:

> "Say to Mr. Lincoln, for me, that I shall, at any time, be pleased to receive proposals FOR PEACE ON THE BASIS OF OUR INDEPENDENCE. IT WILL BE USELESS TO APPROACH ME WITH ANY OTHER."

Sir, it is false when it is asserted that the Democracy in the Chicago Convention expected peace based on a preservation of the Union. They proposed "an armistice," and they proposed a "cessation of hostilities" right in the forefront and crisis of the struggle, with a distinct knowledge that there could be no "peace," no "cessation of hostilities; except on the basis of Rebel independence and a dissolution of the Union.

Mr. McCandless (Dem.) here interrupted by calling Mr. McConaughy's attention to the resolutions adopted in the beginning of the War by Congress, that the war was not waged "for the purpose of overthrowing or interfering with the rights or established institutions of the South, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution, and to preserve the Union with all the dignity, equality and rights of the several States unimpaired, and that as soon as these objects are accomplished the war ought to cease."

Mr. M'CONAUGHY. I thank the gentleman for his interuption. Sir under what circumstances were those resolutions adopted? Why, sir, in their own language, with "the disunionists of the Southern States now in revolt against the constitutional Government, and in arms around the capital." They were adopted amidst the smoke from the disastrous field of Bull Run—where the hastily raised army of defense was scarcely more than a mob of undisciplined soldiery—which confronted "masked batteries" of "Quaker guns;" and for lack of martial drill and discipline, were broken into confusion and rout. They were read almost amid the echoes of the guns of defiant rebellion from the plains of Manassas. They were adopted whilst Congress yet listened to the seductions of Northern Democrats, and attempted the futile task of meeting the mailed hand and cold steel of a blustering and defiant revolt with words of kindness and meek protestations of fraternal regard. It was when our generals were yet returning under flags of truce to the truculent leaders the very contrabands and black fugitives from labor, who were used in digging trenches, erecting defenses and batteries, and even then constituted the muscle and the bone of the armed rebellion. It was before we ceased to treat them, in the language of General M'Clellan, as "friends and brothers," as in peace, and before we, as plain, practical, common sense required us to do, met gun with gun, sabre with sabre and war dog with war dog.

But, sir, as the conflict thickened—as the enemies of the Republic, wading deeper into the flood tide of revolution, threw into the scales of conflict not only the sword, but even the loins of their domestic institutions—when black man and white man, in one form or other of work and service, were crowded into the swarming hosts of rebellion—when, sir, they did not hesitate even to "rob the cradle and the grave"—slavery had to go to the wall, and they that dealt blows with the iron hand had to take the stalwart blows of war, and with these all the consequences of their treason.

As well, sir, might the Senator cast in the teeth of our revolutionary ancestors their professions of honesty loyalty and fealty to the mother country on the eve of our revolutionary strife; and charge them with infidelity.

When the Colonies grew restive under taxation without representation, had England wisely made concession by a repeal of the Stamp Act, our fathers would gladly have met them with conciliation and continued allegiance to the British crown. But when the first blood reddened the virgin soil at Lexington—when Bunker Hill received its fiery baptism—that step was taken from which there was no return, but the strife deepened into revolution and that into a successful war for Independence. And so in this war.

The Star and Sentinel, Gettysburg, Pa.
February 12, 1868.

Sir, when the American people entered upon the opening scenes of rebellion, human sagacity neither in dream or in vision could look onward to its vast results. In the earlier stages of the war the people of the North would gladly have had peace on any terms that were not absolutely disgraceful. They would have allowed the bondman to have remained in chains and slavery—a living and perpetual libel on republican liberty. But God would not suffer it. And out of this sea of revolution there issued not only a Republic triumphant over prostrate rebellion, but the genius of Liberty, clasping hands with Humanity over four millions of an emancipated race. And even since the close of the war, the Democratic State Convention, assembled in this capitol, has justified and affirmed the wisdom of universal abolition and emancipation. Sir, the world does move.

The law declares murder unlawful and a high crime; but when a man commits murder we recognize the fact that he has done so, and inflict upon him the punishment of his crime. And so, sir, in the maintenance of this great Government which is the shield and defense of thirty millions of people. Those men or States which will destroy the peace, the prosperity, the life of the country by war, commit murder with its hundred thousand of victims. These rebels have committed a crime as infinitely greater than a common murder, as many times greater, as their hundred thousand of victims are more numerous than the single individual who falls before the one murderer. And yet we are told for such murders and crimes, the sum of all villainies, THERE IS NO PUNISHMENT; that the Government dare not so much as lay its little finger upon the guilty men of the South.

And now, Mr. Speaker, I will give the Senator from Philadelphia the views which I believe the Republican party entertain on this subject. When the war commenced, there existed in the South eleven State Governments, each of which constituted an integral part of this Union.

Now, sir, these States undertook to destroy the Federal Government for the purpose, as asserted by Mr. Davis and announced in their own official declaration, of erecting an independent government. The war was commenced and went on for four years. By their own voluntary action they utterly destroyed the noble fabrics of government their fathers built, both timber and log, and rafter and beam, cornerstone and topstone, from foundation to pinnacle; and all their State structures, thus cast in ruins, were useless for the purposes of government. They assumed to do this in the same language of independence which was used by our ancestors when they established the great and glorious frame of government under which we still live. They built up new State governments upon the ruins of the old. They provided them with new officers, created under their new constitutions and laws. They were recognized as belligerents by ourselves and by the nations of the world. The armies of the Republic were multiplied, as were the armies of the rebels; and it became a question, staked upon the wager of battle, which should prevail. But the armies of the Government triumphed, and the rebels lay prostrate at their feet. We know, the world knows, that they were ready to receive such terms as we chose to dictate. The State governments which they had built were torn down, from topstone to foundation, and destroyed in the general wreck of the rebellion, and no governments remained. The lands and the people were there. They were then, and are now, in the condition of territories, waiting for the erection of governments. Did the Constitution give Congress power to govern those States as territories? Mr. Stevens asserts that it did. They were outside of the Constitution as States; but they were, both as territories and as people, within the power and control of the Government, through Congress, in the legitimate exercise of its constitutional powers.

Andrew Johnson undertook to organize governments within the rebellious States, but in so doing he was guilty of usurpation. He is but the Executive office to administer the laws, and not the autocrat of the nation. Congress has at length come up to a full comprehension of its prerogative. The people sustain it in the work of reconstruction.—Their representatives have but to go forward in the unfaltering execution of the powers vested in them, until loyal governments shall be organized in all the lately rebellious States, taking care to guarantee and secure to each a republican form of government, in which universal liberty and equality before the laws shall be the corner-stones. The loyal hands that crushed out the rebellion will sustain their faithful public servants; and the present decade of this century will behold upon this continent a true democratic republic, peaceful, prosperous and powerful at home and abroad; its patriotism strengthened by the ordeal of war, and its flag honored and feared by all the nations of the earth.

GENERAL NEWS.

A London despatch states that Minister Adams will return to the United States in Apri next.

ANDREW JOHNSON, in endeavoring to use GRANT as a cats-paw, only got his head into a lion's mouth.

THE President has nominated Charles H. Tuckerman, of New York, as Minister to Greece.

IT is rumored in Washington that Mr. Buchanan's ex-Attorney General, Jeremiah Black, will be appointed Minister to England.

IT is rumored that the President has recalled General Rosseau, and will substitute him for General Meade, in command of the Fourth Military District.

IN Lancaster county the rate of taxation for the current year is two and a half mills on the dollar; in York county it is seven mills; in Berks county nearly ten.

THE New York *World*, in a very sharp and bitter editorial, reads Valandigham out of the Democratic party, in which it says he has been tolerated too long already.

SIR Edward Thornton, the successor of Sir Frederick Bruce, was last week presented to President Johnson by Secretary Seward as Minister from Great Britain.

THE Senate Committee on Territories have agreed to report favorably the bill for the admission of Colorado as a State. The President rejected a similar measure last session.

THE Lunatic Asylum attached to the Almshouse of Livingston county, at Genesee, New York, was destroyed by fire on Thursday morning. Four insane women were burnt to death.

THE Congressional Re-construction committee have agreed to report a bill removing political disabilities from Governor Holden of North Carolina, Governor Orr, of South Carolina, and General Longstreet.

THE Senate Committee on Territories have agreed to favorably report the bill for the admission of Colorado into the Union, which, it will be remembered, was passed and vetoed by the President last winter.

THE Deficiency bill, containing an appropriation of a half a million dollars for reconstruction purposes, is now in the hands of the President waiting his disposal. The constitutional ten days for its consideration expires to-day.

EVERY member of Lee's army will vote the Copperhead ticket if he has a chance. The heroes of the Fort Pillow massacre will vote the same ticket twice a piece all round. If they cannot get Lee for President and Forrest for Vice President, they compromise on Pendleton and Hoffman.

THE statement of the public debt of the United States on the first of February shows the total debt to be on that date $2,651,384,686.50. The statement shows, by comparison with that of December, that the public debt, less cash in the Treasury, has increased $19,189,723.09, in the past month.

FOREIGN.—Despatches by the Atlantic telegraph assert that Napoleon has suddenly modified his position on the Roman question, and indicates a disposition to abandon his championship of the Pope. It is also said that he has required the Queen of Spain to abandon her intention of recruiting a Papal Legion for the Pope. Count Bismarck has obtained leave of absence, and will devote several months to European travel, his health requiring relaxation. A mob at Cork on Friday attempted to release a Fenian prisoner from the hands of the police. A desperate fight ensued, but the police succeeded in lodging the the prisoner in jail.

The Star & Sentinel.
Wednesday, February 12, 1868.

Advertisers and others interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 10,000 persons.

☞Advertisements, to secure immediate attention, must be handed in on or before Tuesday morning.

THE New York State Convention, called to send delegates to the Republican National Convention, and nominate an Electoral Ticket, last week unanimously declared for GRANT for President, and Gov. FENTON for Vice President, and appointed a full delegation to Chicago in accordance with said declartion.—HORACE GREELY, of the *Tribune*, was a delegate to the Convention and a member of the Committee which reported the resolutions. This action of the New York Convention fixes the nomination of Gen. GRANT beyond all question—of which there has been little or no doubt for some months. The loyal masses turn to the great soldier who conquered the Rebellion, in full confidence that he will secure for the country as decisive a victory over Rebels and Rebel sympathizers in 1868, as he did in 1865.

PEOPLE are surprised that hard times are upon us; but it is most natural that the Administration should try to produce that result, so as to embarrass the Republicans who are held responsible for legislation. Congress unwisely, but trustfully, gave the Administration large discretionary power—*all which has been used to cripple business by tightening the money market.* It has contracted the currency largely, has hoarded large amounts of gold, and connived at the systematic refusal to collect the Whiskey Tax. If it has not connived at this, how happens it that the men guilty of this villanous breach of faith are its officers, and within reach of its power?

The country need not expect prosperity till every vestige of corrupt Copperheadism is driven from the administration of public affairs.

SWANN's men in Maryland are sore and mad, and threaten to bolt. The distinctive Rebel element of the party say they don't care, as they can carry Maryland without them.

The Rebel organ claims, what is no doubt true, that a large majority of the voting class of Maryland "*were heartily opposed to the armed coercion of the South from the inception of the war down to this day.*" This is what makes a majority of this same class Copperheads *now*. They were Rebels *then*, of whom some were sneaking "sympathizers," and others were open enemies of the Union.

The Mobile *Tribune*, a Copperhead paper, comments on STANTON's re-instatement, by declaring the country to be in a "state of revolution," and it adds:

> "Whatever happens, *so that it breaks up the Government*, the soldiers of Lee and Johnston will not be very much distressed."

This is a characteristic specimen of the sense in which the Southern Rebels have "accepted the situation," and returned to their allegiance. With such men uppermost, the South would be intolerable to every man with an American heart in his bosom.

WE recently showed the extent of the Whiskey frauds over the country, by JOHNSON's office-holders. In New Orleans alone, the frauds from May to November, 1867, are said to have amounted to over *four and a half millions of dollars!*

Yet JOHNSON has recently nominated WISEWELL, of New York, said to be chief of the Whiskey ring, as Commissioner of Internal Revenue—trying to remove Mr. ROLLINS who has done everything in his power to break up this ring, and would, probably, have succeeded, if JOHNSON had not protected them and thwarted him.

COPPERHEADS bray about "Radical policy placing the South under negro domination." Lt. Gov. BROWN of Georgia, in a recent speech, says it is the perverse obstinacy of the white race refusing to take control that gave the negroes any power in the Georgia Convention.

We personally know this to be the fact. Large numbers of whites who were registered, deliberately refused to vote. Now, let them, like men, stand up and take the results of their stubbornness and stupidity.

The Newark (N. J.) *Evening Journal*, an extreme Copperhead paper, is out for JOHNSON's nomination for the Presidency. The New York *Day Book* scouts HANCOCK as the "hangman of Mrs. Surratt," who deserves hanging for it! The Ohio Cops. are for PENDLETON, as is the Pittsburgh *Post*. The Hoosier Cops. are understood to be for Senator HENDRICKS; and the New-Yorkers are begging HORATIO SEYMOUR to withdraw his declination. None of them can come in.

THE HOUSE (Congress) has passed a bill providing for the taxation, by State Legislatures, of the Shares of Stock in National Banks, the rate of tax not to be greater than is assessed upon other moneyed capital in the hands of individual citizens of such States. There is little doubt of the SENATE's concurrence.

A KNOT of New York Copperheads are organizing to make Com. VANDERBILT of New York, their candidate for President! The Cops. are evidently "hard up," and their troubles are just beginning. GRANT will sweep the Nation from one end to the other.

HANCOCK writes a private letter, dated January 5, 1868, to state that he is determined "to carry out the laws," and says that if new laws are required it is for Congress to make them. He is improving.

ROBERT M. PATTON of Alabama, now Governor, has done much for Reconstruction, and the U. S. Senate has passed a bill to relieve him of his disabilities, and restore to him the right to vote.—The Cops. opposed the bill.

SECESSION papers in the South are howling fearfully over the prostration of the "Cotton" interest, which they say has been ruined by the War. But they forget that they made the War, and are responsible for all the consequences.

THERE are indications of an early adjournment of the Legislature. Congress will hardly adjourn before July.

THE SUPREME COURT AND RECONSTRUCTION.

The Copperheads have been again foiled in their attempt to get from the Supreme Court an opinion adverse to the constitutionality of the Reconstruction laws. On Monday the Court, through Justice Nelson, made an elaborate decision in the Georgia case adverse to the bill, and dismissing it for the want of jurisdiction, and at at its close stated the same principles applied to the McArdle case. The Court decided that the question involved and the right sought to be protected were exclusively political in their character, relating to sovereignty and government, and not to rights of persons or property, and that the Court had no jurisdiction, therefore, of the subject-matter of the bill. They cite the cases of the State of Rhode Island *vs.* State of Massachussetts, of the Cherokee Nation *vs.* State of Georgia, and other cases to show that the Court has no jurisdiction to decide a political question. It will be remembered that last year the Georgia case was brought before the court in the shape of a bill praying for an injunction to restrain Andrew Johnson, Edwin M. Stanton, U. S. Grant, Gen. Ord, and Gen. Pope from executing the Reconstruction laws in the States of Mississippi and Georgia.

BUT a few months since Copperhead journals labored hard to make it appear that Gen. GRANT was with the President and against Congress on the Reconstruction question. Now that these stories have been exploded, and GRANT's nomination as the Republican candidate for President has become certain, the entire Rebel press North and South have opened their batteries upon the great soldier, denouncing him in unmeasured terms. The last and meanest charge is the insinuation that he *drinks* and has been *drunk* on the streets of Washington. This is not the first time the country has heard of these miserable slanders. GRANT, according to these veracious gentlemen, was *drunk* at Donelson—*drunk* at Vicksburg—*drunk* in the Wilderness—*drunk* in front of Richmond—*drunk* at Appomattox Courthouse. Notwithstanding all which he managed to knock the Rebel Confederacy to pieces, and force LEE and the Rebel armies into unconditional surrender. The truth is, the Copperhead element of the country will never forgive GRANT for having so thoroughly and completely whipped their Rebel friends, and hence pursue him vindictively and malignantly. No matter. GRANT served up a Waterloo defeat for Southern Rebels in 1865, and therein squelched Treason in the field. He will finish up the job next November by squelching Treason in the Cabinet, in serving up an equally decisive Waterloo for Northern Copperheads.

"OLD DOCUMENTS ARE UGLY THINGS." GARRETT DAVIS of Kentucky realized this the other day in the U. S. Senate, when Senator MORRILL of Maine recalled a series of resolutions offered in the Senate by DAVIS, on the 13th of February, 1862, in which he asserted this doctrine:

> "If the people of any State cannot, or will not, reconstruct their State government and return to loyalty and duty, Congress should provide a government for such State *as a territory of the United States*, securing to the people thereof their appropriate Constitutional rights."

This assertion of what is known as the "territorial theory," sounds singular to a Kentucky Senator who now denounces Congressional exercise of a less power as monstrous usurpation. DAVIS, at that time, was a Unionist. Now, he is a rebel sympathizer. His principles, it will be seen, change with his political relations.

THE Grant and Johnson correspondence shows an apparent determination on the part of the latter to disregard the provisions of the Tenure of Office law—his complaint against GRANT being that GRANT obeyed the law and vacated the office when the Senate took action in the case, instead of holding the office, violating the law, and compelling STANTON to seek the intervention of the Courts.

We are glad to know that this conduct of the President is under consideration by the proper Committee. If it should be considered to justify the President's impeachment, appropriate action to that end will be taken, but probably not till after the passage of a pending bill providing the mode of procedure in such cases. JOHNSON may come to grief before Congress rises.

IT is charged that Justice FIELD of the U. S. Supreme Court has publicly committed himself on pending cases in his Court in advance of the hearing; and an investigation of the charge is now in progress.

We gave two weeks ago an opinion of Judge FIELD, not anticipating that its soundness would be so soon vindicated. His antecedents in California, of which we have recently heard more particulars, confirm our impressions of his inherent unfitness; and we join the Chicago *Post* in expressing the hope that Congress will feel justified in stripping the robe of office from the shoulders of one so utterly unqualified—by temper, mental habit and preparatory education, for his exalted position.

IN 1847, when General TAYLOR, after the Mexican War, became prominent as the possible Whig candidate for the Presidency the next year, the Administration of JAMES K. POLK, his Cabinet Ministers and hangers-on generally, undertook to entrap and "write down" the Hero of Buena Vista. The people resented the attempted injustice, and made him President by an overwhelming vote.

The incident is under repetition now—the characters only being changed. Instead of TAYLOR, GRANT is the target of official insolence; and instead of POLK and his pups, JOHNSON and his pimps are the assailants.

A VERY important report has recently been made in Congress showing that President JOHNSON *ordered the return to Southern railroad companies of property valued at* SEVENTY-EIGHT MILLIONS OF DOLLARS, captured by the military forces of the United States! On these roads the Government spent $45,000,000 during the War; so that JOHNSON's Southern railroad friends have "made a good thing" out of him. Congress proposes to overhaul the transaction, and give these companies—justice.

VALLANDIGHAM admits that the recent election in Ohio indicates a Republican majority next fall of from thirteen to twenty thousand. The Cincinnati *Gazette* says it won't compromise on less than forty thousand.

GEN. GRANT AND THE PRESIDENT.

Sharp Correspondence.

Last week, the correspondence between Gen. GRANT and President JOHNSON in reference to the Secretary of War, which had been called for by resolution of Congress, was sent in by Secretary Stanton and read. It is a lengthy and important correspondence, covering six letters, and produced much excitement, developing as it did a determination of the President to violate the Civil Tennre Act and ignore Congress, with a persistent effort to entrap Gen. GRANT into being a party to his infamous purposes—or rather, an effort to have Gen. GRANT assume the responsibility of doing what the President personally shrank from doing. We are unable to give the correspondence entire, and present only the salient points. The correspondence originated by Gen. GRANT receiving a *verbal* order from the President to disregard the orders of Mr. STANTON as Secretary of War. Warned by the persistent misrepresentations of the President and friends as to GRANT's connection with the re-instatement of STANTON, the Gen. in a note dated Jan. 24, requested the President to reduce this verbal order to writing and furnish him with a copy thereof. Receiving no answer, on the 28th, four days thereafter, Gen. GRANT again wrote to the President, renewing the request that the order be given in writing, and explains—

> I am compelled to ask these instructions in writing in consequence of the many gross misrepresentations, affecting my personal honor, circulated through the press the last fortnight, purporting to come from the President, of conversations which occurred with the President privately, in his office or in cabinet meeting. What is written admits of no misunderstanding.

Gen. GRANT goes on in this letter to refute the assertion made by JOHNSON and telegraphed over the country that in vacating the War office to give place to Secretary STANTON he acted in bad faith, and had violated his promise to the President not to yield the office to STANTON until compelled to do so by the Courts.—Gen. GRANT affirms that so far from agreeing or promising to become a party to the President's purpose to ignore the laws of the country, he distinctly notified the President that he would not do so.—On this point Gen. GRANT says:

> "Learning on Saturday, the 11th inst., that the Senate had taken up the subject of Mr. Stanton's suspension, after some conversation with Lieut.-General Sherman, and some members of my staff, in which I stated that the law left me no discretion as to my action should Mr. Stanton be reinstated, and that I intended to so inform the President, I went to the President for the sole purpose of making this decision known, and did so make it known. In doing this, I fulfilled the promise made in our last preceding conversation on the subject."

Next day, Jan. 29th, the President returned Gen. GRANT's letter of the 24th, with the following endorsement:

> "As requested in this communication, Gen. Grant is instructed in writing not to obey any order from the War Department assumed to be issued by direction of the President, unless such order is known by the General Commanding the Armies of the United States to have been authorized by the Executive.
>
> ANDREW JOHNSON.

It will be observed that the President, while shrinking from the responsibility of removing Secretary STANTON, or officially ignoring him by public proclamation, very cunningly seeks, in this endorsement, still to entrap Gen. GRANT by asking him to determine when and when not the orders of the War Department are to be obeyed. The General, however, wouldn't take, and on the same day again wrote to the President as follows:

> HEADQUARTERS ARMY UNITED STATES,
> WASHINGTON, Jan. 29th, 1868.
> *His Excellency Andrew Johnson, President of the United States.*
>
> SIR:—I have the honor to acknowledge the return of my note of the 24th inst., with your endorsement thereon that I am not to obey any order from the War Department assumed to be issued by direction of the President, unless such order is known by me to have been authorized by the Executive; and in reply thereto say that I am informed by the Secretary of War that he has not received from the Executive any order or instructions limiting or impairing his authority to issue orders to the army, as has heretofore been his practice under the law and the custom of the department. While this authority to the War Department is not countermanded, it will be satisfactory evicence to me that any orders issued from the War Deparment by direction of the President are authorized by the Executive.
>
> I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
> U. S. GRANT, General.

This manly note seems to have roused the ire of the President, who two days later (Jan. 31st) sends a long letter to Gen. GRANT, in which he repeats the charge that GRANT promised not to give up the War office to Secretary STANTON, and claims to be able to substantiate his allegations by admissions of Gen. GRANT made in presence of members of the Cabinet. To this letter Gen. GRANT, under date of Feb. 3, returns a caustic reply, which we give in full:

> HEAD'QRS ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES,
> WASHINGTON, D. C., February 3, 1868.
> *To His Excellency, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States:*
>
> SIR—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of the 31st ult., in answer to mine of the 28th ult. After a careful reading and comparison of it with the article in the *National Intelligencer* of the 15th ult., and with the article over the initials "J. B. S.," in the New York *World* of the 27th ult., purporting to be based upon your statement and that of the members of the Cabinet therein named, I find it to be but a reiteration, only somewhat more in detail, of the many and gross misrepresentations contained in those articles, and which my statement of facts, set forth in my letter of the 24th ult., was intended to correct; and herein I reassert the correctness of my statements in that letter, anything in yours to the contrary notwithstanding.
>
> I confess my suprise that the Cabinet officers referred to should so greatly misapprehend the facts in the matter of admissions alleged to have been made by me at the Cabinet meeting on the 14th ult., as to suffer their names to be made the basis of the charges in the newspaper article referred to, or agree to the accuracy, as you affirm they do, of your account of what occurred at that meeting.—You know we parted on the 11th ult., without any promise on my part, expressed or implied, to the effect that I would hold on to the office of Secretary of War *ad interim* against the action of the Senate, or declining to do so, would surrender it to you before such action was had, or that I would see you again at any fixed time on the subject. The performance of the promises alleged to have been made by me would have involved a resistance of the law and an inconsistency with the whole history of my connection with the suspension of Mr. Stanton. From our conversation and my written protest of August 1st, 1867, against the removal of Mr. Stanton, you must have known my greatest objection to his removal was the fear that some one would be appointed in his stead who would, by opposition to the laws relating to the restoration of the Southern States to their proper relations to the Government, embarress the army in the performance of the duties specially imposed upon it by the laws, and that it was to prevent such an appointment that I accepted the appointment of Secretary of War *ad interim*, and not for the purpose of enabling you to get rid of Mr. Stanton by withholding it from him in opposition to the law, or, not doing so myself, surrender to one who, as the statement and assumptions in your communication plainly indicate, was sought, and it was to avoid this danger as well as to relieve you from the personal embarrassment in which Mr. Stanton's reinstatement would place you, that I urged the appointment of Governor Cox, believing it would be agreeable to you and also to Mr. Stanton, satisfied as I was that it was the good of the country and not the office the latter desired.
>
> On the 13th ult., in the presence of General Sherman, I stated to you I thought Mr. Stanton would resign, but did not say I would advise him to do so. On the 18th, I did agree with General Sherman to go and advise him to that course, and on the 19th I had an interview at one o'clock with Mr. Stanton, which led me to the conclusion that any advice would be useless, and so informed General Sherman. Before I consented to advise Mr. Stanton to resign, I understood from him in conversation on the subject immediately on his reinstatement, that it was his opinion that the act of Congress entitled "an act temporarily to supply vacancies in the Executive Department in certain cases," approved Febuary 20th, 1863, was repealed by subsequent legislation, which materially influenced my action. Previous to this time I had no doubt that the law of 1863 was still in force, and notwithstanding my action, a fuller examination of the laws leaves a question in my mind whether it is or is not repealed. This being the case, I could not now advise resignation lest the same danger I apprehended in this first removal might follow.
>
> The course you would have it understood I agreed to pursue was in violation of law, and of orders by you, while the course I did pursue, and which I never doubted you fully understood, was in accordance with law, and not in disobedience to any orders of my superior. And now, Mr. President, when my honor as a soldier and integrity as a man has been so violently assailed, pardon me for saying that I can but regard this whole matter, from beginning to end, as an attempt to involve me in the resistance of law, for which you hesitated to assume the responsibility, in order thus to destroy my character before the country. I am, in a measure, confirmed in this conclusion, by your recent orders directing me to disobey orders from the Secretary of War, my superior, and your subordinate, without having countermanded the authority I am to disobey. With the assurance, Mr. President, that nothing less than a vindication of my personal honor and character could have induced this correspondence on my part, I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
> U. S. GRANT, General.

This letter, which virtually gives the *lie* to the President and arraigns him as a party to the attempt to "destroy his character before the country," closes the correspondence, as far as published. It is given out by the President's friends, however, that he has prepared a bitter reply to Gen. GRANT's letter, re-asserting his version as to the War Department difficulty, and sharply rebuking the General for alleged insubordination and insolence, and abusive of Congress. This rejoinder was to have been given to the public last week, but the latest despatches from Washington say that there is a "hitch" in the programme, several members of the Cabinet, on whom the President relied to endorse his version of what transpired in the Cabinet meetings referred to by Gen. GRANT, being reported as declining to "toe the mark." It is further said that some of the President's friends, alarmed by the action taken by the Reconstruction Committee, looking to impeachment, have advised the withholding of the rejoinder.

Upon the reading of the correspondence in the House, it was referred to the Reconstruction Committee, who have been taking testimony, to develop the President's attempt to obstruct the laws as shown in the correspondence. Gen. GRANT and others will be examined, the former of whom, it is said, is in possession of important information as to the President's purposes not hitherto made public. It is further reported that Judge BINGHAM, who resisted Impeachment when last before the House, is now in favor of decisive action.

Later advices from Washington represent that the President had mustered up courage enough to send his reply to Gen. GRANT, and it will probably be made public to-day.

JUDGE BLACK would like to be President. We would like to see him a candidate.

NEWS OF NEIGHBORING COUNTIES.

CUMBERLAND.—The 1st National Bank of Carlisle has elected the following officers: President, Hon. Samuel Hepburn; Cashier, Charles Hepburn Esq; Tellers, Messrs. John G. Orr, and Levi Brenneman.—The dwelling of George Worner, Dickinson township, was destroyed by fire, with furniture, clothing, &c. on the 24th ult.

BALTIMORE.—Last week a boy in the employ of Christian Hartzler, residing near Sweet Air, had occasion to shoot at a steer. The wife of Mr. Hartzler was in range of the gun, being unobserved by the boy.—The bullet passed entirely through the body of Mrs. H., having entered the groin and coming out at the small of the back. Mrs. H. is not expected to survive.

FRANKLIN.—On the morning of the 27th ult., an aged woman, named Dolly Myers, was found dead in her bed, at the residence of Mr. Samuel Leidig, near Orrstown. She had retired in unusually good spirits, and seemed entirely well.—One evening last week, while a daughter of John Shuman, of Chambersburg, was filling a burning lamp, the oil ignited, burning one of her hands badly and setting fire to the carpets and furniture; Mr. Shuman being present extinguished the flames.

FREDERICK.—Governor Swann has appointed Friday, the 21st instant, for the execution of the negro Jones, convicted in Frederick County Court for rape.—Five shares of 1st National Bank Stock of Frederick were sold last week at $151.21 per share, 15 shares do., at $150.00, 10 shares of Farmer's and Mechanics' National, at $145.75, 10 shares do., at $145.00, 6 shares do., at $145.65.

THE latest returns from Alabama leave the result of the State election doubtful, with a probability that the Constitution has been defeated for want of a majority of the registered vote being polled. A heavy storm of rain, making the roads impassable, prevented thousands from getting to the polls, while many freedmen were deterred from voting at all by the terrorism and threats of disloyal whites.

"Throw physic to the dogs; I'll none of it.
To make assurance doubly sure
I'll take"—PLANTATION BITTERS.
They never fail.

This great Stomach Healer is just what the people need. It is a remedy they can rely on. For Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Headache, Dizziness, Ague, Liver Complaints, Pains in the Side and Back, it has no equal; not the least among its virtues is its extreme pleasantness to the taste and *immediate* beneficial effect. Try it, suffering Dyspeptics, and be cured. Such are the assertions of those situated to know. From the vast amount of this article sold, it must have great merit.

Magnolia Water is a delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne and at half the cost. Feb. 12-2t

NO WONDER so many worthless medicines are advertised for the cure of various diseases, and when tried, "found wanting," that the invalid loses all faith in specifics. We have yet to learn, however, of the first failure of *Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry*, to cure coughs, colds, and pulmonary diseases. It

☞"Barrett's Vegetable Hair Restorative" took the First Premium over all competitors at the New Hampshire State Fair.—It stands confessedly without a rival throughout the country, and is driving all other preparations from the market.—*Philadelphia Public Ledger*. It

Personal Property Sales.

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, *on Friday, the 6th day of March next*, at his residence in Menallen township, Adams county, one mile west of Bendersville, on the Arendtsville road, the following Personal Property, viz:

1 BROOD MARE, with foal by a Jack, 2 young Horses, one an excellent Harness Horse, 4 good Milch Cows, which will be fresh or nearly so by the time of sale, 1 Teeswater Bull, 2 Calves, 11 Sheep, 1 Brood Sow with Pigs, and 9 Shotes, 3 narrow tread Wagons, 1 four horse, 1 two horse, and the other a one horse Spring Wagon, 2 new Seyler Plows, 2 Harrows, 1 Double Shovel Plow, Grain Drill, Horse Rake, Winnowing Mill, double and single Trees, Forks, Grindstone, Carriage Spread and double Harness with Check Lines, Horse Gears, Collars, Bridles, Lines, Wagon Saddle, Log Chain, Halter and Cow Chains, Horse Power Hay Fork with tackle, Shovel; also, Cider Barrels and pure Vinegar by the gallon. Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting in part of Safe, Sink, 6 Bedsteads (one a Cottage), 2 sets of Chairs—1 Cane Bottom, Rocking Chair, 2 Bureaus, Tables, Stoves, one a Cooking Stove (Niagara) and fixtures, a Parlor Stove, 2 Dinner and 1 Breakfast Tables, Clock, Desk, Stands, Churns, Milk Crocks, Iron Kettle, Wash Tubs, &c. The Furniture is nearly all new, and embraces all articles necessary for farming and housekeeping—too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence precisely at 9 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by A. J. BENDER.
JACOB MICKLEY, Auctioneer. [Feb. 5.-ts

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The subscriber will sell at Public Sale, *on Tuesday, the 10th day of March next*, at his residence in Freedom township, one mile north-west of Greenmount P. O., the following Personal Property, viz:

ONE HORSE, 2 Cows, 1 Buggy, as good as new and Harness, 1 Horse Wagon, 1 Horse Harness, Sleigh and Bells, Horse Blankets, Halters, Cow Chains, Riding Saddles, 1 Side Saddle, Riding Bridles, Fly Nets, Hoisting Ropes, Grain and Clover Cradles, Grindstone, Wheelbarrow, Crowbar, Mattock, Maul and Wedges, half Bushel, Baskets, Forks and Rakes, Cross-cut Saw, Hand Saw, Planes, Augers, Chisels, Drawing Knives, Shot Gun, lot 1½ inch Plank, Dung Boards, Scantling and other Lumber, 1 Scap Bees, Household Furniture, such as Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads, Cupboards, Flour Chest, Copper Kettle, Iron Pots, Barrels and Boxes, good Buffalo Robe, Crocks, Jugs, Churn and Buckets, together with many articles not mentioned.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by JOHN McCLEARY.

Also—At the same time and place, the under signed will sell at Public Sale, 1 GOOD FAMILY MARE, 2 Milch Cows, one of which will be fresh about the time of sale, 1 yearling Bull, 7 head of Shoats, 4 head of Sheep, 1 broad tread four horse Wagon, 1 Lime Bed, 1 Hay Carriage, 1 Winnowing Mill, Plows and Harrows, 1 Double Shovel Plow, 1 Single Shovel Plow, Corn Fork, double, single and three horse Trees, 3 sets Breechbands, 2 sets Front Gears, Collars and Bridles, Wagon Saddle, Riding Saddle, Halters, Cow Chains, Butt Chains, Fifth Chain, Forks, Rakes, &c.

Attendance will be given and terms made known by RUSH M. BIGHAM.
JACOB MICKLEY, Auctioneer. [Feb. 5.-ts

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

On Monday, the 24th of February next, at 9 o'clock A. M.
The undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence, near Fairfield, in Hamiltonban township, the following valuable Personal Property, viz:

FOUR HORSES, 2 two yearling Colts, 1 yearling Colt, 4 Milch Cows, 2 of which will be fresh about the time of sale, 1 Bull, 2 Steers and a lot of young Cattle, 1 Brood Sow and seven Shotes, 2 four-horse Wagons, 1 Spring Wagon calculated for 1 or 2 horses, Hay Carriages, Grain Drill, Self-discharging Hay Rake, 3 Plows, 2 Harrows, Double and Single Shovel Plows, Corn Coverer, Single, three-horse Trees and Spreaders, Winnowing Mill, Cutting Box, Grain Cradle, Scythes and Snaths, Forks, Rakes, Shovels, 2 Log Chains, 1 Fifth Chain, Breast Chains and Butt Chains, 2 sets of Breechands, 3 sets of Front Gears, Bridles and Collars, 2 Fly Nets as good as new, Riding and Wagon Saddles, Halters, Cow Chains, Maul and Wedges, Axes, and a great many other articles. Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, 2 Bedsteads, 1 large Kitchen Table, 1 Ten-plate Stove and Pipe, about 30 or 40 yards of Carpeting, Oil Cloth, and many other household articles.

☞Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by ADAM C. MUSSELMAN.
JACOB MICKLEY, Auctioneer. [Feb. 5.-ts

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The subscriber intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, *on Saturday the 28th day of March next, at 12 o'clock, M.*, at his residence, about ¼ mile from Beecher's Factory, in Butler township, on road leading to Arendtsville, the following Personal Property, to wit:

2 WORK HORSES, 1 yearling Colt, 1 Cow, 1 Heifer, 2 Sheep, 2 Shotes, broad tread two horse Wagon, nearly new, good Spring Wagon, 2 sets of Yankee Gears, 1 set Buggy Harness, Collars, Blind Bridles, Plow Line, Saddle and Bridle, 1 good Bendersville Plow, double and single Shovel Plows, Corn Fork, Dung or Lime Sled, Cutting Box, Grain Fan, Butt Traces, Log Chains, Spreaders, Double Trees, just new, Double-barreled Shot Gun, Cooking Stove and fixtures, Ten-plate Stove, and many other articles.

Attendance will be given and terms known on day of sale by SAMUEL LAWVER.
Feb. 5.—ts

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned, intending to remove from the county, will expose to Public Sale, *on Thursday, the 27th of February next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.*, at his residence in Butler township, near Roth's Mill, the following valuable Personal Property, to wit:

THREE HORSES, will work in any place they are hitched, 5 Milch Cows, 4 young Cattle, 3 Shotes, a three-horse Wagon, Spring Wagon, Hay Ladders, 2 Plows, 1 Harrow, 3 Corn Forks, double and single Trees, Spreaders, 2 sets Hind Gears, set Front Gears, set single Harness, Collars, Bridles, Saddles, Winnowing Mill, Rolling Screen, Cutting Box, Rakes, Forks, Shovels, and a great variety of other articles too numerous to mention. Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting in part of Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, Cupboards, Sink, Settee, Stands, 1 Parlor and 1 Ten-plate Stoves, with Pipe, one Drum, Churn, Benches, and a great variety of other articles.

Also—300 Bushels of Corn in the ears.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by JOHN HOOVER.
JOHN HANES, Auctioneer. [Jan. 29.-ts

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The subscriber, intending to quit farming and Housekeeping, will sell at Public Sale, *on Tuesday, the 3rd day of March next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.*, at his residence in Huntington township, Adams county, Pa., at the York Springs, 1 mile south-east of Petersburg, known as the York Springs Mills, the following Personal Property:

THREE HORSES, one excellent Brood Mare, heavy with foal, 1 Blooded Colt, 4 Milch Cows, which will be fresh or nearly so by time of sale, 3 head of young Cattle, 5 fine Shotes, 1 broad-tread three-horse Wagon with Bed, 1 Spring Wagon, Hay Carriage, 2 two-horse Plows, 2 Harrows, 2 Cultivators, 1 Ball Ohio Reaper and Mower combined, Threshing Machine and four-horse Power, Wire-tooth Rake, just new, 3 Buggies, 2 good as new, one a Falling-top, one Rockaway, and one a Trotting Buggy, 2 sets of Buggy Harness, 2 sets of Breechbands, 2 sets of Front Gears, Collars, Bridles, Lines, Whips, Halters, Cow Chains, Spreaders, double and single Trees, Hay and Dung Forks, Rakes, Mowing Scythes, Grain Cradle, 2 Grain Shovels, 1 new Reynolds Fanning Mill, 2 Sleighs, 3 string of Bells, Tools, Augers, Chisels, set of Sash Planes; also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting in part of Cooking Stove and fixtures, 2 ten-plate Stoves, Parlor Stove, lot of old Iron and metal, Pots, Kettles, Tubs, Churns, Barrel of Vinegar, Cupboards, Bureaus, Bedsteads and Bedding, Tables, Chairs, Chests, 2 Clocks—1 24-hour and 1 8-day, 2 Centre Tables—1 of them Mahogany, new hair-cloth Sofa, Wash-stand and Bowls, a large lot of Carpeting, and a great variety of other articles.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by HENRY DOTTARAR.
A. K. MYERS, Auctioneer.
If not all sold on said day, the sale will be continued until all is sold. [Jan. 29.-ts

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

On Friday the 28th of February next, at 10 o'clock A. M.
The subscriber intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence in Cumberland township, near the Emmittsburg road, two and a half miles from Gettysburg, the following Personal Property, to wit:

TWO GOOD MULES, 2 Mares with foal, 1 Colt, 3 Milch Cows, 3 head of Young Cattle, 4 Shoates, 1 four-horse narrow-tread Wagon, 1 Wagon for one or two horses, Lime Bed, Hay Carriage, Rockaway Buggy and Harness, Buggy Spread, Hind and Front Gears, Wagon Saddle, Blind Bridles, Collars, 2 Lines, a good Riding Saddle and Bridle, Halters, Log Chain, Fifth Chain, Breast Chains, Cow Chains, Spreaders, Jackscrew, Feed Trough, a first-rate Winnowing Mill, Grain Shovel, 2 Ploughs, 1 Subsoil Plough, Harrow, 2 Corn Forks, 3 Double and 1 Single Shovel Ploughs, Roller, single double and three-horse Trees, Grain Cradle, Clover Cradle, Scythes, Forks, Rakes, Cross-cut Saw, 2 Mattocks, Shovels, Crowbar, Grindstone, Maul and Wedges, Saw, Augers, a lot of Bacon, Grain by the Acre, and a great many other articles too numerous to mention.

☞Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by JACOB C. HERBST.
JOHN STALLSMITH, Auctioneer. [Jan 15-ts

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned intending to relinquish farming, will sell at Public Sale *On Thursday, the 27th day of February next, at 9 o'clock, A. M.*, at his residence in Straban township, Adams county, two miles east of Gettysburg, on the road leading from H. A. Picking's to the York Pike, the following Valuable Personal Property, to wit:

TWO GOOD HORSES,

one a Brood Mare, the other a Colt, rising 3 years, 3 good Milch Cows, 2 Bulls, one a full blooded Durham, the other a half blooded Durham, 2 Heifers, both half blooded Durhams, the one coming in profit this spring, 3 No. 1 Cotswold Sheep, 4 head of Shoats, a good two-horse Wagon, Lime and Wood Bed, Hay Carriages, 2 sets of Gears, 2 set of Harness, one double and the other single, 2 sets Check Lines, Plow Line, Blind Bridles, Collars, Government Saddle and Bridle, 3 sets of Housens, Halters and Chains, Log Chain, Cow Chains, Rail Chains, Breast Chains, Threshing Machine, with Horse Power and Double Shaker attached, all in good order, Royer's Patent Fodder Cutter and Grinder, Winnowing Mill, Russel's Screw Power Reaper and Mower, Horse Rake, Rockaway Carriage, for one or two horses, Ploughs, Harrows, Large Cultivator, Roller, Corn Fork, Double Corn Plough, Double and Single Trees, Forks, Rakes, Grain Cradles, Mowing Scythes, Clover Cradle, Corn Hoes, Half Bushel Measure, Mattock, Shovels. Also, Corn and Oats by the bushel, and one Stack of Hay, also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting in part of a Cooking Stove, a good Ten-plate Stove, Parlor Stove, Copper Kettle, Washing Machine, Tubs, Barrels, boxes, and many other articles.

☞Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale, by DANIEL CASHMAN.
JOHN STALLSMITH, Auctioneer. [Jan. 22.-ts

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The subscriber intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, *on Thursday, the 12th day of March next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.*, at his residence three and one-half miles west of Gettysburg, formerly Trostle's Mill, on Marsh Creek, the following Personal Property, to wit:

THREE HEAD OF HORSES, all calculated for either Saddle or Harness, 2 of them Mares with foal, 4 Milch Cows, 1 Bull, 1 Heifer, 5 head of Sheep, 2 Shotes, 2 Broad tread four horse Wagons, 1 Wagon bed, 1 pair of Wood Ladders, 1 Hay Carriage, 1 pair Hay Ladders, 1 small Sled, 2 Rockaway Buggies and Harness, 1 pair of hind Gears, 3 set of front Gears, Wagon Saddle, Blind Bridles, Collars, 3 Lines, 2 Riding Bridles, Wagon Whip, 2 Fly Nets, Halters and Cow Chains, Log Chains, Rough Lock, Threshing Machine, Breast Chains, Butt-traces, Spreaders, Feed-trough, Winnowing Mill, Cutting Box, 1 three-horse Plow, 2 two horse Plows, 2 Harrows, 2 Corn Forks, 2 Single Shovel Plows, Single, Double and 3 Horse Trees, 1 Grain Drill, 1 Wire-tooth Hay Rake, 1 Revolving Hay Rake, 2 Grain Cradles, 1 Clover Seed Cradle, 2 Mowing Scythes, Forks, Rakes, 1 Mattock, Shovels, Grindstone, Barrels, Boxes, 3 set of Dung Boards, lot of Bags, Hand Saw, and a great number of other articles.

☞Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by JOHN W. WEIGLE.
JACOB MICKLEY, Auctioneer. [Jan. 22-ts

Personal Property Sales.

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The subscribers, Executors of the Estate of Daniel Baker (Potter), late of Hamilton township, Adams county, deceased, will expose to Public Sale, *on Friday and Saturday, February 21st and 22nd*, at his late residence, 1 mile north of Abbottstown, on the road leading from said place to Hoke's Mill, the following Personal Property, to wit:

FOUR HORSES, one of which is a Mare heavy with foal, 1 yearling Colt, 5 Milch Cows, 2 Heifers 2 Bulls—one fit to kill, 1 Brood Sow, heavy with pig, 9 Shotes, 1 Reaper and Mower, two narrow tread Wagons and Beds, one-horse Wagon, Carriage, Threshing Machine and Horse Power, 1 Spring tooth Hay Rake, 2 sets Hay Ladders, Plows, Harrows, Shovel Plows, Corn Forks, Roller, Double and Single Trees, Spreaders, Log Chains, Cow Chains, Winnowing Mill, Cutting Box, Wheelbarrow, Grain Drill, Flax Break, Grain and Clover-seed Cradles, Scythes and Snathes, Log Sled, Sleigh and Bells, 2 sets of Carriage Harness, 2 sets of Breechbands, 3 sets of front Gears, Collars, Bridles, Halters, Halter Chains, 2 Side Saddles, Wagon Saddles, Grain Shovels, Rakes, Forks, Grain Bags, Maul and Wedges, Axes, Mattocks, Grind stone, Crowbar and a great variety of other Farming Utensils. Also, 2 Wheels, Clay Mill, Glazing Mill, Mortar and Pestle, and other articles belonging to a Pottery, 1 Carpenter's Work Bench, Drawing-knives and Ladders. Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting in part of two Ten-plate Stoves and Pipe, Bedsteads and Bedding, Clock, Corner Cupboards, 2 Iron Kettles, Iron Pots, Copper Kettle, Tables, Chairs, Stands, Looking Glasses, Chests, 2 Watches, Sausage Cutter and Stuffer, Lard Press, 75 yards of Carpeting, Flax Heckels, Wool Wheel, Spinning Wheels and Reel, Tubs, Churn, Barrels, Meat Vessels and a lot of Smoked Meat, and Lard by the pound. Also, a Scap of Bees, a Magnetic Machine, a lot of old Iron, and a great many articles too numerous to mention.

☞Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on said days, when attendance will be given and terms made known by
GEO. H. BAKER,
DANIEL S. BAKER, } Exr's.
J. F. KOEHLER, Auctioneer. [Jan. 22.-ts

PUBLIC SALE
OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, *on Saturday, the 7th day of March next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.*, at his residence in Straban township, on the road leading from New Chester to the York pike, and two miles east from Hunterstown,

2 HEAD OF GOOD WORK HORSES, both nine years old, 3 head of First-rate Milch Cows, two of which will have Calves about the time of sale, 1 two horse wagon with Bed, 1 two horse family Carriage, with Harness, 2 new Cart Wheels, 2 long Ploughs, 1 double Shovel Plough, 1 single Shovel Plough, 2 Corn Forks, 1 Corn Cover, 1 Corn Planter Warren's patent, 1 Harrow, Log Chain, 1 two horse Sled, 1 Wheat Fan, 1 Rowling Scrane, 1 ground Roller, 1 Grain Rake, Hay and Dung Forks, Rakes and Ladders, 2 Cross-cut Saws, 1 Crowbar, 1 Pick, Maul and Wedges, Post Auger and Boring Machine, Post Axe, 1 set of Coopering tools and Carpenter tools, 2 sets of Hind Gears, Collars and Bridles, Wagon Saddles, Lines and Riding Bridles, Hay by the ton, 10 Acres of Wheat in the ground, 1 Flax-break, Single and Double Trees; also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, 1 Parlor Stove, 1 Corner Cupboard, 1 Clock, 1 Case of Drawers, 1 Table and Chairs, and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by HENRY SPECK.
ANDREW POTTORF, Auctioneer. [Jan. 29.-ts

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The subscribers intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, *on Thursday, the 20th day of February next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.*, at their residence in Straban township, one mile west of Hunterstown, the following valuable Personal Property, to wit:

FIVE HORSES, one yearling Colt, 5 Milch Cows, 6 head of young Cattle, 1 fat Bull, 6 head of Sheep, 3 Shotes, Screw-power Reaper, York Seeder, Four-horse narrow tread Wagon, Spring Wagon, for one or two horses, Carriage Top, Sleigh, Hay Ladders, 2 Iron Plows, Harrows, Single and Double Shovel Plows, Corn Coverer, Cultivators, Single and Double Trees, Horse Gears, Saddles, Bridles, Winnowing Mill, Cutting Box, Log Chain, Grain Cradle, Wood Ladders, Wheelbarrow, Sled, Scutching Mill, Grindstone, Cross-cut Saw, Maul and Wedges, Screw power Hay Fork with rope and pullies, and a great many other articles.

☞Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by MARY L., & JAMES E. GRAFT.

At the same time and place, the undersigned will offer at Public Sale, their thorough-bred Alderney Bull, from imported stock, purchased two years ago. The reasons for offering the Bull for sale at this time, are, that having a number of Heifers and Calves of his get, we do not wish to breed the same to him, and thus by breeding in and in, deteriorate the stock. Terms made known on day of sale by H. J. MYERS & CO.
Jan. 22-ts

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, *on Tuesday, the 25th day of February next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.*, at his residence, in Straban township, Adams county, two miles east of Gettysburg, on the road leading to Hanover, the following valuable Personal Property, to wit:

FOUR WORK HORSES, one a good Family Horse, and all calculated for either saddle or harness, one yearling Colt, 3 Milch Cows, will all be fresh about the first of April, 3 head of young Cattle, 5 good Shotes, 1 brood Sow, 15 head of No. 1 Sheep, 1 narrow-tread Wagon for two or three horses, 2 Spring Wagons, Hay Carriages, 2 Plows, 2 Harrows, Corn Forks, Corn Coverer, Shovel Plows, double, single and three-horse Trees, Spreaders, Sleigh, Roller, 1 Buggy, a no. 1 Winnowing Mill, Cutting-box, 2 Grain Cradles, Scythes and Snaths, Hay Rakes, Forks, Rakes, Shovels, 2 Log Chains, Cow Halter and Breast Chains, Butt Traces, 2 sets of Breechbands, 2 sets Front Gears, Collars, Bridles, Cruppers, 1 set of Carriage Harness, 3 Fly Nets good as new, Plow Line, 2 Riding Saddles and Bridles, 2 Hand Saws, Augers—one a two-inch, Planes, Chisels, Work Bench and Vice, Maul and Wedges, Axes, and a great many other articles. Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting in part of Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads, Cupboards, 2 Stoves—one a Parlor Stove, and many other household articles.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by WILLIAM HOWARD.
JOHN STALLSMITH, Auctioneer. [Jan. 29.-ts

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The subscriber, intending to quit farming, will expose to Public Sale, *on Wednesday, the 26th day of February next*, at his residence, ¼ mile west of Arendtsville, the following Personal Property, to wit:

FOUR HEAD OF GOOD WORK MARES, will work well any place you hitch them—one heavy with foal, 2 Colts, one rising two years old, the other one year, 5 head of Milch Cows, one of which will be fresh about the time of sale, 1 Heifer, 3 Bulls, a lot of good Sheep, 2 four-horse Wagons—one broad-tread nearly new, the other narrow-tread, Fancy Spring Wagon, with Oil-cloth top—suitable for one or two horses, Lime Bed, pair of good Hay Ladders, Threshing Machine, good Grain Fan, Wire-tooth Hay Rake, Grain Drill, 2 good Plows, 2 Harrows, single Shovel Plow, 2 Corn Forks, Log Chain, two-horse Spreaders, Breast Chains, Butt Chains, Cow Chains, two and three-horse Double Trees, Single Trees, 2 sets of Breechbands, 2 sets of Front Gears, Wagon saddle, Collars, Bridles, Line, Fly Nets, Whip, Mattock, Forks, Rakes, Cutting-box, Riding Bridles, Cross-cut Saw, 2 Grain Cradles, Barrels, Tubs, Potatoes by the bushel, Bedsteads and Bedding, and a great many other articles.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by JACOB MINTER.
JACOB MICKLEY, Auctioneer.
There will be no intoxicating liquors allowed on the ground. [Jan. 29.-ts*

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned, intending to quit farming, will expose to Public Sale, *on Thursday, the 5th day of March next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.*, at his residence in Petersburg, Y. S., the following valuable Personal Property, to wit:

THREE HORSES, one a dappled grey of 7 years, the others a pair of matched blacks 6 years old, 5 Milch Cows, two of which will be fresh about the time of sale, 2 head of young Cattle, 4 Shotes, 1 four-horse broad-tread Wagon—partly new, one-horse Wagon, 3 sets of Gears, two Breechbands and one set Cruppers, 2 sets single Harness, Blind Bridles, Collars, Lines, 3 Plows, Harrow, Corn Fork, Shovel Plow, 2 Cultivators, Spreaders, double and single Trees, 3 Halter and 5 Cow Chains, Log and Fifth Chains, Jack Screw, Forks, Rakes, Shovels, Pick, Mattock, Digging Iron, Grindstone, Wheelbarrow, and many other articles. Also, Hay by the ton, Wheat, Corn, Oats, and Potatoes by the bushel, Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting in part of Tables, Chairs, Cupboard, Chests, Sink, Stands, 6 Stoves—2 Cooking, 2 Ten-plate, 1 Parlor and 1 Sheet Iron, Queensware, Tinware, 4 Bedsteads and Bedding, 100 yards Carpet, all good, 10 Crocks Apple Butter, near 300 weight of pickled and dried Beef and Pork, and about one hundred weight of Lard, Hoes, Tubs, Barrels, Boxes, and a great variety of other articles.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by SAMUEL SHELLEY.
A. K. MYERS, Auctioneer. [Jan. 29.-ts*

VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY
AT PUBLIC SALE.

The subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, *on Wednesday, the 4th day of March next*, at his residence in Cumberland township, about two miles west of Gettysburg, on the Chambersburg pike, the following valuable Personal Property, viz:

3 HEAD OF GOOD WORK HORSES, one three-year old, 2 good Mules, a Blooded Colt, 8 months old, sired by the thorough bred horse "Cashier," owned by Dr. T. T. Tate, and which took the first premium at the Gettysburg Fair, a three-year old Colt, 4 good Milch Cows, one of which will be fresh by time of sale, 3 Heifers, 2 Bulls, one a Durham two year old and the other a Devan one year old, which also took the first premium at the Fair, 10 head of extra South down Sheep, a two horse Wagon, a two seat Carriage, a falling top Buggy, a Spring tooth Hay Rake, Windmill of Reynold's patent, Feed Cutter, Threshing Machine and Horse Power, 2 Barshear Ploughs, 2 Harrows, double and single Shovel Ploughs, Corn Fork, one three horse and two double Trees, Spreaders, Single Trees, Wheelbarrow, Horse Gears, 2 sets of Breechbands, 2 sets of Front Gears, 2 Housings, Wagon Saddle, Harness, Collars and Bridles, Fly Nets, Check-lines, Plow-lines, Halters, Cow Chains, Buggy Spread, Wagon Whip, Forks, Rakes, Crowbars, Dung Hook, Mattocks, Picks, Axes, Grindstone, Scythes, Corn Choppers; also, Cook Stove and Fixtures, Bedsteads, and a variety of Household and Kitchen Furniture, and other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale will commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by CHARLES B. POLLEY.
JACOB MICKLEY, Auctioneer. [Jan. 29.-ts

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned will sell at Public Sale, *on Tuesday, the 10th day of March next, at 12 o'clock, M.*, at his residence, in Straban township, Adams county, on the road leading from the Harrisburg road to Bender's Church, about two and a half miles from Hunterstown, a variety of valuable Personal Property, consisting of 3 head of Horses, two being Work Horses, the other a two-yearling Colt, 4 Cows, 1 Heifer, 4 large Brood Sow, 2 Shoats, 2 sets of Breechbands, 2 sets of Front Gears, 2 sets Traces, Cow and Halter Chains, two and three-horse Plow, double-shovel Plow, Harrow, Cultivator, Double and Single Trees, a large new Hay-Carriage, and a variety of other articles too numerous to mention.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by J. W. FIDLER.
JOHN STALLSMITH, Auctioneer. [Jan. 29.-ts

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The subscriber, intending to quit farming, will offer at Public Sale, *on Saturday, the 22nd day of February next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.*, at his residence in Hamiltonban township, about 3 miles north of Millerstown, on the road leading to Cashtown, the following valuable Personal Property, to wit:

THREE HORSES, one a No. 1 saddle horse, 2 Colts, 3 Milch Cows, 12 head of young Cattle, among which are 3 Heifers heavy with calf, 7 head of Sheep, 1 four-horse broad-tread Wagon, two-horse Spring Wagon with Harness, Corn Sheller, 3 Plows, Shovel Plow, two-horse Sled, Self-raking Reaper, and a great many other articles.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by WILLIAM WALKER.
[illegible], Auctioneer. [Jan. 29.-ts

Personal Property Sales.

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The subscriber, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale at his residence, two miles north-east of Gettysburg, on the Harrisburg road, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, MARCH 5TH and 6TH, 1868, the following Personal Property, to wit:

THREE HEAD OF WORK HORSES—all calculated for either saddle or harness, one a Mare heavy with foal, 1 Stallion 6-years old—General Taylor stock—very gentle, and broken to work anywhere; 2 Colts, one 3 years old and one 2 years old; 5 Milch Cows; one thorough-bred Ayrshire Bull, 20 months old—pedigree can be had on day of sale; one Half-blood 7 months old; 1 Short-horn, 4 years old, 1 do., 2 months old; 3 Heifers, good stock; 3 Brood Sows, Chester breed; 14 Shoats, all Chester; 16 head of improved Sheep, Cotswold breed—most of them having been selected from the best stock in Virginia in the fall of 1866; 3 Wagons—one Broad tread light four-horse, one light two-horse, one Spring do.; 1 Cart—broad-tread; 1 Lime-bed, just new; 1 Falling-top Buggy, as good as new; 1 Threshing Machine, with 16 foot Shaker attached; 2 Harrisburg Fanning Mills, Reynold's Patent; 1 Clover Huller, just new—Reiff's Patent—the best in use; 1 Chopping Mill—Bear's Patent—calculated to chop all kinds of grain; 2 horse Hay Forks; 3 Corn Crushers, for chopping corn in ears; 6 Combined Reaping and Mowing Machines, 2 of them second-hand; 2 Mowers, Ohio and Buckeye Patent; 5 Sulkey Corn Ploughs; 6 Wire-tooth Hay Rakes; 4 Grain Drills, with Guano attachment, warranted to do good work; Sleigh, 4 Ploughs, 2 Harrows, 1 Double Shovel Plough, 1 Single do., Corn Cultivator, Corn Coverer, 7 Corn Shellers—one calculated for either horse or hand power, Jackscrew, Fifth Chain, Log Chains, 2-horse Spreader, 2 1-horse do., Double and Single Trees, Halters, Cow Chains, Butt Chains, Breast Chains, Traces, Feed Trough, Rail Carriage, 1 set heavy Elliptic Springs—one 7 ply the other 6, Mattocks, Pick, Broad-axe, Hand axe, Forks, Rakes, Bag Wagon, Cutting Box, Horse Gears, Breechbands, Front Gears, Plough Gears, 1 set wheel Mule Gears, Cart Gears, 1-horse Harness, 1 set Ambulance Harness, Carriage Harness, Bridles and Collars, Fly Nets as good as new, Five-horse Line, Plough Lines, Wagon Saddle, Riding Bridles, a lot of Barrels, Boxes, &c.

☞Sale to commence at 9 o'clock A. M., on said days, when attendance will be given and terms made known by WILLIAM WIBLE.
JOHN STALLSMITH, Auctioneer. [Jan. 15.-ts

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned intending to relinquish farming, will sell at Pubic Sale, *on Thursday, the 13th day of February next at 9 o'clock, A. M.*, on the premises, in Freedom township, Adams county, on the road leading from the Emmittsburg road to Nunnemaker's Mill, about 5 miles from Gettysburg, the following valuable Personal Property, to wit:

FIVE HEAD OF HORSES, 2 of which are Stallions, 2 Colts, one 2 and one 3 years old, 3 Milch Cows, 7 head Young Cattle, 3 Brood Sows, 30 head of Shotes, 4 Wagons, 1 Broad-tread, 1 narrow-tread, 1 two and three-horse, and 1 Spring Wagon, Lime and Wood Beds, Carriage, Winnowing Mill, 2 McCormick and Manny Reapers, Grain Drill with Bone-dust Sower attached, Wire Tooth Hay Rake, 2 Corn-Planters, one a Sulky Corn-Plow and Planter, Cutting Box, Double and Single Shovel Plows, Grain Cradles, Scythes, 4 Plows, 2 Harrows, 3 Spreaders, Double and Single Trees, Jack Screw, Jack Arter, Corn Forks, Log and Fifth Chains, Lot of Bags, Wheelbarrow, Mattocks, Axes, Horse Gears, Wagon Saddle, Riding Bridles, and many other articles. Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture.

☞Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by JAMES BIGHAM.
JACOB MICKLEY, (D. of D.,) Auctioneer. [Jan. 22.-ts

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned, Trustee of John C. Hoecht and Wife, will sell at Public Sale, *on Thursday, the 20th day of February next*, at their residence in Latimore township, Adams county, near the old Baltimore road, a half mile from Deardorff's Mill, and one and a half miles east from Petersburg, the following valuable Personal Property, to wit:

FOUR WORK HORSES, a two year old Colt, 6 head of Milch Cows, 4 head of Young Cattle, 2 Hogs, 2 four-horse Wagons—one a broad-tread, Hay Carriage, Fanning Mill, Scutching Mill, Threshing Machine, Wire-tooth Hay Rake, 2 Plows, 2 Harrows, single Shovel Plow, 2 Corn Forks, 2 two horse Spreaders, double and single Trees, Feed Trough, 2 sets of Breechbands, 2 sets of Cruppers, Blind Bridles, Collars, Lines and Halters, Wagon Saddle, 1 set of Harness, 6 Cow Chains, Sled, Rakes and Forks, Jackscrew, Grindstone, Axe, a lot of Chestnut Rails and Posts, Work Bench, a set of Blacksmith's Tools, Rifle.—Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting in part of Cooking Stove and Pipe, 1 Bureau, 2 Bedsteads, and a great many articles not herein mentioned.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by JESSE CLINE, Trustee.
Jan. 29.-ts*

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned will sell at Public Sale *on Tuesday, the 10th day of March next, at 9 o'clock, A. M.*, at his residence, in Union township, Adams county, about three-fourths of a mile north-east of Littlestown, near the Bonaughtown and Hanover road, the following Personal Property, viz:

THREE HEAD OF HORSES, 2 Colts, 1 three years, the other two years old, 5 Milch Cows, 1 Bull, two years old, 5 head of Sheep, 1 brood Sow, 6 Shotes, 2 Wagons, both narrow-tread, Stone Bed, Hay Carriage, as good as new, Threshing Machine with Horse-power and Gearing all in first-rate order, Winnowing Mill, 2 good Plows, 2 Harrows, 2 Shovel Plows, 2 Corn Forks, Cultivator, 1 Buckeye Reaper, Wire Hay Rake, Spring Wagon and Gears, 2 sets Hind Gears, 3 sets front Gears, 4 Fly Nets, Bridles, Collars, Lines, Roller, Sleigh and Bells, Double, Single and Three-horse Trees, Log, Halter and Cow Chains, Forks, Shovels, Rakes, Mattocks, Grindstone, Grain Cradle, lot of Bags, Meat Vessels, Barrels, about 600 weight of Pork and a quantity of Lard by the pound, and a number of other articles.

☞Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by ISAAC BASEHOAR.
JACOB KLUNK, Auctioneer. [Jan. 22.-ts

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned intending to relinquish farming, will sell at Public Sale, *on Wednesday, the 26th day of February next, at 9 o'clock, A. M.*, at his residence, in Freedom township, on the road leading from Gettysburg to Nunnemaker's Mill, the following valuable Personal Property, to wit:

FOUR WORK HORSES, 1 Colt rising three years, 4 head of Milch Cows, all will be fresh about time of sale, 5 head of young Cattle, 2 Sheep, Sow and Pigs, 9 Shotes, 1 four-horse narrow tread Wagon, Spring Wagon, Buckeye Reaper, Grain Drill, Sleigh, four-horse Sled, Hay Rake, 2 Barshear Plows, Hay Carriage, Grain Cradle, Mowing Scythes, 2 Single Shovel Plows, 2 Harrows, 2 Corn Forks, 2 sets Hind Gears, 2 sets Front Gears, 1 set Single Harness, Collars, Bridles, Halters, Riding Saddle and Bridle, 3 Log Chains, Jack Screws, Double, Single and three-horse Trees, Mattocks, Crowbar, Pick, Hoes, Shovels, Forks, Rakes, Grindstone, 1 pair Sled runners, Bells.—Also, a set of Blacksmith tools, and a lot of Carpenter and Wagon-maker's tools. Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting in part of Air-tight Cooking Stove, with all the fixtures, one Ten-plate Stove and Pipe, Sink, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

☞Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by FRANCIS CUNNINGHAM.
REUBEN GULDEN, Auctioneer. [Jan. 29.-ts*

Real Estate Sales.

CHESTNUT LAND
AT PRIVATE SALE.

I will sell 160 ACRES, 2 miles west of Millerstown.—The Timber is principally Chestnut with some Black Oak and Walnut. The land is easy of access and the soil first-rate.

100 Acres can be easily cleared and the Timber will pay for the land and clearing, as a portion of it will cut 1000 Rails to the Acre. There are two capital Springs on the Tract. It will be sold in a body for $8.00 per acre; or in lots to suit—together it would make a nice Farm for a man with small means. ☞For terms.

Address JNO. B. PAXTON.
Fairfield, Pa., Dec. 4, 1867.-tf

A FIRST CLASS FARM
AT PRIVATE SALE.

Within two miles of Gettysburg, on the Harrisburg road, with all necessary improvements, and in prime order. I will sell from 100 to 160 Acres, to suit purchasers. Terms reasonable.—For further information, apply to

WM. WIBLE,
Gettysburg, Pa.
Sept. 18-tf

VALUABLE TANNERY
AT PRIVATE SALE.

The subscriber, wishing to give up the Tanning business, offers at Private Sale, his valuable TANNERY, situate on South Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa., including Brick Beam Shop with 1 pool, 2 limes, and six handlers; Brick Currying Shop; Brick and Frame Bark Mill House; 38 lay-away Vats on the yard, with 8 Leeches and room to add any additional number—constant running Spring water, never-failing, in tan-yard and shops. This Tannery is located in a region where good Bark is abundant at reasonable prices. Possession of the Tannery will be given to the purchaser immediately, if desired, with a supply of bark to run it.

There is besides a large Two-story BRICK DWELLING on the property, with Spring House, Smoke House, Wood Shed, Barn, Corn Crib, Wagon Shed and other outbuildings, with a well of water and also hydrant at kitchen door, with running water through Spring House. There is a variety of best quality of growing Grapes and Fruit on the premises. The property is in good condition, and in every respect a most desirable residence and business stand.

Also, will be sold, A LOT OF GROUND adjoining above, containing 1½ Acres, more or less, with an Apple Orchard and a first-class Spring and Bathing Establishment on it.

Also, A LOT OF GROUND, on the Emmittsburg road, one-half mile from town, containing 8 Acres, which the purchaser can also have, if desired.

☞Persons desiring to view the premises, or ascertain further particulars, will address the subscriber, residing in Gettysburg, Pa. JOHN WINEBRENNER.
Sept. 18.-tf

A DESIRABLE
TOWN PROPERTY
AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale, the old DOBBIN DWELLING, at the junction of the Taneytown and Emmittsburg roads, in the borough of Gettysburg. The house is substantially built, of stone, and contains twelve large rooms. There is a strong, never-failing Spring of first rate water in the basement and 1½ Acres of land connected with it. The location is a very pleasant one, and with a little additional outlay this could be made one of the most comfortable and desirable homes in the borough or its vicinity.

Nov. 13, 1867-tf JOHN RUPP.

FARMS FOR SALE.

I will sell the Farms,

No. 1. Lying on the Harrisburg and Gettysburg road between York Springs and Heidlersburg, containing 137 ACRES, with improvements, now occupied by James Miller. Price $35 per acre.

No. 2. Lying on the Carlisle and New Oxford road, between Heidlersburg and New Chester, containing 145 ACRES, with good improvements, now occupied by George J. Shank. Price $30 per acre.

Terms: One half to be paid on the delivery of the deed; the balance to suit the purchaser, either in cash or in first judgment Bonds of not less than $300 for No. 1, and $400 for No. 2, to be paid annually with interest.

☞These farms are patented, lie handsomely and have been limed.

May 29, 1867.-tf W. F. BONNER.

WESTERN PRE-EMPTION LANDS.

I have on hand a few TRACTS of No. 1, second hand, pre-emption Lands located near Railroads, County Towns, &c., in well settled neighborhoods, which I will sell, or exchange at a fair price for Real Estate in Adams county, Pa. GEO. ARNOLD.
Feb. 5, 1868-tf

The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg, Wednesday, Feb. 12, 1868.

PREMIUMS FOR NEW SUBSCRIBERS.—Our friends will bear in mind that any one of our *present* subscribers sending in the names of *four* new subscribers, with the cash in advance ($2 per annum), will receive a credit of one year's subscription on their own account—in other words, for each new subscriber sent in, accompanied by the cash, a PREMIUM OF FIFTY CENTS is allowed as a credit on *present* subscriptions. Some of our subscribers have thus paid their own paper for two and three years in advance. The same opportunity is offered to *all*. Who willl signalize the new year by doing likewise?

SALES.—The following sales of Personal Property, to take place this spring, will be found in our advertising column:

Feb. 13.—James Bigham, Freedom tp.
" 20.—M. L. & J. E. Graft, Straban tp.
" " —Jesse Cline, Trustee, Latimore tp.
" 21 & 22.—Daniel Baker's Exr's, Hamilton tp.
" 22.—William Walter, Hamiltonban tp.
" 24.—Adam C. Musselman, Hamiltonban tp. near Fairfield.
" 25.—Wm. Howard, Straban tp.
" " —Dr. John Carpenter, Franklin tp.
" 26.—Jacob Minter, Franklin tp.
" " —Francis Cunningham, Freedom tp.
" 27.—Daniel Cashman, Straban tp.
" " —John Hoover, Butler tp.
" 28.—Jacob C. Herbst, Cumberland tp.
Mar. 2.—Adm's of Michael Carl dec'd., Berwick tp.
" 3.—Henry Dottarar, Huntington tp.
" " —Adm's of Frederick Stocksleger, Franklin tp.
" 4.—Chas. B. Polley, Cumberland tp.
" 5.—Samuel Shelly, Huntington tp.
" 5 & 6.—Wm. Wible, Straban tp.
" 6.—A. J. Bender, Menallen tp.
" " —John A. Shugh, Butler tp.
" 7.—Henry Speck, " "
" " —Hezekiah Latshaw, Franklin tp.
" 10.—Isaac Basehoar, Union tp.
" " —J. McCleary and Rush M. Bigham, Freedom tp
" " —J. W. Fiddler, Straban tp.
" " —Cyrus S. Griest, Butler tp.
" 12.—J. W. Weigle, Highland tp.
" 17—Jesse Cook, Latimore tp.
" 26.—Sarah Heller, Menallen tp.
" 28.—Samuel Lawver, Butler tp. near Beecher's Factory.

ORPHANS COURT.—An adjourned Orphans Court will be held on the 25th of March, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

☞JACOB MORISON, of Hamilton township, a few days ago, sold to a Lancaster county farmer, a colt three months old, for $85 cash.

FRANKLIN ZOUAVES.—This Company will meet, in full dress, on the 22d of February, in Arendtsville, at 9 A. M., for drill and parade. Every member is expected to be present.

NOMINATED.—The President has nominated W. HOWARD LONGWELL, (formerly of this place,) as Post Master at Pit Hole, Pennsylvania, but the Senate has not yet acted upon the nomination.

COLD WEATHER.—The weather during the last week has been intensely cold, the mercury occasionally dropping below zero. Occasional falls of snow has made the sleighing very fine, and the merry tinkling of bells shows that it is being enjoyed.

WILD CATS SHOT.—Mr. EPHRAIM SANDERS, of Hamiltonban township, in September last, shot a Wild Cat, which measured four feet three inches, and on the 27th ult., shot another, which measured four feet two inches.

DONATION.—We learn that on the 1st inst., some of the members of the Evangelical Lutheran Church, at New Oxford, presented their pastor, Rev. Dr. HAUER, $40 in greenbacks, as an evidence of their appreciation of his services.

☞W. W. KURTZ, Esq., formerly of this place, has been chosen President of the North American Life and Accident Insurance Company, Philadelphia. Mr. K. is a gentleman of rare business capacity, and while his selection for this responsible position is a high compliment to his integrity and executive ability, it will bring confidence to the company itself.

IRON ORE.—The Iron Ore Bank opened on the Comfort farm in Franklin township yields abundantly. We learn that from the 19th of October to the 5th of February 643 tons gross of Ore from this bank were weighed at the Scales of WEAVER & WIBLE, in this place, and shipped by railroad. The Bank is worked by the "Wrightsville Iron Ore Company," and the ore is said to be of very superior quality.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Mr. DANIEL RAFFENSPERGER died very suddenly, at his residence, in East Berlin, Adams county, on the 21st inst. Mr. R. got up as usual in the morning, went to the barn to feed his stock, and returned to his house, and while in the act of sitting down on a chair, he was observed by some of the family to fall to the floor, expiring before medical aid could be procured. The deceased was 67 years 11 months and 14 days old, and leaves a large family to mourn his sudden death.

GETTYSBURG ZOUAVES.—We are requested to say that the Zouaves will meet in full dress, for drill and parade, on the 22d inst., (Washington's Birth-day,) each member being provided with one ball cartridge, and their boxes full of blank cartridges.—Those who have not procured there Sashes, will be expected to do by next parade.—There will be Drills at the armory every Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock.

We are also requested to state that members can get Powder at cost from Lieut. CRESS.

☞On the 6th in the Senate, Mr. MCCONAUGHY presented a petition from LEVI MINTER, SAMUEL A. LAWVER, and other citizens of Adams county, praying for the repeal of all laws imposing per capita or head taxes for bounty purposes.

On same day Mr. MCCONAUGHY read in place an act granting a pension to JOHN L. BURNS, a soldier of the war of 1812, from Adams county. Also, an act granting pensions to JOSEPH HARMAN and JACOB BROWN, soldiers of the war of 1812, from Adams county, both of which were referred to the committee of Pensions.

EDUCATIONAL.—Last week a meeting of the Presidents and friends of the principal colleges of the State was held at Harrisbug, at request of the State Superintendent, to confer upon the propriety of consolidating the educational interests of the State, under a general State system, by the creation of an Educational Department, charged with the supervision of Colleges and Common Schools. A committee, of which Rev. Dr. HAY, of this place, was a member, reported a Bill to be submitted to the Legislature having this end in view. Among other things, it proposes an annual appropriation of $3,000 to each of the Colleges complying with the provisions of the act, in return for which each college is to issue a scholarship for every $50 thus appropriated. These scholarships are to be divided among the different public schools of the State, and, as the several county superintendents, with such other persons to constitute a board as a law to be passed may designate, shall decide on examination, the pupils will be transferred from the public schools for a regular collegiate course of education in the several colleges receiving this appropriation.

☞We notice by a recent editorial in the N. York *Herald*, that the lottery gamblers of that city, who have charge of the "Gettysburg Asylum" project, have bought up that journal to defend their lottery scheme. The article is a labored attack on Gen. VAN WYCK for his exposition of the swindle, and takes the ground that the charter by the Pa. Legislature is in the nature of a contract, and not repealable. In other words, these gentlemen say, that having swindled the Legislature of Pennsylvania, it is their purpose to persist, under cover of the charter they hold in swindling the people. The statement of Senator MCCONAUGHY, published last week, developes the fraudulent means by which these impudent rascals secured their charter, and the Legislature will consult its dignity by promptly repealing the act.

CATTLE DISEASE.—The Hanover *Spectator* says that a strange and fatal disease has made its appearance among the cattle in the country, and that numerous farmers have lost some of their valuable cows.—One farmer named SHUE, residing in West Manheim township, has lost no less than six valuable cows within the past two weeks; another, named BOLLINGER, residing in Oxford township, 3; and a gentleman in Jackson township, at the last accounts had lost 3, with the remainder of the herd, some 20 in number, suffering with the disease, for which there appears to be no remedy. Considerable alarm prevails lest it may prove to be the much dreaded Rinderpest.

IMPROVED STOCK.—On our 4th page will be found another of D. P. F's. interesting Agricultural Letters. It discusses the question of the most feasible method of introducing Improved Stock into the County, started a few weeks ago by the suggestion of "A Farmer," that the directors of the Poor take the matter in hand. D. P. F. is one of our most intelligent practical Farmers, whose articles are always readable and suggestive. He prefers that the "Agricultural Society" move in the matter, or that a joint stock company of Farmers be organized if the Society does not feel itself able to purchase the necessary stock. It is an important subject, and we should be glad to have the views of our Agricultural friends on it.

MORNING GLORY STOVE.—Great improvements in Stoves have been made within the last few years by scientific men, who have directed their attention to the work of securing the greatest amount of heat from a given quantity of fuel, and it is now admitted on all hands that the base-burning stoves are beyond all question the most economical and comfortable. Of the base-burning stoves, it is also now admitted by all who have tested them, that the MORNING GLORY is equally beyond question the MOST ECONOMICAL, and most desirable—consuming the least coal, easily managed, free from dust, and producing a uniform heat which is equally diffused throughout the room. Having a mill-grate, they never clog up with cinders, and being once started can be burnt the entire winter without cleaning and without letting the fire go out. They are likewise ornamental, and equally adapted for parlor, chamber, office, hotel and hall. Over FIFTY of these stoves have been sold in Gettysburg and vicinity this winter. They can be seen in daily use at the EAGLE HOTEL, and the WASHINGTON HOUSE, and also at the "STAR AND SENTINEL" office.

☞Col. C. H. BUEHLER, at the corner of Railroad and Carlisle streets, is the sole Agent for the MORNING GLORY, for Adams county. Call and examine them.

☞Also, on hand a large variety of COOKING and PARLOR STOVES, COAL, LUMBER, Washing Machines, Tin Ware &c. Call and examine.

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE.—This noted and excellent wine—samples of which can be tasted at all our druggists—we believe to be superior in every respect, and in all desirable qualities, medicinal not excepted, to pure and genuine imported Port, worth ten dollars a gallon. 1t

Review of the Markets.

Baltimore Grain and Produce Market.

Baltimore, Tuesday Morning.

SUPER FLOUR,	9 25 @ 10 00
EXTRA FLOUR,	10 50 @ 11 00
WHITE WHEAT,	2 30 @ 2 80
RED WHEAT,	2 50 @ 2 60
CORN,	1 15 @ 1 20
RYE,	1 60 @ 1 65
OATS,	76 @ 77
BUCKWHEAT,	4 75 @ 5 00
TIMOTHY-SEED,	3 00 @ 3 25
CLOVER-SEED,	8 50 @ 8 56
FLAX-SEED,	2 50 @ 2 80
BACON, HAMS,	17 @ 18
" SIDES,	12½ @ 13
" SHOULDERS,	11¼ @ 11½
HAY,	18 00 @ 25 00
WHISKEY,	@
GOLD, Phila	1 43⅛

Gettysburg Grain and Provision Market

Gettysburg, Wednesday Morning

SUPER FLOUR,	8 50
EXTRA FLOUR,	9 50
WHITE WHEAT,	2 10 @ 2 20
RED WHEAT,	2 10 @ 2 25
CORN,	95
RYE,	1 25
OATS,	60
BUCKWHEAT,	1 00
TIMOTHY SEED,	2 50
CLOVER SEED,	7 25
POTATOES,	1 20 @ 1 25
BUTTER,	35
LARD,	11 @ 12
EGGS,	25
BACON, HAMS,	14 @ 15
" SIDES,	10
" SHOULDERS,	10
SOAP,	7 @ 8
TALLOW,	10

MARRIED.

BREAM—OGDEN.—On the 4th inst., at the bride's home, by Rev. J. M. Titzell, Mr. Jacob F. Bream, to Miss Harriet Ogden, both of Adams county.

CHRONISTER—LIPP.—On the 23d ult., by Rev. W. F. P. Davis, Mr. Emanuel Chronister to Miss Jennie Lipe, both of Hampton, this county.

FOHL—SMITH.—On the 4th inst., at the house of the bride's parents, by Rev. M. Snyder, Mr. Lewis Fohl, to Miss Priscilla M. Smith, both of this county.

MOORE—MCCREARY.—In Fairfield on the 30th ult., by Rev. E. S. Johnston, Mr. J. Howard Moore of Liberty township, to Miss Maggie M. McCreary of Fairfield.

SANDERS—BIGHAM.—On the 6th ult., by Rev. Mr. Boll, Mr. Zachariah Sanders, of Liberty township, to Miss Mary Jane Bigham, of Hamiltonban township.

WEAVER—MCCLELLAN.—On the 10 inst., by the Rev. E Breidenbaugh, Mr. James E. Weaver to Miss Sallie McClellan, all of this place.

DIED.

☞Obituary notices 5 cents a line for all over 4 lines—cash to accompany notices.

COVER.—On the 3d inst., at Pine Grove, Cumberland county, Jeremiah Cover, aged 48 years and 19 days.

CRESS.—On the 4th ult., Mary Cress, consort of Jacob Cress, deceased, aged 89 years 10 months and 20 days.

CRONE.—On the 19th ult., John Henry, son of Ruben and Susanna Crone, aged 8 months and 23 days.

LITTLE.—On the 25th of December, at the residence of his son-in-law, Christian Stover, in Canton, Ohio, Andrew Little, formerly of Adams county, in his 69th year.

SHOWALTER.—On the 1st inst., Wm. A. son of David and Margaret Showalter, of Indianola, Iowa, formerly of this county, aged 1 month and 18 days.

SPANGLER.—On the 21st ult., at Abbottstown, Christiana, consort of the late John Spangler, aged 75 years 6 months and 25 days.

WITHEROW.—In Fairfield Feb. 7th inst., Miss Harriett N. Witherow in the 42d year of her age.

ZACHARIAS.—On the 28th ult., near Emmittsburg, Md., Mr. John Zacharias, in the 26th year of his age.

Special Notices.

Among the many restoratives which nature has supplied to relieve the afflictions of humanity, there is no more favorite one for a certain class of diseases than the "medicinal gum" of the Wild Cherry Tree; but however valuable it is, its power to heal, to soothe, to relieve and to cure, is enhanced tenfold by scientific and judicious combination with other ingredients, in themselves of equal worth. This happy mingling exists to a remarkable degree in

DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, whose value in curing *Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Pulmonary Affection, and Incipient Consumption* is inestimable.

STRONG TESTIMONY.

From BENJAMIN WHEELER, Esq., Depot Master of South Royalston, Mass.

"In the spring of 1858 I was severely afflicted with a hard, dry cough, with its usual accompaniments of night sweats, completely prostrating my nervous system, and producing such a debilitated state of health that, after trying medical aid to no purpose, I had given up all hopes of ever recovering, as had also my friends. At this stage of matters I was prevailed upon through the influence of a neighbor to try Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, and, before using two bottles, the effect was almost magical. My cough entirely left me, the night sweats deserted me, hope once more elated my depressed spirits, and soon I had attained my wonted strength and vigor. Thus has this Balsam, as has often been remarked by persons conversant with the above facts, literally snatched me from the yawning grave. You are at liberty to use this for the benefit of the afflicted."

Prepared by SETH W. FOWLE & SON, 18 Tremont st., Boston, and for sale by Druggists generally.

GRACE'S CELEBRATED SALVE

cures in a very short time

CUTS, BURNS, SCALDS, WOUNDS, BRUISES, SPRAINS, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, RING-WORM, CHAPPED HANDS, BOILS, FROZEN LIMBS, FELONS, CHILBLAINS, &c.

It is prompt in action, removes pain at once, and reduces the most angry looking swellings and inflammations, as if by magic,—thus affording relief and a complete cure."

SETH W. FOWLE & SON, Boston, Proprietors.

Sold by all Druggists, Grocers, and at all country stores. [Feb. 5.-1m

TO THE LADIES.

FOR ONLY ONE DOLLAR,

We are selling *Silks, Shawls, Dry* and *Fancy Goods* of every description, also, *Silver Ware, Furniture, &c.*—*Valuable Presents*, from $3 to $500, sent *free of charge* to agents sending clubs of ten and upwards. Circulars sent free to any address. MESSENGER & CO., P. O., Box, 2931. 42 Hanover st., Boston, Mass.

Feb. 5.-6m

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS AND PHOENIX BITTERS.

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL MEDICINES IN THE WORLD.

Established in 1835 by one of our Most Eminent Physicians, and now used throughout North and South America, with more pleasing results than any other Medicine in cases of diseased Liver, Blood or Skin, Indigestion, Costiveness, Billous Complaints, Rheumatism, and Fever and Ague.

Thousands of certificates are in our possession, giving detailed accounts of perfect *cures* effected by these invaluable Medicines. They regulate the system and put all the functions of the body in a healthy condition.

Sold by all Druggists. White & Howland, Proprietors Successors to Dr. John Moffat and Dr. W. B. Moffat, New York.

April 4, 1867.—1yeow

INFORMATION.

Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,

June 5, 1867.—1y 823 Broadway, New York.

SPEER'S WINES are pure Juice Grape Wines and excel in purity and richness most of our native vintages. They are used in Churches for communion purposes and in hospitals for invalids and convalescents on account of their purity and reliability. [Sept. 18.-1y

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS AND CATARRH, treated with the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Occulist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland.) No. 805 Arch st., Philadelphia, Pa. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the City and Country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain. No charge made for examination. [Nov. 20, 1867.-1y

TAKE NO MORE UNPLEASANT AND UNSAFE REMEDIES for unpleasant and dangerous diseases. Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu and Improved Rose Wash.

Feb. 28, 1867.-1y

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The REV. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.—Please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,

No. 165 South Second st., Williamsburg, New York.

June 5, 1867.—1y

COLGATE & CO'S ERASIVE SOAP.

COLGATE & CO'S GERMAN ERASIVE SOAP. Is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Grocers. [May 16, 1867.—1y

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU and IMPROVED ROSE WASH cures secret and delicate disorders in all their stages at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience and no exposure. It is pleasant in taste and odor immediate in its action, and free from all injurious properties. [Feb. 28, 1867.-1y

ADDRESS TO THE NERVOUS and debilitated whose sufferings have been protracted from hidden causes, and whose cases require prompt treatment to render existence desirable. If you are suffering or have suffered from involuntary discharges, what effect does it produce upon your general health? Are you weak, debilitated, easily tired? Does a little extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart? Does your liver, or urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order? Is your urine sometimes thick, milky, or flocky, or is it ropy on settling?—Or does a thick scum rise to the top? Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile? Do you have spells of short breathing or dyspepsia? Are your bowels constipated? Do you have spells of fainting or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind constantly dwelling upon this subject? Do you feel dull, listless, moping, tired of company, of life? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody?—Does any little thing make you start or jump? Is your sleep broken or restless? Is the lustre of your eye as brilliant? The bloom on your cheek as bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel as much confidence in yourself? Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia. Have you restless nights?—Your back weak, your knees weak, and have but little appetite, and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver-complaint?

Now, reader, self-abuse, venereal diseases badly cured, and sexual excesses, are all capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, when in perfect health, make the man. Did you ever think that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business-men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, of nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they don't become sad and discouraged; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—none of your downcast looks or any other meanness about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflamed by running to excess. These will not only ruin their constitutions, but also those they do business with or for.

How many men from badly-cured diseases, from the effects of self-abuse and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease—idiocy, lunacy, paralysis, spinal affections, suicide, and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic.—HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic, and is a certain cure for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in Male or Female, from whatever cause originating and no matter of how long standing.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu, established upward of 18 years, prepared by H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist, 594 Broadway, New York, and 104 South 10th street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PRICE—$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50, delivered to any address. Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

April 30, 1867.-1y

NOTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of ABRAHAM JACOBS, late of Latimore tp., Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement. JOHN COULSON, Ex'r.

Feb. 12.-6t

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on estate of DAN'L RAFFENSBERGER, late of Hamilton township, Adams county, Pa. deceased, having been granted to the undersigned residing in Paradise twp., York county, he hereby gives notice to those indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement. SOLOMON GISE, Adm'r.

Feb. 12—6t*

TO COLLECTORS.

The COLLECTORS of [illegible]

State and County Taxes,

Are requested to collect all outstanding Taxes immediately, and make settlement of their Duplicates ON OR BEFORE THE 20TH OF MARCH NEXT *without fail.*

By order of the County Commissioners,

J. M. WALTER, Clerk.

Feb. 12 [illegible]

New Advertisements.

GEO. JACOBS & BRO.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,

Chambersburg Street, Gettysburg, Pa.,

next door to Keystone Hotel.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, TWEEDS,

Of all styles, and best quality the market can produce, furnished cheap as can be sold in the country, which will be cut out, if desired, without extra charge.

Goods made up and warranted

TO FIT.

Also, sole Agents for Adams County for

The Howe Sewing Machine,

The most perfect & reliable in America!

The highest premium—the Cross of the Legion of Honor, and Gold Medal—awarded at the Paris Exposition, 1867.

The Howe Machine will do a larger variety of work in beter style than any other machine, and defies all competition for simplicity and ease in working. Call and examine them. Circulars containing price list, &c., can be had on application. [Feb. 12, 1868.-tf

E. H. MINNIGH,

CHAMBERSBURG STREET,

next door to the Keystone Hotel,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Confection, Periodical and News Depot.

All kinds of Confections, Candies, Oranges, Lemons, Nuts, &c., &c.,

constantly on hand.

The Daily Papers of Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, and choice Magazines,

supplied to subscribers at lowest rates.

VALENTINES

Plain, Comic and Fancy, a large assortment just opened

☞CALL AND EXAMINE☜

Feb. 12.—tf

CONFECTIONERY AND ICE CREAM SALOON.

JOHN GRUEL,

Chambersburg Str., Gettysburg,

next door to Eagle Hotel,

Having completed his new building, has opened the largest assortment of Confections ever offered in Gettysburg, including

French & Common Candies,

Toys, Nuts, &c., and everything belonging to a first-class Confectionery, with special accommodations for Ladies and Gentlemen.

ICE CREAM

supplied on shortest notice.

Feb. 12.—tf

JOHN M. MINNIGH.

Diamond Confectionery.

Baltimore Street, opposite Star and Sentinel Office, Gettysburg, Pa.

Confections of all kinds, French and Common Candies, Fruits, Oranges, Lemons, Nuts, Toys, and Notions generally on hand. Also, just received a large assortment of plain, common and fancy.

VALENTINES,

all of which will be sold at the lowest cash rates. Call and examine.

Feb. 12.—tf

A. D. BUEHLER,

DRUG & BOOK STORE,

CHAMBERSBURG STREET,

Near the Diamond.

STATIONERY OF ALL KINDS,

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

PERFUMERY AND TOILET SOAPS.

☞COUNTRY MERCHANTS supplied at wholesale city prices.

Feb. 12.—tf

BARK! BARK!

1100 CORDS WANTED!

THE SUBSCRIBER WANTS

600 CORDS OF

BLACK OAK BARK,

for which he will pay $6 00 per cord, on delivery, in good order, at his tanyard in Gettysburg. Wanted also

500 CORDS OF

ROCK OAK BARK,

for which the highest market price will be given.

JOHN RUPP.

Feb. 12.—6m

ALL AROUND THE WORLD!

The First Premium

of a Silver Medal was awarded

Barrett's Hair Restorative,

By the N. H. State Agricultural Society, at its Fair holden in Nashau, Sept. 20, 1866.

BARRETT'S VEGETABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE restores Gray Hair to its natural color.—Promotes the growth of the Hair.—Changes the roots to their original organic action. Eradicates Dandruff and Humors. Prevents Hair falling out. Is a superior Dressing. It contains no injurious ingredients, and is the most popular and reliable article throughout the East West, North and South.

J. R. BARRETT & CO., Proprietors, Manchester, N. H.

☞Sold by Dr. R. Horner, Gettysburg; J. S. Taughinbaugh, Hampton; Hartman and Sadler, Petersburg and Druggists generally. [Feb. 12, 1868.—1y

JOB PRINTING,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

EXECUTED NEATLY AND CHEAPLY

AT THIS OFFICE

GREAT SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned, having rented his farm and intending to move to New Salem, will sell all his Stock and Farming utensils, *on Saturday the 7th of March, 1868 at 9 o'clock, A.M.*, at his residence in Highland township, Adams county, one mile south of New Salem, and five miles west of Gettysburg, including 8 head of first-rate DRAUGHT HORSES, four of them bays, one sorrel, and one black, averaging about 1250 lbs., and all in fine condition, fit for any market; one of the bays rising 7 years, the other five rising 6 years; four of them leaders, two of them saddle horses, and all of them geldings. Also, a fine Bay Mare Colt, rising three years, black legs, mane and tail. Also 1 Horse, rising 4 years old, a first-rate driving horse. The above are as fine a lot of horses as will be sold at any one sale in the county this spring. Also, Five head of Milch Cows, 2 of which will be fresh on day of sale, and 2 of which had calves at the holidays, 1 Heifer with calf, 6 young Cattle, 6 Shotes six months old, a broad-tread Wagon 3½ inches in tread, 1 inch tire, 5 inch spindle, ordinary height, nearly as good as new, and a first-rate running Wagon calculated for 4 or 5 horses, also, a 2 inch pine plank Bed, 20 inches high, side-boards 3 inches high, 14 feet long, 2 rows of steeples on both sides, being a number one Bed, built about three months ago. Also a good narrow-tread Wagon, for 2 or 3 horses, with plank bed, a Buck Wagon, 2 double shovel Ploughs as good as new, 1 Winnowing Mill, 1 three-horse and two-horse Iron Plows, with steel mold-board, both nearly new, 2 first-rate Harrows as good as new, 2 Corn Plows with three shovels good as new, Corn Coverer with roller nearly new; 1 three-horse, 3 two-horse and 6 single Trees; 3 four horse Spreaders one of them Leeper's make, 1 Shovel Harrow as good as new, 1 Hay Carriage, 1 Carrying Chain, 1 Fifth Chain and Spreaders of Leeper's make, as good as new, Wire-tooth Horse Rake good as new, 1 Screw Hay Pitcher with rope 75 feet long and pullies, 2 Pitch Forks, 3 Dung Forks, 1 Dung Hook, 1 Clevice, 2 Log Chains, a lot of Cow Chains, 3 sets of Breechbands, 2 sets of Side Leathers, 4 sets of Front Gears nearly new, 2 sets of Plow Gears, 6 Collars nearly new, 7 Blind Bridles—four of them nearly as good as new, 1 five-horse new Line, 2 four-horse Lines, 6 pairs of Hames, 1 good Stallion Bridle, 2 common Riding Bridles, 6 Choke-straps 3½ inches, 5 Flynets made last seeding all of good material, 5 first-rate Housings, Wagon Saddle, Wagon Whip, 7 Leather Head Halters nearly new, 7 Web Halters just new, 7 Halter Chains of Leeper's make, 2 sets of Butt Chains one of them Leeper's make, 2 pairs of Breast Chains, 6 pairs of long Traces three of them Leeper's make—just new, with a large variety of other articles.

I will sell none of the above articles before day of sale, when all will be sold without reserve. I pledge myself for a fair sale and no under-bidding. If any under-bidding on any article is ascertained and proven, I will forfeit the article to the person purchasing it. A credit of 6 months will be given on all purchases over $8, all purchases under $8 to be paid cash. A discount will be allowed for cash on purchases over $8, at the rate of 7 per cent per annum.

I have also on hand 4 fat Steers and a fat Bull which will average over 900 lbs., also 6 Steers, which I am feeding moderately, which I will sell at Private Sale.

HEZEKIAH LATSHAW.

JACOB MICKLEY, Auctioneer. [Feb. 12.—ts

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned will offer at Public Sale, *on Monday the 2nd day of March next*, at the residence of Michael Carl, deceased, in Berwick township, Adams county, Pa. two miles from Hanover, on the Carlisle turnpike, near the Toll Gate, the following Personal Property, to wit:

2 FINE LARGE HEAVY DRAUGHT MARES, 3 fine large Mules, 8 Milch Cows, part Durham, 3 fine Heifers, full Durham, 1 Full Durham Bull, 2 years old, 6 very fine thorough bred full blooded Chester white Shoats, raised from Lieut. James Hersh's stock, 3 very fine Berkshire Shotes and 1 fat Hog, ½ doz. Pea Fowls, 1 Broad and one narrow-tread Wagon with Bed, 1 one-horse Wagon, Hay Carriages, Stone Bed, Wood Ladders, Threshing Machine and Horse Power, Winnowing Mill, Cutting Box, Barn Truck, Corn Sheller, 1 Reaper, (Moul's make,) Grain Drill (Shireman's make,) 1 Wire Spring Rake, Rockaway Buggy, 1 Sleigh, 2 Hay elevators with Pulleys and 200 feet of Rope, Ploughs, Harrows, Fork and Shovel Ploughs, 2 Grindstones complete, Ground Roller, Treble, double and single Trees, 4 Spreaders, Horse Manure Hook, Hay, Grain, Manure and Shaking Forks, Hand Rakes, Corn Hoes, Quarrier's tools, Wood Saws, Cross-cut Saw, Grain Cradle, Grass Scythes, Sickles, 4 sets Hind Gears, 6 sets Front Gears with Collars and Bridles, 1 Side and 2 Wagon Saddles, 2 sets Carriage Harness new, 5 Horse Lines, 4 Housings, Log, Fifth, Halter, Cow, Breast, Butt and Plough Chains, lot of old Iron, large lot Grain Bags, Smoked Meat, Lard with Cans, Potatoes by the Bushel. Also—Household and Kitchen Furniture, such as Beds, Bedsteads, 1 set Drawers, Corner Cupboard, 1 large Desk, 1 Eight-day Clock, Sofa, Lounges, Tables, Stands, Chairs Sinks, Tubs, Barrels, Churn, Meat Vessels, Patent Washing Machine, 1 Parlor Stove, 2 Ten-plate Stoves, 1 Cook Stove with Pipe, Tin, Iron and Copper Kettles, Glass and China Ware, 75 yards of Carpeting, Straw Matting, Oil Cloth and Bags, Oil Lamps, and a great many other articles too tedious to mention. Also—a House and Lot of Ground near the place, known as the old Gate House.

Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A.M. precisely, on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by the undersigned.

If we should not get through in one day, the sale will be continued on the 3rd. Hucksters to bring no intoxicating Liquors on the ground.

J. E. BARNITZ,
D. HOKE,
Adm'rs.

Feb. 12—3t.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The subscribers, Administrators, of the Estate of Frederick Stocksleger, deceased, late of Franklin township, Adams county, Pa., will expose to Public Sale, *on Tuesday the 3rd day of March next, at 9 o'clock, A. M.*, at his residence near the road leading from Cashtown to Fairfield, 2 miles south of the former place, the following valuable Personal Property, to wit:

6 HORSES, two 5 years old, 4 good Milch Cows, 4 head of fat Cattle, 1 young Bull, 1 Heifer, 1 Reaper, 2 broad-tread Wagons, a three-horse Wagon, 1 one-horse Wagon, Cart, Carriage, Spring-tooth Rake, Grain Drill, Winnowing Mill, Threshing Machine, Corn Sheller, Wheelbarrow, (new,) Plows, Harrows, Shovel Plows, double and single Trees, Spreaders Log Chains, Cow Chains, Mattock, Shovels, 1 set Carriage Harness, 2 set Breechbands, 2 set Front Gears, Bridles, Collars, Halters, Wagon Saddle, Grain Shovel, Forks, Grain Bags, Axe, Grind stone, Shot Gun, and other articles. Also—Corn by the bushel, the undivided share of 65 Acres of Grain in the ground, Hay by the ton, a large lot of Yellow Locust Posts, several hundred good Chestnut Rails, 3000 Dry Staves, 2000 Oak Lap Shingles. Also—Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting in part of Bedsteads, Tables, Corner Cupboard, Cook Stove, (Hathaway,) 3 Stoves, 1 Parlor Stove, Tubs, Churns, Iron Kettle, and a great many other articles too numerous to mention.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by

A. F. STOCKSLEGER,
I. J. STOCKSLEGER,
Adm'rs.

JACOB MICKLEY, Auctioneer.

Feb. 12.—ts

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The subscriber intending to relinquish farming, will sell at Public Sale, *on Friday the 6th day of March next, at 11 o'clock, A. M.*, at his residence in Butler township, Adams county, about half mile south of Middletown, the following valuable Personal Property, to wit:

3 HORSES, two of them are Matches, (Black,) the one 4 the other 5 years old, one a Brood Mare with foal, all suitable for riding, driving or draft, 4 good Milch Cows, three of them will be fresh about the time of sale, 1 Bull, 1 Heifer, 1 good McCormick Reaper, Spring Wagon, Bag Wagon, Hand Wagon, new Harrow, Plow, Double Roller, two-horse Carriage, Falling-top Buggy, Post-borer Frame and Auger, Sleigh, Hay Fork and Rope, and many other articles. Also—Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting in part of Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, Clock, large Cooking Stove with Fixtures, Parlor Stove, Ten-plate Stove, large Sink, Wood Box, large Flour Chest, and a great variety of good Carpeting, consisting of 25 yards of English Oil Cloth, in one piece, 30 yards of Hall and Step Carpet, 22 yards of new Rag Carpet, 29 Step Rods, 4 Venetian Blinds, and a great many other articles too numerous to mention.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by JOHN A. SHUGH.

JOHN HAINES, Auctioneer. [Feb. 12.—ts

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned, having sold his farm, will expose at Public Sale, *on Tuesday, the 25th day of February inst.*, at his residence, in New Salem, Franklin township, Adams county, the following valuable Personal Property, viz:

3 HEAD OF WORK HORSES, 2 Milch Cows, 2 Heifers, 4 head of Sheep, 2 Brood Sows, 6 small Shoats, 1 light Broad-tread Wagon and Bed, 1 light two-horse Wagon and Shafts, 2 Spring Wagons, 1 pair of Hay Ladders, 1 Seylar Plough, Harrow, single and double Shovel Ploughs, Cultivator, Corn Coverer, Corn Fork, Roller, double and single Trees, Spreader, Log Chains, Hay Rake, Horse Gears, Fly Nets, Plough and Check Lines, 2 sets of Carriage Harness, Bridles, Halters, Collars, Riding Saddle, Side Saddle, Riding Bridles, Sleigh and Bells, Fork, Shovels and Rakes, Cow and Breast Chains, Grain Cradle and Scythes, Winnowing Mill, (Fayetteville make,) Farmer Mowing Machine, (Pine's patent,) in good working order, new Wheelbarrow, Wood Screw for work bench, Chestnut Rails, and many other articles, too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JOHN CARPENTER.

JACOB MICKLEY, Auctioneer. [Feb, 12.—ts

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The undersigned intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, *on Thursday, March 26, 1868, at 9 o'clock, A. M.*, at her residence in Menallen township, 5 miles northwest of Bendersville, and one half mile north of the road leading from Bendersville to the old Shippensburg road the following Personal Property, to wit:

1 ONE FOUR-YEAR OLD COLT, well broken to work, 5 Milch Cows, 4 of which will be fresh about the time of sale, 7 head of Shotes, 7 head of Sheep, two-horse Wagon, double and single Trees, Plow, Corn Fork, Shovel Plow, Harrow, 1 set Breechbands, 1 set Cruppers, 1 set Harness, Carriage, Winnowing Mill, Rolling Screen, Forks, Rakes, Grain Shovels, Halters and Chains, Cow Chains, Log Chains, Grindstone, 2 scaps of Bees, Cutting Box; also—Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting of Bureaus, Cupboards, Tables, Bedsteads, and Bedding, Chairs, Carpeting, Clock, Cooking Stove and Pipe, 3 Ten-plate Stoves and Pipe, Lard, Bacon by the pound, Potatoes, and a great many other articles too numerous to mention, also Hay by the ton.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by SARAH HELLER.

JOHN HANES, Auctioneer. [Feb. 12.—ts*

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE PERSONAL PROPERTY.

On Tuesday the 10th of March next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

The undersigned having rented his Farm, will offer at Public Sale, at his residence in Butler township, one mile north of Middletown, the following valuable Personal Property, to wit:

4 HORSES, 2 of them Mares with foal, yearling Colt, 3 good Milch Cows, 4 head of young Cattle, 18 Sheep, 6 Chester Shotes, good two-horse Wagon, two-horse Spring Wagon, two-horse Sled, Hay Ladders, Lime Bed, Spring-tooth Horse Rake, a good Winnowing Mill, Plows, Harrows, Single, Double and Three-horse Trees, Stretcher, 3 sets Breechbands, Front Gears, One-horse Gears, Collars, Bridles, Halters and Chains, Cow Chains, Butt Chains, 2 Grain Cradles, Mowing Scythes, Shovels, Forks, and other articles. Also, Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting in part of a Mahogany Side-Board, Bedsteads, Churn and Fixtures, Meat Stand, and a great variety of other articles.

☞Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by CYRUS S. GRIEST.

JOHN HANES, Auctioneer. [Feb. 12.—ts

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of JANE CHAMBERLIN, late of Hamiltonban township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to call and make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

Feb. 12—6t J. CLAYTON CHAMBERLIN, Admr.

GETTYSBURG FEMALE INSTITUTE.—The next session of this Institution will commence on MONDAY the 17th day of FEBRUARY. [illegible]

MISS [illegible]

MISS MARY LONGWELL,

WM. R. EYSTER, A. M., Assistants.

Feb. 5—3t

Receipts and Expenditures OF ADAMS COUNTY FOR 1867.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
ADAMS COUNTY, PA.

AGREEABLY to an Act of Assembly, entitled "An Act to Raise County Rates and Levies," requiring the Commissioners of the respective counties to publish a Statement of the Receipts and Expenditures yearly, we, the Commissioners of Taxes of said county, do report as follows, to wit—from the 7th day of January, A. D., 1867, to the 7th day of January, A. D., 1868, both days inclusive:

JACOB SHEADS, Esq., Treasurer, and the Commissioners, in account with the county of Adams, as follows:

DR.

To cash in hands of Treasurer at last settlement		$2,131 50
Outstanding County Taxes and Quit Rents in hands of Collectors		10,492 69
County Rates and Levies assessed for 1867.		
Borough of Gettysburg	$1,732 10	
Quit Rents	175 04	
Cumberland township	1,688 56	
Oxford	1,435 90	
Huntington	1,586 90	
Franklin	1,768 17	
Straban	1,844 12	
Menallen	1,328 88	
Hamiltonban	1,335 80	
Mountpleasant	1,768 19	
Reading	1,487 63	
Latimore	1,078 36	
Butler	1,119 28	
Hamilton	1,421 69	
Union	1,664 91	
Mountjoy	1,263 68	
Conowago	1,265 36	
Germany	914 92	
Tyrone	974 12	
Liberty	907 51	
Berwick	596 94	
Freedom	565 07	
Highland	629 86	
Littlestown Borough	527 03	
Berwick	353 92	
		29,383 93
Loans from Bank and sundry persons		8,987 73
Cash received per Philip Hann, Sheriff, for Jury fees		72 00
Cash received from James J. Fink, for coal for office		20 00
Cash received from J. A. Kitzmiller, for coal for office, 2 years		40 00
Cash received from A. W. Minter, for coal for office, 1 year		20 00
Cash received for old lumber from bridges		50 48
Cash received from J. M. Wolf, Esq., fines		25 00
Dividend from Water Company, 3 years		43 20
Exonerated Tax		2 64
Additional Tax		125 48
Balance due Treasurer by county		35 45
		$51,430 10

The outstanding County Tax and Quit Rents appear to be in the hands of the following Collectors, viz:

Yrs.	Collectors. Bor. & Twps.	
1865.		
	Henry Duttera, Huntington	$240 66
1866.		
	Henry Shultz, Huntington	191 99
	Michael Bender, Menallen*	667 57
	Frederick Quiggle, Straban	194 80
	A. Eckenrode, Mountpleasant*	134 98
	Daniel A. Sell, Union	133 73
	Henry Slaybaugh, Butler	96 26
	D. A. Conover, Mountjoy*	114 01
	F. H. Ebert, Tyrone*	64 11
	John Nunnemaker, Liberty	178 01
	T. Blocher, Littlestown	37 92
	T. Pfeiger, Berwick bor.*	111 88
1867.		
	Jacob Remmel, Gettysburg bor.*	311 97
	" " Quit Rents	175 04
	John Keefauver, Cumberland*	317 61
	George Shane, Oxford	571 23
	John Stitzel, Huntington*	936 09
	Henry Deardorff, Franklin*	566 18
	T. Taughinbaugh, Straban*	859 63
	C. Eppelman, Menallen	866 34
	E. McGinley, Hamiltonban	666 17
	Jacob Melhorn, Mountpleasant†	638 07
	F. A. Orndorff, Reading	327 97
	Aaron Leas, Latimore*	483 60
	Jacob B. Trostle, Butler*	953 90
	Franklin Wollet, Hamilton*	353 21
	Jesse W. Snyder, Mountjoy*	177 14
	Joseph Klunk, Conowago*	416 46
	Samuel Harner, Germany*	245 67
	John Delap, Tyrone	799 40
	James Corry, Liberty*	376 82
	Hiram Kepner, Berwick*	153 74
	John Dubbs, Highland*	236 90
	Henry Kobler, Berwick bor.†	27 56
		12,625 60

☞Union, Freedom and Littlestown had paid in full before settlement for 1867.

☞Those marked thus (†) have since paid in full. Those marked thus (*) have since paid in part.

CR.

By orders paid out, as follows:	
By auditing and settling public accounts	$48 00
J. C. Neely, Esq., auditor appointed by the Court to audit public offices	25 00
Printing, blanks, &c.	482 24
Sheriff's bills of Court costs	1,280 19
Clerk's pay	500 00
Abatement to collectors of 5 per cent. for 1864 and 1865	484 00
Fox and wild cat scalps	41 75
General Jury and Tip-staves' pay	1,549 17
Assessors' pay	567 84
Adam Rebert, Esq., late Sheriff, fees for keeping prisoners and turkey, 1865 and 1866	1,416 38
Wood and coal for public buildings	350 46
Repairs at public buildings	111 68
Grand Jury and Tip-staves' pay	512 83
Register, Prothonotary and Clerk of Sessions' fees	307 10
Tax refunded to sundry persons	26 06
Certificates of Constables' returns	89 26
Counsel fees	75 00
Treasurer of Alms House	12,700 00
Postage and stationery for Commissioner's office	68 56
Notes and interest paid Bank and sundry persons	4,107 55
Quit Rents paid Marcus Samson to Jan. 10, 1867	3 00
A. J. Cover, Esq., District Attorney's fees	324 00
Abraham Krise, Esq., Commissioner's pay	235 00
Samuel Wolf, Esq., Commissioner's pay	265 00
Nicholas Wierman, Esq., Commissioner's pay	285 00
Keeping prisoners at Eastern Penitentiary	495 37
A. Rebert, late Sheriff, conveying prisoners to Eastern Penitentiary	355 00
Philip Hann, Sheriff, conveying prisoners to Eastern Penitentiary	546 84
Danner & Ziegler, hardware, &c., for 1865 to 1867	121 67
R. G. McCreary, Esq., Attorney's fee to Harrisburg	46 00
Inquisition on the body of Peter Glass	29 20
C. H. Buehler, cylinder for stove	11 12
Gas pipes and fixtures at Jail	105 54
Thomas Onis, cleaning privy at Court house	25 00
John Gibson, painting Court House cupola	27 12
Wm. L. Murphy & Son, for dockets for County Offices	41 25
Michael Rupp, Court House keeper	35 90
Bedding and clothing for prison	22 50
Wm. S. Lamb, for seal presses for County Offices	79 00
Adams County Agricultural Society	100 00
James M. Rouser, for arresting horse thief	20 00
J. F. Kuhler, for arresting horse thief	64 00
Deficiency on State taxes and paid by the County	2,366 71
Jacob Sheads, Treasurer, errors in collectors' accounts	150 00
H. A. Picking, Agent Perpetual Fire Insurance on Court House of $8,000	406 50
Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal, medical attendance on prisoners for 1866 and 1867	50 00
Jury Commissioners' pay	23 04
A. B. McNair, County Bounty due 1862	50 00
Paul Hersh, " " "	50 00
J. H. Brough, " " "	50 00
Revenue stamps	5 25
Orphan's Court	77 00
Special Court, Dec. 9, 1867	307 34
Philip Hann, Sheriff, for summoning jurors	86 40
A. Sheely, County Superintendent, by an Act of Assembly	50 00
Officers' pay at Spring Election	420 64
" " Fall "	547 10
Directors of the Poor, pay	60 00
Road damages and damage views	452 00
Repairs at bridges	509 49
Henry Christman contract in full on bridge at Bricker's mill	1,798 00
Pius Smith contract in full on Blue Spring bridge	673 27
Exonerations allowed collectors	364 76
Collectors' fees	1,533 68
Outstanding Tax and Quit Rents in hands of collectors	12,625 60
Treasurer's salary	723 64
	$51,430 10

State Taxes due County.

DR.

To amount of outstanding 2½ mill State Tax due County	$115 58
To amount of outstanding ½ mill State Tax due County	48 12
	$163 70

CR.

By amount of outstanding 2½ mill State Tax due County	$28 48
By amount of outstanding ½ mill State Tax due County	36 39
By amount of fees allowed collectors	46 75
By amount of exonerations to collectors	2 70
Balance due County by Treasurer	49 29
	$163 70

Relief Funds.

DR.

To amount of outstanding Military Funds for Relief	$37 02
To amount of outstanding Relief	135 70
	$172 72

CR.

By exonerations allowed collectors	$44 22
Balance due County by Treasurer	128 50
	$172 72

County Bounty.

DR.

To amount of outstanding County Bounty for 1867	$148 22

CR.

By amount of outstanding County Bounty for 1868	$25 46
Fees allowed collectors	45 97
Exonerations allowed collectors	14 34
Balance due County by Treasurer	62 45
	$148 22

[SEAL.] In testimony that the foregoing statement of Receipts and Expenditures exhibited at the office of the Treasurer of said county, is a correct and true copy as taken from and compared with the original remaining in the books in this office, we have hereunto set our hands and affixed the seal of said office at Gettysburg, the seventh day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight.

SAMUEL WOLF,
NICHOLAS WIERMAN,
JACOB LOTT,
Commissioners of Adams county.

Attest—J. M. WALTER, Clerk.

AUDITORS' REPORT.

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county:

We, the undersigned, duly elected Auditors to settle and adjust the Public Accounts of the Treasurer and Commissioners of Adams county, [illegible] affirmed agreeably to law, do report the following to be a general statement of said accounts, from the seventh day of January, A. D., 1867 to the seventh day of January, A. D. 1868—both days inclusive:

New Advertisements.

JACOB SHEADS, Esq., Treasurer, and Commissioners, in account with the county of Adams:

DR.

Cash in hands of Treasurer at last settlement	$2,131 50
Outstanding County Tax and Quit Rents in hands of collectors	10,492 69
Loans from Bank and sundry persons	8,987 73
Amount of County Tax and Quit Rents assessed for 1867	29,383 73
Cash from Philip Hann Sheriff Jury fees	72 00
James J. Fink for coal for office	20 00
Jacob M. Kitzmiller coal for office 2 years	40 00
Adam W. Minter coal for office 1 year	20 00
For old lumber of bridges	50 48
From John M. Wolf, Esq. fines	25 00
Dividend from Water Company for 3 years	43 20
Exonerated tax	2 64
Additional tax	125 48
Balance due Treasurer by county	35 45
	$51,430 10

CR.

By outstanding taxes for 1865	$240 66
1866	1,925 26
1867	10,459 68
Fees for 1864	61 56
1865	347 13
1866	938 38
1867	186 61
Exonerations for 1864	36 85
1865	72 82
1866	237 33
1867	27 76
Disbursements on County Orders	36,182 42
Treasurer's commission	723 64
	$51,430 10

State Taxes due County.

DR.

To amount of outstanding 2½ mills State Tax due county	$115 58
Amount outstanding ½ mill State Tax due county	48 12
	$163 70

CR.

By amount of outstanding 2½ mill State Tax due county	$28 48
Amount of outstanding ½ mill State Tax due county	36 39
Fees allowed collectors	46 75
Exonerations allowed collectors	2 70
Balance due county by Treasurer	49 29
	$163 70

Relief Funds.

DR.

To amount of outstanding Military Funds for Relief	$37 02
Amount of outstanding Relief	135 70
	$172 72

CR.

By exonerations allowed collectors	$44 22
Balance due county by Treasurer	128 50
	$172 72

County Bounty.

DR.

To amount of outstanding County Bounty for 1867	$148 22

CR.

By amount of outstanding County Bounty for 1868	$25 46
Fees allowed collectors	45 97
Exonerations allowed collectors	14 34
Balance due county by Treasurer	62 45
	$148 22

We, the undersigned, Auditors of the county of Adams, Pennsylvania, elected and sworn in pursuance of law, do report that we met, did audit, settle and adjust, according to law, the accounts of the Treasurer and Commissioners of said county, commencing on the seventh day of January, A. D., 1867, to the seventh day of January, A. D., 1868—both days inclusive; that said accounts, as settled above and entered on record in Settlement Book in the Commissioners' Office of Adams county, is correct, and that we find a balance due Jacob Sheads, Esq., Treasurer of Adams county, of County Taxes, thirty-five dollars and forty-five cents, ($35 45,) and a balance due county by Treasurer, of State Taxes due county, of forty-nine dollars and twenty-nine cents, ($49 29,) and a balance due county by Treasurer of Relief Funds of one hundred and twenty-eight dollars and fifty cents, ($128 50,) and a balance due county by Treasurer of County Bounty of sixty-two dollars and forty-five cents, ($62 45,) and in outstanding County Taxes twelve thousand six hundred and twenty-five dollars and sixty cents, ($12,625 60,) outstanding States Taxes due county of sixty-four dollars and eighty-seven cents, ($64 87,) outstanding County Bounty of twenty-five dollars and forty-six cents, ($25 46.)

JACOB C. PITTENTURF,
HENRY L. BREAM,
Auditors.

Feb. 12.—4t

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of SAMUEL ZIEGLER, late of Straban township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the said township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

Feb. 5.—6t WILLIAM JACOBS, Adm'r.

NOTICE.

THE account of ABNER S. BINDER, Trustee of the estate of ROSANNA REINGEL, under the will of BENJAMIN BROWN, deceased, has been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, and will be presented to said Court, for confirmation and allowance, *on Wednesday the 25th day of March next*, of all which all parties in interest are hereby notified. A. W. MINTER, Clerk.

Feb. 5—3t

Auditor's Notice.

THE undersigned appointed by the Orphans' Court of Adams county, Auditor to make distribution of the balance remaining in the hands of ABEL T. WRIGHT, Administrator of the Estate of SAMUEL HARLAN, dec'd, to and among the parties legally entitled thereto, will attend at his office in Gettysburg, *on Saturday the 22nd day of February next*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to discharge said duty. A. J. COVER, Auditor.

Feb. 5.—3t

NOTICE

IS hereby given that application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, for the charter of the "LITTLESTOWN BUILDING ASSOCIATION," and the Third Monday of April next, has been fixed for the hearing of the same, when if no sufficient reason is shown to the contrary said application will be granted.

Jan. 29.—3t J. A. KITZMILLER, Proth'y.

ESTRAY.—Came to the residence of the subscriber in Huntington township, on or about the middle of November, a WHITE RAM, without horns, and a large bushy tail. The owner is requested to come forward prove property pay charges and take him away. JOHN WEIGLE.

Jan. 29.—3t

DISSOLUTION.—The Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm of I. SHANK & BRO., doing business in Middletown, Adams county, Pa., is hereby dissolved. All persons indebted to said firm will please make payment on or before the 1st day of MARCH next.

Feb. 5.—3t* ISRAEL SHANK & BRO.

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned that the Administration Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on TUESDAY, the 25th day of FEBRUARY, 1868, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

103. The first and final account of Pius F. Fink and Joseph Fink, Administrators of Joseph Fink, deceased.

104. Account of David Saurbaugh, Guardian of Calvin David Pensyl and George Edward Pensyl, minor children of Jacob Pensyl, settled by John Hanes, Esq., Administrator of said David Saurbaugh, deceased.

105. The first and final account of Israel Hartman and George Richert, Administrators of John Hartman, late of Hamilton township, deceased.

106. The account of Samuel Lentz, Administrator of Mary Lentz, late of Butler township, deceased.

107. Guardianship account of William Wible, Guardian of David Luther Plank and Anna Mary Louisa Wilson, (late Plank,) minor children of John Plank, Jr., dec'd.

W. D. HOLTZWORTH, Register.

Feb. 5—to

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm of GARDNER & BROTHER, o. Petersburg, Y. S., is hereby dissolved.

All persons indebted to said firm, will please make payment without delay. Either partner is authorized to use the name of the firm in the settlement of the business.

J. A. GARDNER,
J. W. GARDNER.

HAVING disposed of my stock of Merchandise to Messrs. Hartman & Sadler, and in retiring from a successful business career of nearly *eighteen years*, I hereby return my grateful acknowledgements to my friends and customers for their liberal patronage, and cheerfully recommend to their generous encouragement, my successors, Messrs. Hartman & Sadler. J. A. GARDNER.

April 18, 1867.—tf

DAVID McCREARY. JOHN F. McCREARY.

"Best always Cheapest."

THE Best and Cheapest,

SADDLES, BRIDLES, COLLARS and HARNESS of all kinds, in the County,

are always to be found at the old and well known stand, Baltimore st., opposite the Presbyterian Church.

(McCREARY'S.)

Our Riding and Wagon Saddles, are the most substantially built and neatest.

Our Harness, (*plain and silver mounted*), are complete in every respect and warranted to be of the very best material and workmanship.

Our upper leather Draft Collars, CAN NOT BE BEAT. They are the best FITTING and most durable.

Our Heavy Draft Harness, are made to order, as cheap as they can be made anywhere and in the most substantial manner.

Riding Bridles, Whips, Lashes, Draft Lines, Halters, Nets and everything in the line. None better or cheaper.

Our prices have been reduced to the lowest living standard.

A liberal percentage off for cash, on all bills amounting to [illegible]

We work nothing but the best of stock, and will warrant every article to be what it is represented.

Thankful for past favors we invite attention to our present stock.

Give us a call and examine prices and qualities.

Jan. 29, 1868.—tf D. McCREARY & SON.

Groceries.

JOHN HENDRICKS. HIRAM WARREN.

RECONSTRUCTION.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY

GROCERIES

cheap, come to our store in East York street where everything in our line will be sold at a short profit.

Everything kept in a first class grocery, will be found there, also

CONFECTIONS AND NOTIONS,

TOBACCO AND SEGARS,

Produce taken in exchange for goods, cash paid for old meat.

☞Farmers come and see

THE WONDER OF THE AGE,

Warren's Electric Churn,

which makes one-fourth more butter than any other Churn (out of the same cream.) We keep them for sale and will be pleased to show them. Don't forget the place.

HENDRICKS & WARREN.

Gettysburg, Sept. 18, 1867.—tf

BARGAINS

at the new

GROCERY

IN GETTYSBURG.

JOHN CRESS & SON

HAVING opened a new Grocery, in Gettysburg, on the north-west corner of the Public Square, have just received a splendid assortment of FRESH

GROCERIES,

including Sugars, Coffee, Molasses, Syrup, Teas, Spices, Tobacco, Salt, Fish, Hams, Shoulders, &c. Also,

QUEENSWARE, CONFECTIONS,

Nuts, Fruits, Soaps, Fancy Articles and Notions generally. We will also keep on hand FLOUR and FEED-STUFFS.

Having purchased for CASH, we are prepared to sell very cheap. Give us a call and judge for yourselves.

JOHN CRESS,
J. W. CRESS.

Sept. 25, 1867.-tf

NEW ARRANGEMENTS.

HENRY OVERDEER,

On the Hill in Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

HAS made arrangements to get fresh supplies every week from the City and is determined to sell cheap. He invites all to give them a call, his stock consists of Groceries, Notions, Flour, Corn Meal, Choped Feed, Corn, Oats, Fish, Bacon Lard, Cheese, Crackers, Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff, Sugar, Coffees, Teas, Syrup, Molasses, Candles, Coal Oil, Fish Oil Tar, Best Cider, Vinegar, and a great variety of Notions, Candies, &c., &c.

☞The cash or trade will be given for County Produce such as Flour, Corn, Oats, Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, Rags, &c. [May 29, 1867.—tf

NEW GROCERY STORE!

TELL EVERYBODY YOU SEE THAT

GILBERT,

JUST above the Court-House, and opposite the Compiler Office, will sell you everything in the GROCERY AND PROVISION Line cheaper than you can get it elsewhere.

Sugars, Coffees, Molasses,

Candles, Coal Oil, Syrups, Brooms,

Buckets, Tubs, Tobacco, Cigars,

Notions of all kinds, HAM, FISH, OYSTERS, VEGETABLES, always on hand. Give me a call, as I am determined to accommodate. BUTTER, EGGS, and all kinds of Country Produce taken, for which the highest cash price will be given. Don't forget the place—two doors above the Court-House. Don't pass without calling, as I solicit your patronage.

May 29.—tf

New Grocery & Flour Store.

MEALS & BROTHER,

HAVING opened a Grocery, Flour and Vegetable Store, in the Room formerly occupied by Geo. Little, on West Middle street, they extend an invitation to all buyers to give them a call.—Everything in their line, fresh from the city and country, will be kept on hand. They are determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest, and as they only ask the lowest living profits, they hope to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage. MEALS & BRO.

May 29, 1866.

Grocery and Liquor Store!

A large assortment of fine

GROCERIES,

Teas, Coffees, White Sugars of all kinds, and Brown Sugars, cheap, prime new crop Orleans Molasses, and all grades of Syrups; MESS MACKEREL, best in market.—All kinds of

LIQUORS,

wholesale and retail, prime Wine, Brandy, Rye Whisky &c., for medicinal and other purposes, in any quantity.

☞B. Mishler's Herb Bitters, and the "Great Zingari Bitters." WM. J. MARTIN,

May 29, 1867.-tf Baltimore st, Gettysburg

WM. BOYER & SON,

DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, NOTIONS,

TOBACCOS,

ALSO,

Stone, Wooden and Willow Ware.

☞A general assortment of all Goods usually kept in a FAMILY GROCERY.

Dec. 4, 1867.-tf

Livery Stables.

GETTYSBURG LIVERY,

SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.

THE Proprietor of these Stables, feeling thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore received, begs leave to inform the public that he continues the LIVERY BUSINESS at his old stand on Washington street, Gettysburg, near the Railroad, where he is prepared at all times to accommodate persons with anything in his line.

HORSES, COACHES, BUGGIES, &c., furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms, and competent drivers sent along if desired. Persons will be conveyed to other towns, or to any place in the country. His stock and Coaches are of the first class, and no pains will be spared to make passengers comfortable. He is prepared at all times to furnish coaches for funerals; and also to parties desiring to go over the Battle Field or to visit the Springs.

ALSO—HORSES AND MULES will be bought and sold at all times. Persons desiring to purchase stock will find it to their advantage to call on the undersigned, as his stock is warranted to be as represented or no sale. He has a fine lot of Horses and Mules at present on hand which will be sold on reasonable terms. They are sound and free from disease, and are guaranteed to work as represented. Persons will find it to their advantage to call at the old stand before hiring or purchasing elsewhere.

May 29, 1867.—tf NICHOLAS WEAVER.

THE EAGLE LIVERY,

SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.

Washington Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

ADJOINING THE EAGLE HOTEL.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has opened a new LIVERY, SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLE in this place, and is prepared to offer superior accommodations in this line. He has provided himself with Buggies, Carriages, Hacks, Light Wagons, &c., of the latest styles, sufficient to meet the public demand. His horses are all good, without spot or blemish, and perfectly reliable—none of your "old cripples," but all of the "2.40" order. Riding parties can always be accommodated and comfortable equipments furnished.

Parties, large or small, can get just what they want on the most accommodating terms.

Visitors to the Battle-field politely attended to, and reliable drivers furnished if desired.

Parties conveyed to and from the Depot upon the arrival and departure of every train.

Horses bought, sold, or exchanged, and always a chance for bargains given. Our motto is "fair play and no gouging."

☞Particular attention paid to furnishing Vehicles and Hacks for Funerals.

☞We flatter ourselves that by charging moderately and by furnishing superior accommodations, we cannot fail to please every one who patronizes our establishment.

T. T. TATE.

May 29, 1867.—

The Farmer and Housekeeper.

[For the "Star and Sentinel."]

IMPROVED STOCK.

A recent number of the "Star and Sentinel" contains a communication over the signature of "A Farmer," suggesting the propriety of stocking the poor-house farm with improved stock for the benefit of the county. The writer thinks an unusual interest is felt at present upon this subject, which, if it be the case, must be hailed with pleasure by every thinking farmer of the county. The expediency of placing the matter in the hands of the Directors of the Poor may, however, well be questioned: subject as these directors are, to the fickle changes of party politics—elected as they often are, without any reference to their ability, but simply to their availability—ignorant, as many of them are, not only of all improved stock, but of the principles which govern all stock breeding, it becomes a matter of serious doubt, whether they are the men to undertake this matter with a reasonable prospect of success.

There are, however, other plans adopted in different sections of the country for the improvement of stock, which have met with success and the adoption of which deserves consideration here. One, most generally adopted, is for the agricultural societies to take the matter in hand. The agricultural society of a county could very easily undertake the purchase of "thorough bred" horses and cattle, and hire out their services to the farmers, so as not only to be a great benefit to the county, but also pecuniarily profitable to itself. The neighboring county of Cumberland adopted this plan with success, in so far as improving their horse stock is concerned; as to the profit I have never heard any statement. A competent person, however, informed me that the colts bred from a stallion introduced there by the society from Kentucky, were "highly prized," and the most profitable animal I ever raised was a colt sired by this horse; notwithstanding the fact that I paid twenty dollars for his services. It can easily be seen that if the society purchase a horse and hire him out at twenty dollars a mare, and that horse get from thirty to forty colts in a season, it will yield quite a remunerative income. The Agricultural Society of Massachusetts has for some time been engaged in the importation of good stock for the benefit of their State. It has imported heavy draft stallions of the "Norman" and "Clydesdale" order, and Alderney cattle, with much benefit to the farmers of the State.

If, however, the Agricultural Society, for lack of funds or any other reason, is unable to undertake this enterprise, then a joint stock company might be formed by the farmers for this purpose. By making the value of the shares of stock so low as to be in the reach of almost every one, a sufficient fund could easily be raised for the purchase of at least one first class horse, whose services might then be confined to the share owners or not, as might seem desirable on trial. After the matter had once been tested, the operations of the company might be extended either to the purchase of other horses or cattle as might seem prudent. In any event if the project is to succeed, it must be placed under the management of the men who are to be benefited by it, and are therefore interested in its success.

Another question presents itself in connection with this matter, which requires thought. That is, How and where begin the improvement? Obviously with the most valuable stock first, which is the horses. But what horses are to be looked to for the best results? On this point, doubtless, opinions will differ. All however will agree that the horses of this county are susceptible of great improvement, and, after all that may be said about the fancy horses of the day, there is no animal in this line it pays the farmer so well to raise as good-sized, active family horses. Every buyer that comes to you to buy a horse wants one that can "work anywhere," in the carriage or the cart, and what everybody wants, everybody should seek to supply. Now there is no horse which so uniformly stamps his qualities on his offspring as the "Thoroughbred" horse of England, tracing his origin back, as he does, for centuries, through the "Darby" and "Godolphin" Arabian to his ancestors of the Desert, he has become so emphatically thoroughbred, as to stand far above all other animals as a distinct breed. Their want of sufficient size is often an objection. This has been overcome to a great extent by the breeders of Kentucky. The climate and pasture of that State is so well adapted to the growth of all animals, that the "Blooded" horse has here attained a size and muscular development superior to what he possessed in his native land. A horse of this kind, brought here from Kentucky or elsewhere, would be the very best animal to cross with our coarse, ill-bred mares. The offspring might then naturally be expected to possess the size desirable, and also much of the sprightliness, hardihood and docility of the sire.

The object, furthermore, to be desired, would be to raise a class of mares, which would lay the foundation for further improvement. The Society of Massachusetts, as well as the stock companies of Ohio, are now introducing the heavy Clydesdale stallions of England and the heavy French breeds. These horses weigh from 1,400 to 1,700, and when crossed with sprightly mares of good blood and size produce a horse weighing from 1,100 to 1,400 lbs.—just the kind of horse everybody wants, possessing the strength, speed and endurance of the "Percheron" horses of France, so much praised by all travellers. If mares of the kind specified could be raised here, and when raised, would then be "stinted" to the stallions named, a kind of horses could be raised, which, in ten years, would double the value of this stock in the county. In view of these facts, it seems unwise to delay the beginning of it a day longer than necessary. Let there be a definite plan settled upon in the start, and let it be placed in the hands of prudent, thinking men, instead of the "fancy" racing men of the age, who are more successful in breaking down than in building up the horses of the day. I hope other "Farmers" will give their views on this subject.

D. P. F.

How to Build a Corn-crib.—It is asked how to build a rat-proof corn-crib. I have one that has stood for over twenty years, and has never had a rat, and but one mouse in it to my knowledge. Posts ten or eleven feet long and eight inches square; mortice two feet from one end; for side and end sills, two inch mortice with tusk. Taper post from sill to the end by hewing off inside until the end is reduced to four inches diameter, make smooth with draw-knife, and nail on tin smooth, half way to end, below the sill. Let sills be eight inches square; also, end tie them and the rafter plates strong with moderate inner ties. Brace well and lath up and down with three-quarter inch lath; dovetail or countersink joists crosswise; lay the floor and board up the ends with ungrooved boards; let each bent be twelve feet long, six feet wide at the sill, and seven and a half feet at plate, with one and a half feet floor, and if full to peak, it will hold two hundred and fifty bushels.

I never had an ear to hurt on account of the great width. If preferred, lay the floor with lath or narrow boards, with room for ventilation. Each post should stand on stone, about three inches from the ground, and each stone have a foundation two feet square, and below the frost.—*Correspondent American Institute Farmer's Club.*

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

FAHNESTOCK BROS.

have just received their

NEW FALL STOCK,

the largest in the county—consisting of

DRY GOODS,

MERINOES,

POPLINS,

MUSLINS,

ALPACAS,

GINGHAMS,

FLANNELS

DELAINES,

CALICOES,

&c., &c., &c.,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, JEANS,

in every variety.

CARPETS, a large stock and very cheap.

SHAWLS, all kinds and prices.

BLANKETS, very cheap.

QUEENSWARE, the largest stock in the county and very cheap.

HARDWARE and Saddlery, in all its branches, at the lowest market rates.

GROCERIES, of all kinds.

IRON AND NAILS,

OILS AND PAINTS.

Will sell GOODS at prices DEFYING COMPETITION. Give us a call and examine our stock.

SIGN OF THE RED FRONT.

Oct. 2, 1867.—tf

J. L. SCHICK

HAS JUST RECEIVED

A SPLENDID STOCK OF

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

MERINOES,

POPLAINS,

WOOL DELAINES,

ALPACAS,

COBURGS,

and PLAIN and FANCY GOOODS of all kinds, which he is selling CHEAPER THAN EVER. Call at

S. W. Corner of Public Square,

Gettysburg, Pa.

Sept. 25, 1867.—tf

FRESH ARRIVAL

OF

DRY GOODS

FOR

FALL & WINTER WEAR

AT THE STORE OF

A. SCOTT & SON,

THEIR STOCK CONSISTS OF

MERINOS, all styles.

DELAINES, all styles.

CALICOES, all styes.

MUSLINS, all grades.

Cloths and Cassimeres of all styles and quality. Persons wanting good Goods and fair bargains should go to

A. SCOTT & SON,

Chambersburg street, 2d Square, Gettysburg, Pa.

Oct. 9, 1867.

DO YOU WANT

CHEAP AND GOOD

Fall and Winter Goods?

"YES!" EVERYBODY ANSWERS.

THEN GO TO THE NEW STORE OF

REBERT & ELLIOTT,

Opposite the Court-House, Gettysburg.

DO YOU WANT cheap and good Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Jeans, Cords, Vestings, Gloves, Suspenders, Neck-ties, or anything else in the gentlemen's wear line?

Go to REBERT & ELLIOTT'S.

DO YOU WANT cheap and good Silks, Alpacas, Delaines, Ginghams, Calicoes, Gloves, Hosiery, Hoop Skirts, Corsets, or anything else desired for ladies' wear?

Go to REBERT & ELLIOTT'S

DO YOU WANT cheap and good Muslins, Sheetings, Tickings, Carpeting, Queensware, Umbrellas, Window Shades, or anything else of the kind?

Go to REBERT & ELLIOTT'S.

DO YOU WANT cheap and good Furs? You will find a splendid assortment

At REBERT & ELLIOTT'S.

Who are now selling goods at prices that must astonish.

To be convinced, call and see for yourselves.

Nov. 20, 1867.—tf

ORNAMENTAL TOYS.

JOHN M. WARNER

HAS just received from Philadelphia the largest best and cheapest assortment of

ALBUMS

ORNAMENTAL TOYS,

TOILET SETS,

FANCY CARD DE VISITES,

FRUITS, CONFECTIONS,

AND NOTIONS OF ALL KINDS,

ever opened in Gettysburg. Call at his store on Baltimore st. opposite Fahnestocks' Store. [Sept. 18, 1867.—tf

---

New Fall & Winter Goods,

E. HITESHEW

is now receiving a large stock of

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

GROCERIES,

QUEENSWARE,

HARDWARE,

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS.

I call the attention of my customers and the community to my large stock of goods, [illegible] lower rates than they have been [illegible] prices which cannot fail to strike [illegible] [illegible] as any in the trade. I am also prepared [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] to the lowest [illegible] established rule.

Petersburg, (Y. S.,) Oct. 9, 1867.—1y E. HITESHEW.

Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

SPECIAL NOTICE

To All Whom it May Concern!

KNOW YE

THAT

DUPHORN & HOFFMAN

HAVE again been to the cities and bought at low prices a full line of Goods, and will sell

MERINOES, 85 cts. to $1 25.

ALPACAS, 50 cts. to $1 25.

DELAINES, 20 cts. to $1 00.

PRINTS, best, 12½ cents.

MUSLINS, 7 to 25 cents.

CLOTHS, $1 25 to $10.

CASSIMERES, 75 cts. to $3 50.

BLANKETS, $2 50 to $9 pair.

SHAWLS, $1 25 to $11.

FURS, all prices.

HOODS, 50 cts. to $2 50.

GLOVES, 10 cts. to $2 00.

HOSIERY, 12½ to 75 cents.

GINGHAMS, 12 cents.

Northwest Corner of Center Square,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Dec. 18, 1867.—tf

LADIES' FANCY FURS!

AT

JOHN FAREIRA'S

Old Established FUR Manufactory,

No. 718 ARCH STREET, above 7th, PHILADELPHIA.

HAVE now in Store of my own Importation and Manufacture, one of the largest and most beautiful selections of

FANCY FURS,

for Ladies' and Children's Wear in the City. Also, a fine assortment of Gent's Fur Gloves and Collars.

I am enabled to dispose of my goods at very reasonable prices, and I would therefore solicit a call from my friends of Adams county and vicinity.

Remember the Name, Number and Street!

JOHN FAREIRA,

No. 718 Arch st., above 7th, south side, Philad'a.

I have no Partner, nor connection with any other Store in Phila'a. [Oct. 2.—4m

Financial.

THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF

GETTYSBURG, PENNA.,

Is agent for the sale of the first Mortgage

Union Pacific Rail Road.

6 PER CENT. GOLD INTEREST BONDS,

at 90 cents on the dollar, payable semi-annually at our counter. All necessary information given.

GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Nov. 27, 1867.—tf

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK.

GOVERNMENT BONDS, of all kinds, BOUGHT and SOLD.

SEVEN-THIRTY BONDS converted into FIVE-TWENTY BONDS without charge.

COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES CASHED.

The HIGHEST PREMIUM paid on GOLD and SILVER.

STOCKS and BONDS, of all kinds, bought for persons without CHARGING COMMISSION.

ORDERS PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

Interest on SPECIAL DEPOSITS advanced 1 per cent., viz:

5 PER CENT. for 1 year,

4 PER CENT. for 6 months,

3 PER CENT. for 3 months.

Persons wishing information in regard to U. S. Bonds, and Stocks of all kinds, are invited to give us a call, and we will give all information cheerfully.

J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Oct 30, 1867.—tf

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF

GETTYSBURG

WILL ALLOW

Interest on SPECIAL DEPOSITS as follows:

5 PER CENT. PER ANNUM FOR 1 YEAR.

4 " " " " 6 MONTHS,

3 " " " " 3 MONTHS.

WILL CONVERT

7-30 NOTES INTO 5-20 BONDS AS USUAL *free of charge;*

CASH COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES AND COUPONS.

Will also purchase or sell STOCKS and BONDS of every kind free of charge as Commission, and will at all times pay the HIGHEST PRICE for

GOLD AND SILVER,

and with pleasure transact all business promptly as heretofore pertaining to a well regulated Bank.

GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.

Gettysburg, Nov. 6 1867—tf

GEO. DUMBOLTON (late of Carson & Co.)

C. C. WIRT. (of Hanover, Pa.)

DUMBOLTON & WIRT,

Corner of Baltimore and St. Paul streets,

BALTIMORE,

BANKERS, BROKERS,

AND DEALERS IN

Government Securities, Gold, Silver, &c.,

HAVE CONSTANTLY FOR SALE,

U. S. 1881 BONDS,

U. S. 5-20 BONDS,

U. S. 7-30 BONDS,

U. S. 10-40 BONDS,

7-30 BONDS of all issues converted into 5-20's upon the most favorable terms.

Special agents for the sale of

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD BONDS, AND

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD BONDS,

bearing six per cent. Interest in gold.

Persons wishing to convert any description of securities, or make or change investments, can have the same promptly executed.

ORDERS BY MAIL OR EXPRESS WILL [illegible]

[illegible]

INTERNAL REVENUE STAMPS for Sale.

Deposits received and interest paid upon balances subject to check at sight. [Dec. 4, 1867.—3m

---

JOB PRINTING,

[illegible]

EXECUTED NEATLY AND CHEAPLY

[illegible]

Watches and Jewelry.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

CALL AT

SOPER & McCARTNEY'S,

NEW JEWELRY STORE,

On York street, opposite the Bank Gettysburg, Penna.

A new and full assortment just received from the City.

SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS!

such as Violins, Guitars, Accordeons, Flutes, Fifes, &c., also the Trimmings, viz: Keys, Strings, Bows, Bridges and every kind of trimming to the Instruments.

Repairing and all kinds of work in our line done promptly and on reasonable terms.

All work warranted to give satisfaction—and all goods sold, warranted to be what they are represented.

Nov. 27, 1867.—tf

ISAAC K. STAUFFER,

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

No. 148 North 2d st., corner of Quarry,

PHILADELPHIA.

An assortment of Watches, Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware constantly on hand.

SUITABLE FOR HOLIDAY PRESENTS!

Repairing of Watches and Jewelry promptly attended to. [Nov. 27, 1867.—1y

---

SEEING IS BELIEVING

AT 704 ARCH STREET.

NEW PRICES! NEW GOODS!

RICH SILVER & SILVER PLATED WARES,

Including every style and description, made expressly for the Winter trade, which for neatness and durability cannot be surpassed at

JOHN BOWMAN'S

Wholesale and Retail Manufacturing Establishment,

704 ARCH STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

Re-plating at short notice.

Dec. 18, 1867. [Aug. 21.—1y

Watches for the Million!

ARRANDALE & CO'S GREAT WATCH CLUB.

EVERYBODY needs a good watch, and wishes to get it at the lowest possible price; a horde of swindlers knowing this have contrived various ingenious devices to get people's money, and then either fail to send a watch, or send one that is worthless as a time-keeper. ARRANDALE & CO. have now perfected arrangements by which, for the small sum of $10, a good and reliable watch may be certainly obtained. They have formed a GREAT WATCH CLUB on the following plan. Certificates containing the numbers of all the watches named in our wholesale list (which is sent to all applicants) are mixed up, enclosed in envelopes, and sold for 25 cents each.—Every certificate is WARRANTED to be for a watch, and as will be seen by reference to the list, none are of less value than Ten Dollars, whilst some are worth $200.—We undertake to send any watch drawn whatever may be its value for $10, and in order that every one may absolutely depend upon getting a first class time-keeper, we guarantee that every purchaser of One Dollar's worth of certificates shall receive at least one for watch No. 533 on our wholesale list, sent post free; which is a first-class patent lever; a handsome and reliable watch, in sterling silver hunting case, and usually sold for $40. You will certainly get such a watch; and, besides, you may get a Gold Chronometer worth $300. We sell the certificates as follows: One for 25 cents; Three for 50 cents; Six for $1; and Twenty for $3. To those sending $1, we will send a handsome chain gratis. To those sending $3, we will send a gold chain warranted not to tarnish in 20 years.—Parties getting up larger clubs will receive liberal presents, particulars of which may be learned on application. As it is our intention to do a strictly honorable business, and to insure our customers from liability to loss, we will send our watches, if desired, without money, instructing the Express agent to collect only on delivery. If we are desired to forward watches by mail, the money must be sent us by Bank Draft or Post Office Order, and it will then be at our risk. We will then register the package at our post office, and if lost will re-place it free of charge. If any watch sent is not approved, it may be returned and the money will be refunded. The reputation of our firm, which has been established for five years, and is well known in every part of the country, we trust will be deemed a sufficient guarantee that we will faithfully perform all we contract to do. Address

ARRANDALE & CO.,

162 Broadway, New York,

Post Office Box, 5,285.

E. H. MINNIGH, Chambersburg street, Agent for Gettysburg.

Dec. 25, 1867.—3m

JOHN BOWMAN,

No. 704 Arch Street,

PHILADELPHIA,

Manufacturer and Dealer in

SILVER AND PLATED WARE,

Our Goods are decidedly the cheapest in the City

TRIPLE PLATE, A No. 1.

Mar. 14. 1867.—1y

Stoves, Tinware, &c.

TIN-WARE AND STOVES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF TIN-WARE IN THE COUNTY,

AT

S. G. COOK'S,

(Formerly Andrew Polley's); also some of

THE BEST COOKING-STOVES IN THE MARKET,

among which are the

OLD DOMINION,

COMPROMISE,

PENNSYLVANIA,

NOBLE COOK,

ECONOMIST,

BARLEY SHEAF, &c.

Also, many other articles for kitchen use, which will be sold as low as at any other place in the county.

April 12, 1866. S. G. COOK.

Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

HARDWARE

AND GROCERIES

THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

Carpenter's Tools

Blacksmith's Tools

Coach Findings

Shoe Findings,

Cabinet Maker's Tools

Housekeeper's Fixtures

All kinds of Iron &c

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,

Oils, Paints &c., &c. There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above, but what can be had at this Store. Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any other house out of the city.

JOEL B. DANNER

DAVID ZIEGLER.

May 29 1867

Cabinet Making.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE undersigned take this method of informing the public that they still carry on the

Cabinet-making Business,

in all its varied branches, and that they now have on hand a large assortment of

BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS,

Tables, Corner Cupboards, Safes, Sinks, Stands, Dressing Bureaus, Chairs, of different kinds; in short every thing in the Cabinet-making line.

ALSO, READY-MADE COFFINS, AND COFFINS MADE TO ORDER.

All of which will be finished promptly, at the old stand on South Baltimore street, opposite Winebrenner's Tannery. [illegible] [illegible] call and buy from us, as we are determined to sell low [illegible]

[illegible]

Dec. 18, 1867.—3m

FURNITURE.

SHEAFFER & BECKER,

PETERSBURG, (Y. S.,) PENNA.,

Are prepared to offer to the Public, anything in their line as cheap as can be had in the county.

All Purchasers will do well to call and examine our [illegible] before buying elsewhere.

FURNITURE

made to order. Repairing done neat, cheap and with dispatch. [illegible]

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS, [illegible]

[illegible] [Jan. 29, 1868.

Photograph Galleries.

REMOVAL!

THE GETTYSBURG SKYLIGHT GALLERY.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally that he has removed from his old rooms on West Middle street, to Baltimore street and nearly opposite the store of Fahnestock Brothers. The room he now occupies, has been recently fitted up expressly for his business. The location is an admirable one, enabling him to take pictures in all shades of weather, and with a correctness unequalled any where else.

LIFE-LIKE PHOTOGRAPHS,

of every size and description, executed in the finest style particular attention given to the CARTE DE VISITE, and in copying AMBROTYPES and DAGUERREOTYPES of deceased friends. Also—

THE GETTYSBURG GEMS,

a new style of picture which has become very popular with the public, not only for their beauty, but for cheapness and convenience. SIXTEEN for ONE DOLLAR, &c. Also—THE PORCELAIN PICTURES, which for their beauty and durability are unsurpassed.

We are prepared to carry on the business in all its various branches, and having had considerable experience we run no risk in

GUARANTEEING PERFECT SATISFACTION.

Call and examine our Specimens and judge for yourselves.

June 21, 1866. LEVI MUMPER.

WE are always glad to see our friends at the Excelsior Gallery, it still stands in the same old place opposite the Bank on York st., Gettysburg, Pa. C. J. TYSON.

PHOTO MINIATURES the Excelsior Gallery are superb and are furnished at one-third city prices. Call and examine specimens. C. J. TYSON.

EXCELSIOR is our motto. To please our aim! and to render satisfaction in every instance our determination. C. J. TYSON.

CONSTANTLY on hand an assortment of fine Frames, Photograph Albums, Cards and Baskets for grasses, from the Battle-field, Photographs of our Generals, and other distinguished individuals, at the Excelsior Gallery. C. J. TYSON.

THE best Photographs made in this County are made at the Excelsior Gallery, Gettysburg, opposite the old Bank. C. J. TYSON.

BY all means have your Photographs made at the Excelsior Gallery if you desire them perfect. C. J. TYSON.

LARGE VIEWS of the Battle-field, singly or in sets, very low; also Stereoscopic Views of the Battle-field, at the Excelsior Gallery. Do not fail to see them. C. J. TYSON.

FRAMES OF EVERY KIND, for Large Pictures, Marriage Certificates, Church Certificates, Missionary Certificates, &c., very cheap at S. G. SHEAFFER'S New Gallery, Hanover, Pa.

June 5, 1867.—1y

Books, Drugs, Medicines, &c.

DR. R. HORNER,

PHYSICIAN AND DRUGGIST,

Office and Drug Store, CHAMBERSBURG STREET, GETTYSBURG.

Medical advice without charge.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PATENT MEDICINES, STATIONERY, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, BRUSHES, TOILET ARTICLES, DYE STUFFS, SPICES, BAKING SODA, CREAM OF TARTAR, LAMPS, COAL OIL, &C., &C.

PURE LIQUORS for medicinal purposes.

Dr. R. Horner's OLIEN, a reliable remedy for chapped hands, rough skin, &c.

All articles warranted pure and genuine.

Jan. 8, 1868.—tf

Drugs and Medicines.

FORNEY'S OLD STAND.

THE undersigned having taken charge of this old and popular Store, takes pleasure in informing the public that he is constantly receiving fresh supplies of all kinds of DRUGS AND MEDICINES, from the most reliable houses, and is prepared to accommodate his customers with any article in his line.

FRESH DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

of every description, all the popular PATENT MEDICINES of the day, with a full supply of chemicals. Perfumery, Paints, Dye Stuffs, Varnishes, Fluids, Turpentine, Hair Oils, Extracts, Soaps, Brushes, together with a great variety of Fancy articles—in short, everything usually found in a first class Drug Store—constantly on hand.

Physicians supplied at reasonable rates, and prescriptions carefully compounded and prepared at all hours of the day and night—Sunday not excepted. Being determined to sell cheap, he would ask a liberal share of public patronage. Give us a call and see for yourselves.

May 29, 1867. JOHN S FORNEY.

Coal, Lumber, Lime, &c.

GETTYSBURG LIME KILNS.

THE undersigned has bought out his former partner, Wm. Guinn, and now continues the

THE LIME-BURNING BUSINESS

himself—at the Gettysburg Lime Kilns; on the corner of the Railroad and North Stratton street. Thankful for past patronage, he will endeavor to deserve its continuance, by prosecuting the business as vigorously and on as large a scale as possible—always selling a good article and giving good measure. Farmers and others may look for the prompt filling of orders.

He also continues the

COAL BUSINESS,

offering the most popular kinds. House-keepers and others should give him a call. Blacksmith Coal constantly on hand.

Lime and Coal delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.

Gettysburg, Nov. 20, 1867.—tf JACOB REILEY.

LIME FOR SALE

AT

Michael Leer's Old Stand

AT

PETERSBURG, Y. S. ADAMS COUNTY, PENNA.

JOHN AND PETER BECKMAN

WOULD respectfully announce to the public that they are now prepared to furnish lime in any quantity. Persons would do well to give them a call before going elsewhere as they will find them accommodating in every respect.

Nov 20, 1867—6m

NEW LUMBER YARD.

THE undersigned has opened a LUMBER YARD, on the Railroad, Near Guinn & Reilly's Lime Kilns, Gettysburg and asks the public to give him a call. His assortment is one of the best ever offered here, and his prices afford only the smallest living profit. He has WHITE PINE PLANK, inch and half BOARDS, FLOORING, PALINGS, &c., &c., and is constantly adding to his stock. Come and examine for yourselves.

A supply of Shingles, at low prices, always on hand

Nov. 1, 1866.—tf JACOB SHEADS.

SHINGLES.—Prime Shingles, the best in the market, for sale at JACOB SHEADS'S new Lumber Yard, on the Railroad, adjoining the Lime Kilns, Gettysburg. [Nov. 1866.—tf

Millinery.

Millinery & Mantua Making.

BARBARA RETTER AND REBECCA A. FINK

HAVE started the Millinery and Mantua-making trades, in Chambersburg street, in the rear of Fink's Store, and invite the ladies of town and country to give them a call. No effort will be spared to render satisfaction in every case. Plain Sewing and Stitching also done.

[Gettysburg, Nov. 13, 1867.—3m

Mantua Making & Stamping

Mary M. Van Ovedal & Miss Wilson

HAVING commenced the Mantua Making business respectfully request their friends and the public generally to give them a call. No effort will be spared to render satisfaction in every case.

PLAIN STICHING & SEWING

done to order. Our place of business will be found in the rooms formerly occupied by Miss Mackley, on York street nearly opposite the Lutheran Church.

Dec. 18.—3m

Bakery.

NEW BAKERY.

NEWPORT & ZIEGLER

Mechanical Bakery, South Washington street, half square from the Eagle Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa. Constantly on hand, the best of

Bread,

Cracker

Cakes,

Pretzels, &c

Persons wishing fresh Bread will be served every morning by leaving their names and residences at the Bakery. Every effort made to please. GIVE US A CALL!

April 16, 1866.

Miscellaneous.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

DRY GOODS! FANCY GOODS!

JEWELRY & SILVERWARE.

Worth over $2,000,000! All to be sold for ONE DOLLAR EACH.

ARRANDALE & CO.,

162 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

AGENTS FOR EUROPEAN MANUFACTURERS,

Announce, that in consequence of the overstocking of the English market, an immense quantity of DRY and FANCY GOODS have been consigned to them with instructions to be cleared for immediate cash, at any sacrifice. A. & Co., have, therefore, resolved to offer them according to their ordinary system of business at $1 each, without regard to value.

The following list shows the original wholesale prices of some of the articles which they now offer at $1.

[illegible]	from [illegible] to $50 00
[illegible]	[illegible] to 100 00
[illegible]	[illegible] to 80 00
[illegible] Collars	[illegible] to 80 00
[illegible] Dress Patterns	12 00 to 46 00
[illegible]	6 00 to 12 00
[illegible]	8 00 to 10 00
[illegible] and Twills	10 00 to 20 00
[illegible] and Mohair	4 00 to 10 00
Balmoral and [illegible] Skirts	2 00 to 6 00
Silk and Lace Veils	2 00 to 6 00
Sets fine Cuffs and Collars	2 00 to 5 00
Pairs of Ladies' Corsets	2 50 to 6 00
Handkerchiefs, Silk, Plain, Hemstitched and Embroidered Linen Lawn; per dozen	6 00 to 18 00
Ladies and Gents' Cotton, Woolen and Silk Hose and half Hose; per dozen pairs	4 00 to 12 00
Ladies and Gents' Merino, Cotton, Linen and Cotton Shirts and Undershirts; each	2 50 to 6 00
Coat, Vest and Pantaloon Patterns in Cloth, Cassimere, and Doeskin	3 00 to 25 00
Linen and Woolen Table Covers	2 00 to 8 00
White and Colored Linen Napkins, per dozen	6 00 to 12 00
Muslins, White and Unbleached, per yard	15 to 40

Flannels; Shawls in Woolen; Silk and Merino Nubias or Clouds; Woolen Hoods; Blankets; Linen and Muslin Sheets; Velvet and Morocco Portmonaies; Shopping Bags; Wallets; Meerschaum Pipes; Four and Six Blade Pocket Knives, with pearl, tortoise, and ivory handles; French Clocks; Silk and Bronze Musical Boxes; Revolvers; Vowling Pieces; Fancy Combs; Hair Nets; Work Boxes; Silver Card Cases; Albums; Family and Pocket Bibles; Opera Glasses, &c.

We have also received a splendid assortment of

WATCHES,

Gold and Silver Hunting Cases for Gents; Enameled do. for Ladies, together with Chains of every pattern and style.

Sets of Jewelry in every variety: Sleeve Buttons, Thimbles, Lockets; Crosses; Rings of every kind; Bracelets; Gold Pens, &c., &c.

THE SILVERWARE DEPARTMENT COMPRISES Silver, Dining and Tea Sets, Castors, Ice Pitchers, Table Spoons, Forks, Tea Spoons, Goblets, Drinking Cups, Coffee Urns, Tea Pots, Cream Pitchers, Sugar Bowls, Fruit Baskets, Cake Baskets, Card Baskets, Fruit Knives, Syrup Cups, Salvers, Portmonnaies, Pie Knives, Fish Knives, Mustard and Salt Spoons, Napkin Rings, Egg Stands, Wine Holders, Card Cases, &c.

All the above list of articles to be sold for $1 00 each. The expenses are paid by the sale of Coupons or Certificates naming each article in the stock, and its value. these Certificates are enclosed in envelopes, mixed up; and sold at

25 CENTS EACH—5 FOR $1—11 FOR $2.

Whatever article is named in the Certificate can be obtained at ONE DOLLAR.

The article will be shown to the holder of the Certificate, and it will be at his option, whether he pays the dollar and takes the article or not. In case articles sent by mail or express are not satisfactory, they can be returned and the money will be refunded.

Every Certificate entitles the holder to some article of sterling value, worth much more than a dollar. In proof of this

READ THIS OFFER.

You can have for any of our certificates and $1 00, any of the following articles, so that if you are not pleased with the article or articles named on the certificate, you need not lose the 25 cents you paid for it:

One Silver plated three bottle Castor, handsome silver plated Butter Dish with stand and cover, Lady's Shopping Bag, Fine picture Album bound in velvet and gilt, set of Tea Spoons silver plated on white metal, set double plated Table Spoons or Forks, Pants pattern (2¾ yards cassimere), pair Jouvin's Paris Kid Gloves, splendid real Meerschaum Pipe, or solid 16 carat Gold plain Ring.

REFERENCES.

During the four years we have been agents for European manufacturers, we have received hundreds of commendatory notices from the press, and letters from private individuals, expressing the highest satisfaction with our method of doing business. We have many of these testimonials with names and dates printed in pamphlet form, and as we have no space for them in this advertisement, we will send copies free to any address.

Whenever desired, we will send articles by Express, C. O. D. So that the money need only be paid ON DELIVERY OF THE GOODS.

We accept the entire responsibility of money sent by Express, Post Office Order, or Bank Draft.

We want agents EVERYWHERE to whom a liberal compensation will be paid, which can be learned on application.

Take care to write your name and address in a clear, distinct hand, and address

ARRANDALE & CO.,

162 Broadway, New York.

Post Office Box, 5285.

E. H. MINNIGH, Chambersburg str., Agent for Gettysburg.

Dec. 11, 1867.—3m.

BAUGH'S COMMERCIAL MANURES.—We announce to farmers and dealers in Fertilizers, that the following prices have been adopted for the spring season:

BAUGH'S RAW BONE PHOSPHATE.

Price, $56 per 2,000 lbs.

BAUGH'S CHICAGO BONE FERTILIZER.

Price, $46 per 2,000 lbs.

BAUGH'S CHICAGO BLOOD MANURE.

Price, $50 per 2,000 lbs.

This well-known popular trade-mark will be found upon every package of the above manures.

The high estimation in which Baugh's Bone Manures have been held, during fourteen years past, we shall fully sustain in the future. Having now the entire control of the great resources of the city of Chicago, for furnishing Ammonia and Phosphate yielding material, viz:—Bones, Dried Flesh, Blood, &c., we have, in connection with our works in Philadelphia, the largest facilities for furnishing these manures, at the above low prices.

BAUGH & SONS, Philadelphia.

NORTH-WESTERN FERTILIZING CO., Chicago.

JOHN RALSTON & CO. General Agents, New York.

GEORGE W. KIRKE & CO., " " Boston.

GEORGE DUGDALE, Wholesale Agent, Baltimore.

For all information respecting the above Manures, address either of the above houses.

Jan. 15, 1868.—3m

ROBERT D. ARMOR,

GAS FITTER, PLUMBER AND BELL HANGER,

East Middle street, half a square from the Court-house,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

WILL promptly attend to all orders in his line. Work done in the most satisfactory manner, and at prices as low as can possibly be afforded to make a living.

GAS PIPE

furnished, as well as Chandeliers, Brackets, Drop Lights &c.; also WATER PIPE, Stops, [illegible] Front Hydrants, and in short, everything belonging to gas or water fixtures.

Bells hung, and furnished if desired. Locks of all kinds repaired. [Dec. 25, 1867.—tf

---

Patent Gum Scrubber.

THE advantages of the Scrubber over all others is—1st, that it will do the work in one half the time usually employed; 2d, that it requires much less water and does the work much better; 3d, that it will clean and dry the floor at the same time, and save all the labor of wiping up with a cloth; 4th, that it will last a great many years, by occasionally renewing the Gums, which can be done very easily and at little trifling expense.

Scrubbers for sale at the store of H. M. PAXTON on the Mill, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, the undersigned being the duly appointed Agent for Adams county.

H. M. PAXTON.

Gettysburg, Pa., Nov. 18, 1867.

The undersigned having the above Scrubbers in use, do hereby cordially recommend them to the public as fully answering the purpose for which they are intended.

J. L. TATE, DANIEL H. KLINGEL,

ISRAEL YOUNT, J. C. BURNS,

H. D. SCOTT, W. H. MYERS.

Nov. 20, 1867.—3m

GREAT CONOWAGO MILLS.

10,000 BUSHELS OF WHEAT WANTED

The undersigned having remodeled and improved his mills near New Chester, (formerly Bishop's, Walnut Grove) now the "Great Conowago Mills," is prepared to do all kinds of work in the very best manner, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] FLOUR, Corn, Rye, [illegible]

Having a SAW MILL attached, he is prepared to saw all kinds of lumber, at the shortest notice. A farmer in need of lumber and flour, can put a log upon his wagon, throw a few bushels of wheat on the top, have the wheat ground and the log sawed [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

New Chester, April 28th, 1867.—1y.

WAGON MAKING.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he carries on the

WAGON-MAKING BUSINESS

in all its branches, at his Shop, in Cumberland township, about one-half mile from Bream's Mill, on the road leading from said Mill to the Emmittsburg road, and is prepared to execute all orders with promptness.

REPAIRING

OF ALL KINDS ATTENDED TO.

He also manufactures HAND-RAKES, SHAKING FORKS AND BROOM-HANDLES, for wholesale and retail trade.

He hopes, by prompt attention to business, to merit and receive a liberal patronage. Orders addressed to him at Gettysburg, will receive prompt attention.

Aug. 7, 1867.—1y WILLIAM H. HOUCK.

Miscellaneous.

540 MILES

OF THE

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD,

RUNNING WEST FROM OMAHA

ACROSS THE CONTINENT,

ARE NOW COMPLETED.

THE TRACK BEING LAID AND TRAINS RUNNING WITHIN TEN MILES OF THE SUMMIT OF THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

The remaining ten miles will be finished as soon as the weather permits the road-bed to be sufficiently packed to receive the rails. The work continues to be pushed forward in the rock cuttings on the western slope with unabated energy, and a much larger force will be employed during the current year than ever before. The prospect that the whole

GRAND LINE TO THE PACIFIC

WILL BE COMPLETED IN 1870,

was never better. The means so far provided for construction have proved ample, and there is no lack of funds for the most vigorous prosecution of the enterprise. These means are divided into four classes:

1.—UNITED STATES BONDS,

Having thirty years to run, and bearing six per cent. currency interest, at the rate of $16,000 per mile for 517 miles on the Plains; then at the rate of $48,000 per mile for 150, miles through the Rocky Mountains; then at the rate of $32,000 per mile for the remaining distance, for which the United States takes a *second lien* as security. The interest on these Bonds is paid by the United States government, which also pays the Company one-half the amount of its bills in money for transporting its freight troops, mails, &c. The remaining half of these bills is placed to the Company's credit, and forms a sinking fund which may finally discharge the whole amount of this lien.

2.—FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.

By its charter the Company is permitted to issue its own First Mortgage Bonds to the same amount as the bonds issued by the Government, and *no more, and only as the road progresses.* The Trustees for the Bond holders, are the Hon. E. D. Morgan, U. S. Senator from New York, and the Hon. Oakes Ames, Member of the U. S. House of Representatives, who are responsible for the delivery of these Bonds to the Company in accordance with the terms of the law.

3.—THE LAND GRANT.

The Union Pacific Railroad Company has a land grant or absolute *donation* from the Government of 12,800 acres to the mile on the line of the road, which will not be worth less than $1 50 per acre, at the lowest valuation.

4.—THE CAPITAL STOCK.

The authorized capital of the Union Pacific Railroad Company is $100,000,000, of which $8,500,000 have been paid on the work already done.

THE MEANS SUFFICIENT TO BUILD THE ROAD.

Contracts for the entire work of building 914 miles of first class railroad west from Omaha, comprising much of the most difficult mountain work, and embracing every expense except surveying, have been made with responsible parties (who have already finished over 540 miles), at the average rate of sixty-eight thousand and fifty-eight dollars ($68,058) per mile. This price includes all necessary shops for construction and repairs of cars, depots, stations, and all other incidental buildings, and also locomotives, passenger, baggage, and freight cars, and other requisite rolling stock, to an amount that shall not be less than $5,000 per mile. Allowing the cost of the remaining one hundred and eighty-six of the eleven hundred miles assumed to be built by the Union Pacific Company to be $90,000 per mile,

THE TOTAL COST OF ELEVEN HUNDRED MILES WILL BE AS FOLLOWS:

914 miles, at $68,058	$62,205,012
186 miles, at $90,000	16,740,000
Add discount on bonds, surveys, &c.	4,500,000
Amount	$83,445,012

As the U. S. Bonds are equal to money, and the Company's own First Mortgage Bonds have a ready market, we have as the

AVAILABLE CASH RESOURCES FOR BUILDING ELEVEN HUNDRED MILES:

U. S. Bonds	$29,328,000
First Mortgage Bonds	29,328,000
Capital Stock paid in on the work done	8,500,000
Land grant, 14,080,000 acres, $1.50 per acre	21,120,000
Total	$88,276,000

The Company have ample facilities for supplying any deficiency that may arise in means of construction. This may be done wholly or in part by additional subscriptions to capital stock.

EARNINGS OF THE COMPANY.

At present, the profits of the Company are derived only from its local traffic, but this is already much more than sufficient to pay the interest on all the Bonds the Company can issue, if not another mile were built. It is not doubted that when the road is completed the through traffic of the only line connecting the Atlantic and Pacific States will be large beyond precedent, and, as there will be no competition, it can always be done at profitable rates.

It will be noticed that the Union Pacific Railroad is, in fact, a *Government work*, built under the supervision of Government officers, and to a large extent with Government money, and that its bonds are issued under Government direction. It is believed that no similar security is so carefully guarded, and certainly no other is based upon a larger or more valuable property. As the Company's

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

are offered for the present at 95 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR, they are the cheapest security in the market, being more than 15 per cent. lower than U. S. Stocks. They pay

SIX PER CENT. IN GOLD,

or over NINE PER CENT. upon the investment, and have thirty years to run before maturity. Subscriptions will be received in Gettysburg, Pa., by the

FIRST NATIONAL BANK and GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK,

and in New York at the Company's office, No. 20, Nassau street, and by

CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK, No. 7, Nassau st.,

CLARK, DODGE & CO., Bankers, No. 51, Wall st.,

JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers, No. 33, Wall st.,

and by the Company's advertised Agents throughout the United States. Remittances should be made in draft or other funds par in New York, and the Bonds will be sent free of charge by return express. Parties subscribing through local agents, will look to them for their safe delivery.

A NEW PAMPHLET AND MAP, showing the Progress of the Work, Resources for Construction, and Value of Bonds, may be obtained at the Company's Offices or of its advertised agents, or will be sent free on application.

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer,

Jan. 29, 1868. tf New York.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

THE BLUE-COATS,

AND HOW THEY LIVED, FOUGHT AND DIED FOR THE UNION,

with

SCENES & INCIDENTS IN THE GREAT REBELLION.

Comprising Narratives of Personal Adventure, Thrilling Incidents, Daring Exploits, Heroic Deeds, Wonderful Escapes, Life in the Camp, Field and Hospital; Adventures of Spies and Scouts, together with the Songs, Ballads, Anecdotes and Humorous Incidents of the War.

Splendidly Illustrated with over 100 Fine Portraits and Beautiful Engravings.

There is a certain portion of the war that will never go into the regular histories, nor be embodied in romance or poetry, which is a very real part of it, and will, if preserved, convey to succeeding generations a better idea of the spirit of the conflict than many dry reports or careful narratives of events, and this part may be called the gossip, the fun, the pathos of the war. This illustrates the character of the leaders, the humor of the soldiers, the devotion of women, the bravery of men, the pluck of our heroes, the romance and hardships of the service.

The Valiant and Brave Hearted, the Picturesque and Dramatic, the Witty and Marvelous, the Tender and Pathetic, and the whole Panorama of the War are here thrillingly portrayed in a masterly manner, at once historical and romantic, rendering it the most ample, unique, brilliant and readable book that the war has called forth.

Amusement as well as instruction may be found in every page, as graphic detail, brilliant wit, and authentic history, are skillfully interwoven in this work of literary art.

Send for circulars and see our terms, and a full description of the work. Address

JONES BROTHERS & CO.,

Feb. 5.—3t Philadelphia, Pa.

Washing Machines.

THE BEST

WASHING MACHINE

THE undersigned offers for sale, the TOWNSHIP RIGHTS of Adams county, for DE LONG'S PATENT, which is the simplest, cheapest and best Washer that has yet been offered to the public. The Rights will be sold on reasonable terms. This is a fine opportunity for [illegible] to make GOOD WAGES manufacturing or selling these machines. A sample machine will be furnished any person who purchases a Right, if desired, at cost. Call at the store of Duphorn & Hoffman, N. W. cor Square, where the machines may be seen and tried.

FRANK D. DUPHORN.

Gettysburg, June 26, 1867.—tf

Medical.

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE,

Used by Hundreds of Congregations for Church or Communion Purposes.

ALSO,

Excellent for Ladies and Weakly Persons

TO USE.

VINEYARDS, NEW JERSEY.

SPEER'S PORT GRAPE WINE, FOUR YEARS OLD

THIS justly celebrated native Wine is made from the juice of the Oporto Grape, raised in this country.—Its invaluable

TONIC AND STRENGTHENING PROPERTIES

are unsurpassed by any other native Wine. Being the pure juice of the Grape, produced under Mr. Speer's own personal supervision, its purity and genuineness are guaranteed. The youngest child may partake of its generous qualities, and the weakest invalid may use it to advantage. It is particularly beneficial to the aged and debilitated, and suited to the various ailments that afflict the weaker sex. It is, in every respect,

A WINE TO BE RELIED ON.

Invalids use Speer's Port Grape Wine.

Females use Speer's Port Grape Wine.

Weakly persons find a benefit by its use.

Speer's Wines in Hospitals are preferred to other wines.

Sold by Druggists and Grocers.

A. Speer's Vineyard, New Jersey, Office, 243 Broadway New York. [Sept. 4, 1867.—1y

---

DR. L. J. GROVE'S

UNIVERSAL

MAGNETIC SALVE & PLASTER.

This deservedly popular remedy having been greatly improved, is now offered to the citizens of Adams county.

The many thousands who are daily using it, testify to its magical virtues in the early stages of *Consumption, Coughs, local Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Jaw and Tooth Ache, Weakness and Pain in the Back, Side and Kidneys, Cancer, Scrofula, Old Sores, Erysipelas, Fresh Wounds, Burns, Bruises, Sore or Inflamed Breasts, Inverted Toe Nails, Corns, Bunions, &c., &c.*

Its mysterious virtues, and the wonderful cures it has performed, might be published; but the discoverer is willing to rely on its intrinsic merits, in order to introduce it into every family in the country.

Prepared only by the proprietor, 255 E. Lombard St., Baltimore; and sold by A. D. BUEHLER, D. R. HORNER, and J. S. FORNEY, Gettysburg, and by the merchants of the county.

REFERENCES:—Henry Culp, of P., Andrew Schick, John Winebrenner, J. L. Schick.

Merchants can get a supply by calling at J. WINEBRENNER'S, at Wholesale Prices.

July 31, 1867.—1y

YOUNT'S COMPOUND!

FOR THE CURE OF

PUTRID SORE THROAT, INFLUENZA,

or any other Inflammatory or inward disease of the Throat if not of too long standing. Also, SCARLET FEVER. This medicine has been tried in

THOUSANDS OF CASES

in different parts of the country, and has never been known to fail if taken in time and according to directions. It is warranted to cure. Give it a trial and it will speak for itself. Every household should provide themselves with a box of this medicine and keep it on hands. The cures that it has effected are truly marvelous.

Prepared and sold by ISRAEL YOUNT & Co., Gettysburg, Pa., or by their authorized agents. For sale at nearly all the stores in Adams county.

May 29, 1867.—tf ISRAEL YOUNT & CO.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

Is a certain cure for diseases of the

BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, GENERAL DEBILITY,

and all diseases of the

URINARY ORGANS,

whether existing in

MALE OR FEMALE,

from whatever cause originating and no matter of

HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our Flesh and Blood are supported from these sources, and the

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS,

and

that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

Established upwards of 18 years, prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,

504 Broadway, New York, and

104 South 10th st., Philadelphia, Pa.

Feb. 28, 1867.—1y

Carpenters and Contractors.

WM. C. STALLSMITH & SON,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

CARPENTERS & CONTRACTORS,

Are prepared to do all kinds of Carpentering—contracting and erecting buildings of all kinds, Repairing, &c. They keep constantly on hand and manufacture to order,

DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS, SASH, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, CORNICE, DOOR AND WINDOW BRACKETS,

And any other Article in the Building Line.

Seasoned material constantly on hand, experienced workmen always in readiness, and work executed with dispatch.

Orders promptly attended to.

WM C. STALLSMITH,

C. H. STALLSMITH.

Sept. 18, 1867—tf

G. C. CASHMAN. H. H. ROWE.

CARPENTERING.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the public that they have commenced the Carpenting in the Shop formerly occupied by George Schryock, deceased. We are prepared to do any work in our line of business and as reasonable as any other establishment in Gettysburg.

We hope by a strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage.

May 29, 1867.—tf CASHMAN & ROWE.

TO THE BUILDING COMMUNITY.

AND ALL OTHERS

WHO WISH TO IMPROVE.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he still continues the

CARPENTERING BUSINESS

at his old stand, on West street, Gettysburg, and is ready at all times to accommodate those wanting anything done in his line. He is prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best material, and as neatly and cheaply as it can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced Hands always in readiness and work executed with promptness and dispatch.

Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by attention to business to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

May 29, 1867. WM. CHRITZMAN.

Marble Yards.

CANNON'S

MARBLE WORKS

CORNER OF BALTIMORE AND EAST MIDDLE ST., OPPOSITE THE COURT-HOUSE,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF WORK EXECUTED IN THE FINEST STYLE OF THE ART.

May 29, 1867—tf

GETTYSBURG MARBLE YARD.

MEALS & BRO.

In East York Street Gettysburg, Pa. Where they are prepared to furnish all kinds of work in their line,

SUCH AS MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEADSTONES MANTLES, &c., &c.

in the shortest notice, and as cheap as the cheapest.—Give us a call. Produce taken in exchange for work.

Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.